

SAFETY DATA SHEET

INTERCRYL 700 SURF GREY

Section 1. Identification

INTERCRYL 700 SURF GREY

QYF684

: GHS product identifier

: Product code

Professional application of coatings and inks	
Froiessional application of coatings and links	
Uses advised against	Reason
All Other Uses	
nternational Farg AB Holmedalen 3 Aspereds Industriomrade SE-424 22 Angered Sweden	: Supplier's details
Tel: +46 (0) 31 928500 Fax: +46 (0) 31 928530	
+46 8 33 12 31	: Emergency telephone number (with hours of operation)
+966 55 388 0087	: <u>National advisory body/</u> <u>Poison Centre (For use only</u> <u>by licensed medical</u> <u>professionals.)</u>
sdsfellinguk@akzonobel.com	: e-mail address of person responsible for this SDS
Section 2. Hazards identification	
SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1 TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION (Unborn child) - Category 2	: Classification of the substance or mixture
GHS label elements	
	: Hazard pictograms
Warning Variation	: Signal word
May cause an allergic skin reaction. Suspected of damaging the unborn child.	: Hazard statements
Precautionary statements	
Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions nave been read and understood. Wear protective gloves. Wear eye or face protection. Wear protective clothing. Avoid breathing vapour. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace.	: Prevention
F exposed or concerned: Get medical attention. IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water. Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse. If skin rritation or rash occurs: Get medical attention.	: Response
Store locked up.	: Storage

Section 2. Hazards identification

Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.

Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate.

None known.

Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Mixture

Classification	CAS number	% by weight	Ingredient name
Flam. Liq. 4, H227 Acute Tox. 5, H303 Acute Tox. 5, H313 Eye Irrit. 2A, H319	112-34-5	≤3	2-(2-butoxyethoxy)ethanol
Flam. Liq. 4, H227 Eye Irrit. 2A, H319 Repr. 2, H361 (Unborn child)	111-77-3	<1	2-(2-methoxyethoxy)ethanol
Skin Corr. 1B, H314 STOT SE 3, H335 Aquatic Acute 1, H400	1336-21-6	<0.25	ammonia
Acute Tox. 3, H301	55965-84-9	<0.06	reaction mass of: 5-chloro-2-methyl- 4-isothiazolin-3-one [EC no. 247-500-7] and 2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one [EC no. 220-239-6] (3:1)
Acute Tox. 3, H311 Acute Tox. 3, H331 Skin Corr. 1B, H314 Skin Sens. 1, H317 Aquatic Acute 1, H400 Aquatic Chronic 1, H410			

There are no ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

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Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

Section 4. First aid measures

Description of necessary first aid measures

Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower : **Eye contact** eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention if irritation occurs.

Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

Wash with plenty of soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. : Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention. In the event of any complaints or symptoms, avoid further exposure. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.

X.International.

: Disposal

: Supplemental label elements

: Other hazards which do not result in classification

______ : Substance/mixture



: Skin contact

: Inhalation

Section 4. First aid measures

Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Get medical attention. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

Potential acute health effects

No known significant effects or critical hazards.	:	Eye contact
No known significant effects or critical hazards.	:	Inhalation
May cause an allergic skin reaction.	:	Skin contact
No known significant effects or critical hazards.	:	Ingestion
Over-exposure signs/symptoms		
No specific data.	:	Eye contact
Adverse symptoms may include the following: reduced foetal weight increase in foetal deaths skeletal malformations	:	Inhalation
Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness reduced foetal weight increase in foetal deaths skeletal malformations	:	Skin contact
Adverse symptoms may include the following: reduced foetal weight increase in foetal deaths skeletal malformations	:	Ingestion
Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if nee	cess	sary

Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.	: Notes to physician
No specific treatment.	: Specific treatments
No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.	: Protection of first-aiders

See toxicological information (Section 11)

Section 5. Firefighting measures

Extinguishing media

Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire.

None known.

In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst.

- : Suitable extinguishing media
- : Unsuitable extinguishing media
- : Specific hazards arising from the chemical







Section 5. Firefighting measures

Section 5. Firengilling measures	
Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide carbon monoxide sulfur oxides metal oxide/oxides	: Hazardous thermal decomposition products
Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training.	: Special protective actions for fire-fighters
Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.	: Special protective equipment for fire-fighters
Section 6. Accidental release measures	
Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures	
No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilt material. Avoid breathing vapour or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.	: For non-emergency personnel
If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".	: For emergency responders
Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).	: Environmental precautions
Methods and material for containment and cleaning up	
Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.	: Small spill
Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Approach the release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilt product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.	: Large spill

Section 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Avoid exposure during pregnancy. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not ingest. Avoid breathing vapour or mist. If during normal use the material presents a respiratory hazard, use only with adequate ventilation or wear appropriate respirator. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.

: Protective measures

X International

Section 7. Handling and storage

Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

- : Advice on general occupational hygiene
- : Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabelled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

Exposure limits	Ingredient name
ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2015). TWA: 10 ppm 8 hours. Form: Inhalable fraction and vapor	2-(2-butoxyethoxy)ethanol

If user operations generate dust, fumes, gas, vapour or mist, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits.

Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

Individual protection measures

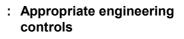
Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before : Hygiene measures eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: safety glasses with side-shields.

Skin protection

Use chemical resistant gloves classified under Standard EN 374: Protective gloves against chemicals and micro-organisms. Recommended: Viton® or Nitrile gloves. When prolonged or frequently repeated contact may occur, a glove with a protection class of 6 (breakthrough time greater than 480 minutes according to EN 374) is recommended. When only brief contact is expected, a glove with a protection class of 2 or higher (breakthrough time greater than 30 minutes according to EN 374) is recommended. The user must check that the final choice of type of glove selected for handling this product is the most appropriate and takes into account the particular conditions of use, as included in the user's risk assessment. NOTICE: The selection of a specific glove for a particular application and duration of use in a workplace should also take into account all relevant workplace factors such as, but not limited to: Other chemicals which may be handled, physical requirements (cut/ puncture protection, dexterity, thermal protection), potential body reactions to glove materials, as well as the instructions/specifications provided by the glove supplier.

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- : Environmental exposure controls
- : Eye/face protection
- : Hand protection

X.International.

: Other skin protection

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Barrier creams may help to protect the exposed areas of the skin but should not be applied once exposure has occurred.

Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task : **Body protection** being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator.

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

Appearance	
Liquid.	: Physical state
Various	: Colour
Ammonia.	: Odour
Not available.	: Odour threshold
9	: pH
Not available.	: Melting point
Lowest known value: 100°C (212°F) (water).	: Boiling point
Closed cup: 101°C (213.8°F)	: Flash point
Not available.	: Evaporation rate
Not available.	: Flammability (solid, gas)
Not available.	: Lower and upper explosive (flammable) limits
Not available.	: Vapour pressure
Not available.	: Vapour density
1.18	: Relative density
Insoluble in the following materials: cold water.	: Solubility
Not available.	: Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water
Not available.	: Auto-ignition temperature
Not available.	: Decomposition temperature
Kinematic (room temperature): 297 mm ² /s (297 cSt)	: Viscosity

Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Version : 3

Date of issue/Date of revision : 30/05/2017	AkzoNobel
Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.	: Hazardous decomposition products
No specific data.	: Incompatible materials
No specific data.	: Conditions to avoid
Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.	: Possibility of hazardous reactions
The product is stable.	: Chemical stability
No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.	: Reactivity

Section 11. Toxicological information

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

Exposure	Dose	Species	Result	Product/ingredient name
- - -	2700 mg/kg 4500 mg/kg 350 mg/kg 53 mg/kg	Rabbit Rat Rat Rat	LD50 Dermal LD50 Oral LD50 Oral LD50 Oral	2-(2-butoxyethoxy)ethanol ammonia reaction mass of: 5-chloro- 2-methyl-4-isothiazolin- 3-one [EC no. 247-500-7] and 2-methyl-2H-isothiazol- 3-one [EC no. 220-239-6] (3: 1)

Irritation/Corrosion

Observation	Exposure	Score	Species	Result	Product/ingredient name
-	24 hours 20 milligrams	-	Rabbit	Eyes - Moderate irritant	2-(2-butoxyethoxy)ethanol
-	20 milligrams	-	Rabbit	Eyes - Severe irritant	
-	24 hours 500 milligrams	-	Rabbit	Eyes - Mild irritant	2-(2-methoxyethoxy)ethanol
-	500 milligrams	-	Rabbit	Eyes - Moderate irritant	
-	250 Micrograms	-	Rabbit	Eyes - Severe irritant	ammonia
-	0.5 minutes 1 milligrams	-	Rabbit	Eyes - Severe irritant	
-	0.01 Percent	-	Human	Skin - Severe irritant	reaction mass of: 5-chloro- 2-methyl-4-isothiazolin- 3-one [EC no. 247-500-7] and 2-methyl-2H-isothiazol- 3-one [EC no. 220-239-6] (3: 1)

Sensitisation

Not available.

Mutagenicity

Not available.

Carcinogenicity

Not available.

Reproductive toxicity

Not available.

Teratogenicity

Not available.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Target organs	Route of exposure	Category	Name
Respiratory tract irritation	Not applicable.	Category 3	ammonia

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Not available.

Aspiration hazard

Not available.

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Section 11. Toxicological information

Not available.	: Information on likely routes of exposure
Potential acute health effects	
No known significant effects or critical hazards.	: Eye contact
No known significant effects or critical hazards.	: Inhalation
May cause an allergic skin reaction.	: Skin contact
No known significant effects or critical hazards.	: Ingestion
Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics	
No specific data.	: Eye contact
Adverse symptoms may include the following:	: Inhalation
reduced foetal weight increase in foetal deaths	
skeletal malformations	
Adverse symptoms may include the following:	: Skin contact
irritation	
redness reduced foetal weight	
increase in foetal deaths	
skeletal malformations	
Adverse symptoms may include the following:	: Ingestion
reduced foetal weight increase in foetal deaths	
skeletal malformations	
Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-	<u>term exposure</u>
<u>Short term exposure</u>	
Not available.	: Potential immediate
	effects
Not available.	: Potential delayed effects
Long term exposure	
Not available.	: Potential immediate
	effects
Not available.	: Potential delayed effects
Potential chronic health effects	
Not available.	
Once sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when subsequently exposed	: General
to very low levels.	
No known significant effects or critical hazards.	: Carcinogenicity
No known significant effects or critical hazards.	: Mutagenicity
Suspected of damaging the unborn child.	: Teratogenicity
No known significant effects or critical hazards.	: Developmental effects
No known significant effects or critical hazards.	: Fertility effects

Numerical measures of toxicity

Acute toxicity estimates

ATE value	Route
423302 mg/kg	Oral
253981.2 mg/kg	Dermal

X.International.



Section 11. Toxicological information

Section 12. Ecological information

<u>Toxicity</u>

Exposure	Species	Result	Product/ingredient name
96 hours	Fish - Lepomis macrochirus	Acute LC50 1300000 µg/l Fresh water	2-(2-butoxyethoxy)ethanol
48 hours			2-(2-methoxyethoxy)ethanol
96 hours	Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss	Acute LC50 960 ppm Fresh water	
96 hours	Fish - Gambusia affinis - Adult	Acute LC50 15000 μg/l Fresh water	ammonia

Persistence and degradability

Not available.

Bioaccumulative potential

Potential	BCF	LogPow	Product/ingredient name
low	-	1	2-(2-butoxyethoxy)ethanol
low	-	-0.47	2-(2-methoxyethoxy)ethanol

<u>Mobility in soil</u>

Not available.

: Soil/water partition coefficient (Koc)

No known significant effects or critical hazards.

: Other adverse effects

: Disposal methods

Section 13. Disposal considerations

The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements.

Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

Section 14. Transport information

ΙΑΤΑ	IMDG	UN	
Not regulated.	Not regulated.	Not regulated.	UN number
-	-	-	UN proper shipping name
-	-	-	Transport hazard class(es)
-	-	-	Packing group

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X.International.

Section 14. Transport information

No.	No.	No.		Environmental hazards
-	-	-		Additional information
Not applicable.			: IMDG group	Code Segregation
-	ser's premises: always transpor Ensure that persons transporting dent or spillage.		-	Il precautions for user
Not available.			to Ann	oort in bulk according ex II of Marpol and C Code
Section 15.	Regulatory informa	tion		
No known specific national and/or regional regulations applicable to this product (including its ingredients).		envir regul	: Safety, health and environmental regulations specific for the product	
Section 16	Other information			

Justification

Justification		Classification	
Calculation method Calculation method	Skin Sens. 1, H317 Repr. 2, H361 (Unbo	rn child)	
History			
30/05/2017		: Date of printing	
30/05/2017		 Date of issue/Date of revision 	
1/06/2016		: Date of previous issue	
3		: Version	
ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate		: Key to abbreviations	
BCF = Bioconcentration Factor		-	
GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classificat	tion and Labelling of Chemicals		
ATA = International Air Transport Association BC = Intermediate Bulk Container			
MDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods			
ogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition			
ARPOL = International Convention for the Preve			
1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpo			
JN = United Nations	. ,		
Not available.		: References	
Indicates information that has changed from p	previously issued version.		
Nation to vendou	-		

Notice to reader

IMPORTANT NOTE: the information contained in this data sheet (as may be amended from time to time) is not intended to be exhaustive and is presented in good faith and believed to be correct as of the date on which it is prepared. It is the user's responsibility to verify that this data sheet is current prior to using the product to which it relates.

Persons using the information must make their own determinations as to the suitability of the relevant product for their purposes prior to use. Where those purposes are other than as specifically recommended in this safety data sheet, then the user uses the product at their own risk.



Section 16. Other information

MANUFACTURER'S DISCLAIMER: the conditions, methods and factors affecting the handling, storage, application, use and disposal of the product are not under the control and knowledge of the manufacturer. Therefore the manufacturer does not assume responsibility for any adverse events which may occur in the handling, storage, application, use, misuse or disposal of the product and, so far as permitted by applicable law, the manufacturer expressly disclaims liability for any and all loss, damages and/or expenses arising out of or in any way connected to the storage, handling, use or disposal of the product. Safe handling, storage, use and disposal are the responsibility of the users. Users must comply with all applicable health and safety laws.

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