In accordance with the Standard for Classification and Labelling of Chemical Substance and Material Safety Data Sheet, Article 10 Paragraph

SAFETY DATA SHEET

INTERLAC 665 NON-SLIP DECK BROWN

Section 1. Chemical product and company identification

A. Product name : INTERLAC 665 NON-SLIP DECK BROWN

Product code : CKZ400

B. <u>Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against</u>

Identified uses		
Professional application of coatings and inks		
Uses advised against	Reason	
All Other Uses		

C. Manufacturer	International Paint Ltd. Stoneygate Lane Felling Gateshead Tyne and Wear NE10 0JY UK Tel: +44 (0)191 469 6111 Fax: +44 (0)191 438 3	711
Emergency telephone number (with hours of operation)	+44 (0)191 469 6111 (24H)	
e-mail address of person responsible for this SDS	sdsfellinguk@akzonobel.com	

Section 2. Hazards identification

A. Hazard classification	 FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3 CARCINOGENICITY - Category 1A SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Narcotic effects) - Category 3 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) (central nervous system (CNS)) - Category 1 LONG-TERM AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 2
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B. GHS label elements, including precautionary statements

Symbol	
Signal word	: Danger
Hazard statements	: Flammable liquid and vapour. May cause cancer. May cause drowsiness or dizziness. Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. (central nervous system (CNS)) Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Precautionary statements



K.International.

Section 2. Hazards identification

Prevention	: Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Use personal protective equipment as required. Wear protective gloves. Wear eye or face protection. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Use explosion-proof electrical, ventilating, lighting and all material-handling equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Keep container tightly closed. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Avoid release to the environment. Do not breathe vapour. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Wash hands thoroughly after handling.
Response	: Collect spillage. Get medical attention if you feel unwell. IF exposed or concerned: Get medical attention. IF INHALED: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Call a POISON CENTER or physician if you feel unwell. IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water or shower.
Storage	: Store locked up. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.
Disposal	: Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.
Supplemental label elements	: Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate.
C. Other hazards which do	: None known.

C. Other hazards which do : None known. not result in classification

Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture

: Mixture

Ingredient name	Common name	CAS number	%	Classification
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrodesulfurized heavy	naphtha (petroleum), hydrodesulfurized heavy	64742-82-1	≥20 - <30	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 STOT SE 3, H336 STOT RE 1, H372 (central nervous system (CNS)) (inhalation) Asp. Tox. 1, H304 Aquatic Chronic 2, H411
Hydrocarbons, C9-C12	Hydrocarbons, C9 -C12	1174921-79-9	≥10 - <20	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 STOT SE 3, H336 STOT RE 1, H372 (central nervous system (CNS)) (inhalation) Asp. Tox. 1, H304 Aquatic Chronic 2, H411
xylene	xylene	1330-20-7	≥1 - <5	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Acute Tox. 4, H312 Acute Tox. 4, H332 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 STOT SE 3, H336

K.International.

Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

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2-butanone oxime	2-butanone oxime	96-29-7	<10	STOT RE 1, H372 Acute Tox. 4, H312
				Eye Dam. 1, H318 Skin Sens. 1, H317 Carc. 2, H351
crystalline silica, respirable powder	Respirable content of crystalline silica in whole product	14808-60-7	<10	Carc. 1A, H350
				STOT RE 1, H372
neodecanoic acid, cobalt salt	neodecanoic acid, cobalt salt	27253-31-2	≥0.1 - <5	Acute Tox. 4, H302
				Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Skin Sono, 1, H217
				Skin Sens. 1, H317 Carc. 2, H351
				Repr. 2, H361 (Fertility) (oral)
				Aquatic Chronic 3, H412

There are no ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

Section 4. First aid measures

Α.	Eye contact :	Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention.
в.	Skin contact :	Flush contaminated skin with plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.
C.	Inhalation :	Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention. If necessary, call a poison center or physician. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.
D.	Ingestion :	Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Get medical attention. If necessary, call a poison center or physician. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.





Section 4. First aid measures

E.	Notes to physician	:	Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.
	Specific treatments	:	No specific treatment.
	Protection of first-aiders	:	No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

Section 5. Firefighting measures

Α.	Extinguishing media		
	Suitable extinguishing media	:	Use dry chemical, CO ₂ , water spray (fog) or foam.
	Unsuitable extinguishing media	:	Do not use water jet.
В.	Specific hazards arising from the chemical	:	Flammable liquid and vapour. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. This material is toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.
	Hazardous thermal decomposition products	:	Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide carbon monoxide metal oxide/oxides
C.	Special protective equipment for fire- fighters	:	Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.
	Special precautions for fire-fighters	:	Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.
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Section 6. Accidental release measures

A. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures
 No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilt material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapour or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.

B. Environmental precautions
 Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities. Collect spillage.

C. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

- Small spill
- : Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.



Section 6. Accidental release measures

Large spill : Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach the release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with noncombustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilt product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

Section 7. Handling and storage

Α.	Precautions for safe hand	lling
	Protective measures	: Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapour or mist. Do not ingest. Avoid release to the environment. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.
	Advice on general occupational hygiene	: Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.
в.	Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities	: Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Vapours are heavier than air and may spread along floors. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabelled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

A. <u>Control parameters</u>

Occupational exposure limits

Ingredient name	Exposure limits
xylene	Ministry of Labor (Republic of Korea, 8/2013).
	STEL: 655 mg/m ³ 15 minutes. STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 435 mg/m ³ 8 hours. TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.
crystalline silica, respirable powder	Ministry of Labor (Republic of Korea, 8/2013). TWA: 0.05 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form: Respirable fraction
neodecanoic acid, cobalt salt	ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2015). TWA: 0.02 mg/m³, (as Co) 8 hours.

5/13

Version 3 :



Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

В.	Appropriate engineering controls	:	Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapour or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.
	Environmental exposure controls	:	Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.
C.	Personal protective equip	m	ent
	Respiratory protection	:	Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator.
	Eye protection	:	Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: safety glasses with side-shields.
	Hand protection	:	Use chemical resistant gloves classified under Standard EN 374: Protective gloves against chemicals and micro-organisms. Recommended: Viton® or Nitrile gloves. When prolonged or frequently repeated contact may occur, a glove with a protection class of 6 (breakthrough time greater than 480 minutes according to EN 374) is recommended. When only brief contact is expected, a glove with a protection class of 2 or higher (breakthrough time greater than 30 minutes according to EN 374) is recommended. The user must check that the final choice of type of glove selected for handling this product is the most appropriate and takes into account the particular conditions of use, as included in the user's risk assessment. NOTICE: The selection of a specific glove for a particular application and duration of use in a workplace should also take into account all relevant workplace factors such as, but not limited to: Other chemicals which may be handled, physical requirements (cut/ puncture protection, dexterity, thermal protection), potential body reactions to glove materials, as well as the instructions/specifications provided by the glove supplier. Barrier creams may help to protect the exposed areas of the skin but should not be applied once exposure has occurred.
	Body protection	:	Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves.
	Hygiene measures	:	Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

A. <u>Appearance</u>	
Physical state	: Liquid.
Colour	: Not available.
B. Odour	: Solvent.
C. Odour threshold	: Not available.
D. pH	: Not applicable.
E. Melting/freezing point	: Not available.





Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

Boiling point/boiling range	:	Lowest known value: >142°C (>287.6°F)(Naphtha (petroleum), hydrodesulfurized heavy).
Flash point	:	Closed cup: 35°C (95°F)
Fire point	1	Not available.
Evaporation rate	:	Not available.
Flammability (solid, gas)	:	Not available.
Lower and upper explosive (flammable) limits	:	Greatest known range: Lower: 1.4% Upper: 7.6% (Naphtha (petroleum), hydrodesulfurized heavy)
Vapour pressure	:	Not available.
Solubility	:	Insoluble in the following materials: cold water.
Vapour density	:	Not available.
Relative density	:	1.02
Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water	:	Not available.
Auto-ignition temperature	:	Not available.
Decomposition temperature	:	Not available.
Viscosity	:	Kinematic (room temperature): 333 mm ² /s (333 cSt)
Molecular weight	:	Not applicable.
	range Flash point Fire point Evaporation rate Flammability (solid, gas) Lower and upper explosive (flammable) limits Vapour pressure Solubility Vapour density Relative density Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water Auto-ignition temperature Decomposition	range Flash point : Fire point : Evaporation rate : Evaporation rate : Flammability (solid, gas) : Lower and upper : explosive (flammable) limits : Vapour pressure : Solubility : Vapour density : Relative density : Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water : Auto-ignition : temperature : Decomposition : temperature : Viscosity :

Section 10. Stability and reactivity

		-	
Α.	Chemical stability	:	The product is stable.
	Possibility of hazardous reactions	:	Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
В.	Conditions to avoid	:	Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Do not pressurise, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind or expose containers to heat or sources of ignition.
C.	Incompatible materials	:	Reactive or incompatible with the following materials: oxidizing materials
D.	Hazardous decomposition products	:	Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

Section 11. Toxicological information

 A. Information on likely routes of exposure
 : Not available.

 Potential acute health effects

 Inhalation
 : Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

 Ingestion
 : Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression.

 Skin contact
 : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

 Eye contact
 : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

 Over-exposure signs/symptoms





Section 11. Toxicological information

Inhalation	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: nausea or vomiting headache drowsiness/fatigue dizziness/vertigo muscle weakness unconsciousness
Ingestion	: No specific data.
Skin contact	: No specific data.
Eye contact	: No specific data.

B. Health hazards

Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
	LD50 Oral	Rat	4300 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Dermal	Rat	1001 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	1098 mg/kg	-

Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
2-butanone oxime	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	100	-
				microliters	

Sensitisation

Not available.

CMR - ISHA Article 42 Public Notice No 2013-38 Occupational Exposure Limits

Product/ingredient name	CAS number	Classification
Silica (Crystalline quartz)	14808-60-7	Carc. 1A

Mutagenicity

Not available.

Carcinogenicity

Not available.

Reproductive toxicity

Not available.

Teratogenicity

Not available.

:

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Name		Route of exposure	Target organs
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrodesulfurized heavy	Category 3	Not applicable.	Narcotic effects
Hydrocarbons, C9-C12	Category 3		Narcotic effects
xylene	Category 3		Narcotic effects

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

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Section 11. Toxicological information

Name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrodesulfurized heavy	Category 1	Inhalation	central nervous system (CNS)
Hydrocarbons, C9-C12	Category 1	Inhalation	central nervous system (CNS)
xylene crystalline silica, respirable powder	Category 1 Category 1	Not determined Not determined	Not determined Not determined

Aspiration hazard

Name	Result
	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

Potential chronic health effects

Chronic toxicity

Not available.

Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
May cause cancer. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of exposure.
No known significant effects or critical hazards.
No known significant effects or critical hazards.
No known significant effects or critical hazards.
No known significant effects or critical hazards.

ATE value

Route	Result
Oral	320742.3 mg/kg
Dermal	82050.4 mg/kg
Inhalation (vapours)	820.5 mg/l

Section 12. Ecological information

A. Ecotoxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
xylene	Acute LC50 8500 µg/l Marine water	Crustaceans - Palaemonetes pugio	48 hours
2-butanone oxime	Acute LC50 13400 µg/l Fresh water Acute LC50 843000 to 914000 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas Fish - Pimephales promelas	96 hours 96 hours

B. Persistence and degradability

Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life	Photolysis	Biodegradability
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrodesulfurized heavy	-	-	Not readily
Hydrocarbons, C9-C12	-	-	Not readily

C. Bioaccumulative potential

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X.International.

Section 12. Ecological information

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Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrodesulfurized heavy	-	10 to 2500	high
Hydrocarbons, C9-C12	-	10 to 2500	high
xylene	3.12	8.1 to 25.9	low
2-butanone oxime	0.63	5.011872336	low
neodecanoic acid, cobalt salt	-	15600	high

D. Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition	: Not available.
coefficient (Koc)	

E. Other adverse effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Section 13. Disposal considerations

Α.	Disposal methods	: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible.
B.	Disposal precautions	: This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapour from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned

thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with

soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Section 14. Transport information UN IMDG IATA A. UN number UN1263 UN1263 UN1263 PAINT **B. UN proper** PAINT. Marine pollutant PAINT (Naphtha (petroleum), shipping name hydrodesulfurized heavy, Hydrocarbons, C9-C12) C. Transport 3 3 3 hazard class(es) **D. Packing group** Ш Ш Ш E. Environmental No. Yes. No. hazards



Section 14. Transport information

	F. Additional - information	The marine pollutant mark is not required when transporte in sizes of ≤5 L or ≤5 kg.	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
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de Segregation : Not applicable. group

Special precautions for user : Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

Section 15. Regulatory information

			-
Α.	Regulation according to I	SH	<u>A</u>
	ISHA article 37 (Harmful substances prohibited from manufacture)	:	None of the components are listed.
	ISHA article 38 (Harmful substances requiring permission)	:	None of the components are listed.
	Article 2 of Youth Protection Act on Substances Hazardous to Youth	:	Not applicable.
	Exposure Limits of Chem	ica	al Substances and Physical Factors
	The following components Xylene crystalline silica, respirable neodecanoic acid, cobalt s	e p	owder
	ISHA Enforcement Regs Annex 11-3 (Exposure standards established for harmful factors)	:	None of the components are listed.
	ISHA Enforcement Regs Annex 11-4 (Harmful factors subject to Work Environment Measurement)	:	The following components are listed: Xylene, o,m,p-isomers
	ISHA Enforcement Regs Annex 12-2 (Harmful Factors Subject to Special Health Check- up)	:	The following components are listed: Xylene
	Standard of Industrial Safety and Health Annex 12 (Hazardous substances subject to control)	:	The following components are listed: Xylene
В.	Regulation according to C	Ch	emicals Control Act
	K-Reach Article 20 (Toxic chemicals)	:	Not applicable
	K-Reach Article 27 (Prohibited)	:	None of the components are listed.

:

Section 15. Regulatory information

Section 16. Other information

Α.	References	:	Not available.
В.	Date of issue/Date of revision	:	02/06/2017
C.	Version	:	3
	Date of printing	:	02/06/2017
D.	Other		

✓ Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Key to abbreviations	 ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate BCF = Bioconcentration Factor GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals IATA = International Air Transport Association IBC = International Air Transport Association IBC = International Maritime Dangerous Goods LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution) UN = United Nations

Notice to reader

IMPORTANT NOTE: the information contained in this data sheet (as may be amended from time to time) is not intended to be exhaustive and is presented in good faith and believed to be correct as of the date on which it is prepared. It is the user's responsibility to verify that this data sheet is current prior to using the product to which it relates.

Persons using the information must make their own determinations as to the suitability of the relevant product for their purposes prior to use. Where those purposes are other than as specifically recommended in this safety data sheet, then the user uses the product at their own risk.

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Section 16. Other information

of or in any way connected to the storage, handling, use or disposal of the product. Safe handling, storage, use and disposal are the responsibility of the users. Users must comply with all applicable health and safety laws.

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