In accordance with the Standard for Classification and Labelling of Chemical Substance and Material Safety Data Sheet, Article 10 Paragraph

# SAFETY DATA SHEET

**Intercryl 559 White** 

### Section 1. Chemical product and company identification

#### A. Product name

: Intercryl 559 White

Product code : WGB000

#### B. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Identified us	es		
Professional application of coatings and inks ndustrial application of coatings and inks			
Uses advised against	Reason		

All Other Uses

C. Manufacturer	: International Paint Ltd. Stoneygate Lane Felling Gateshead Tyne and Wear NE10 0JY UK Tel: +44 (0)191 469 6111	Fax: +44 (0)191 438 3711
Emergency telephone number (with hours of operation)	: +44 (0)191 469 6111 (24H)	
e-mail address of person responsible for this SDS	: sdsfellinguk@akzonobel.com	

### Section 2. Hazards identification

A. Hazard classification : LONG-TERM AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 3

#### B. GHS label elements, including precautionary statements

	Signal word	:	No signal word.
	Hazard statements	:	Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
	Precautionary statements		
	Prevention	:	Avoid release to the environment.
	Response	:	Not applicable.
	Storage	:	Not applicable.
	Disposal	:	Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.
	upplemental label ements	:	Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate.
C.	Other hazards which do not result in classification	:	None known.

1



### Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture

```
: Mixture
```

Ingredient name	Common name	CAS number	%	Classification
Kaolin	kaolin	1332-58-7	≥20 - <30	Not classified.
bronopol (INN)	bronopol (inn)	52-51-7	<1	Acute Tox. 3, H301 Acute Tox. 4, H312 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Dam. 1, H318 STOT SE 3, H335 Aquatic Acute 1, H400 Aquatic Chronic 1, H410

There are no ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

### Section 4. First-aid measures

Α.	Eye contact	:	Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention if irritation occurs.
В.	Skin contact	:	Flush contaminated skin with plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Get medical attention if symptoms occur. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.
C.	Inhalation	:	Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention if adverse health effects persist or are severe. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.
D.	Ingestion	:	Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Get medical attention if adverse health effects persist or are severe. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.
E.	Notes to physician	:	Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.
	Specific treatments	:	No specific treatment.
	Protection of first-aiders	:	No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.



**K**.International.

### Section 4. First-aid measures

See toxicological information (Section 11)

### Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

Α.	Extinguishing media		
	Suitable extinguishing media	:	Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire.
	Unsuitable extinguishing media	:	None known.
В.	Specific hazards arising from the chemical	:	In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst. This material is harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.
	Hazardous thermal decomposition products	:	Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide carbon monoxide metal oxide/oxides
C.	Special protective equipment for fire- fighters	:	Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.
	Special precautions for fire-fighters	:	Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training.

### Section 6. Accidental release measures

Α.	Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilt material. Avoid breathing vapour or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.
B.	Environmental precautions	: Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities.
C.	Methods and material for o	containment and cleaning up
	Small spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.
	Large spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Approach the release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand,

earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilt product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.



### Section 7. Handling and storage

Α.	Precautions for safe handling		
	Protective measures	:	Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Do not ingest. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Avoid breathing vapour or mist. Avoid release to the environment. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.
	Advice on general occupational hygiene	:	Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.
В.	Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities	:	Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabelled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

### Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

#### A. <u>Control parameters</u>

#### **Occupational exposure limits**

Ingredient name	Exposure limits
Kaolin	Ministry of Labor (Republic of Korea, 8/2013).
	TWA: 2 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Form: Respirable fraction

Appropriate engineering controls	:	Good general ventilation should be sufficient to control worker exposure to airborne contaminants.
Environmental exposure controls	:	Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

#### C. Personal protective equipment

Respiratory protection	: Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator.
Eye protection	: Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: safety glasses with side-shields.
Hand protection	: Use chemical resistant gloves classified under Standard EN 374: Protective gloves against chemicals and micro-organisms. Recommended: Viton® or Nitrile gloves. When prolonged or frequently repeated contact may occur, a glove with a protection class of 6 (breakthrough time greater than 480 minutes according to EN 374) is recommended. When only brief contact is expected, a glove with a protection class of 2 or higher (breakthrough time greater than 30 minutes according to EN 374) is recommended. The user must check that the final choice of type of glove selected for handling this product is the most appropriate and takes into account the particular conditions of use, as included in the user's risk assessment. NOTICE:



## X.International.

### Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

	The selection of a specific glove for a particular application and duration of use in a workplace should also take into account all relevant workplace factors such as, but not limited to: Other chemicals which may be handled, physical requirements (cut/ puncture protection, dexterity, thermal protection), potential body reactions to glove materials, as well as the instructions/specifications provided by the glove supplier. Barrier creams may help to protect the exposed areas of the skin but should not be applied once exposure has occurred.
Body protection	<ul> <li>Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.</li> </ul>
Hygiene measures	: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

### Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

Α.	<u>Appearance</u>		
	Physical state	Liquid.	
	Colour	White.	
В.	Odour	Odourless.	
C.	Odour threshold	Not available.	
D.	рН	Not applicable.	
Ε.	Melting/freezing point	Not available.	
F.	Boiling point/boiling range	Lowest known value: 100°C (212°F) (water).	
G.	Flash point	Closed cup: 101°C (213.8°F)	
Н.	Evaporation rate	Not available.	
I.	Flammability (solid, gas)	Not available.	
J.	Lower and upper explosive (flammable) limits	Not available.	
K.	Vapour pressure	Not available.	
L.	Solubility	Not available.	
Μ.	Vapour density	Not available.	
Ν.	Relative density	1.4	
0.	Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water	Not available.	
Ρ.	Auto-ignition temperature	Not available.	
Q.	Decomposition temperature	Not available.	
R.	Viscosity	Kinematic (room temperature): 100 mm <sup>2</sup> /s (100	) cSt)
S.	Molecular weight	Not applicable.	

:

### AkzoNobel

### Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Α.	Chemical stability	:	The product is stable.
	Possibility of hazardous reactions	:	Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
В.	Conditions to avoid	:	No specific data.
C.	Incompatible materials	:	No specific data.
D.	Hazardous decomposition products	:	Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

### Section 11. Toxicological information

Α.	Information on the likely	:	Not available.
	routes of exposure		

### Potential acute health effects

Inhalation	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Ingestion	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Skin contact	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Eye contact	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Over-exposure signs/sym	ptoms
Inhalation	: No specific data.
Ingestion	: No specific data.
Skin contact	: No specific data.
Eye contact	: No specific data.

### B. Health hazards

#### Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
bronopol (INN)	LC50 Inhalation Vapour LD50 Dermal LD50 Oral		800 mg/m³ 64 mg/kg 180 mg/kg	4 hours - -

### Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
bronopol (INN)	Skin - Moderate irritant Skin - Mild irritant	Human Rabbit	-	10 milligrams 24 hours 500 milligrams	-
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	80 milligrams	-

### Sensitisation

Not available.

#### **Mutagenicity**

Not available.

#### **Carcinogenicity**

Not available.

#### Reproductive toxicity

Not available.

### Section 11. Toxicological information

#### **Teratogenicity**

Not available.

#### Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Name		Route of exposure	Target organs
bronopol (INN)	Category 3		Respiratory tract irritation

#### Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Not available.

#### Aspiration hazard

Not available.

#### Potential chronic health effects

#### Chronic toxicity

Not available.

General	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Carcinogenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Mutagenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Teratogenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Developmental effects	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Fertility effects	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

#### ATE value

Rou	te	Result
Oral		142222.2 mg/kg

### Section 12. Ecological information

### A. Ecotoxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure	
bronopol (INN)	Acute EC50 0.02 ppm Fresh water	Algae - Scenedesmus subspicatus	96 hours	
	Acute EC50 1.4 mg/l	Daphnia	48 hours	
	Acute IC50 0.05 mg/l	Algae	72 hours	
	Acute LC50 26 mg/l	Fish	96 hours	
	Acute LC50 11.17 ppm Fresh water Chronic NOEC 1.94 ppm	Fish - Lepomis macrochirus Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss	96 hours 49 days	

#### B. Persistence and degradability

Not available.

#### C. Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient na	ame LogP <sub>ow</sub>	BCF	Potential
bronopol (INN)	0.18	-	low

#### D. Mobility in soil

:

### AkzoNobel

**X**International

### Section 12. Ecological information

Soil/water partition coefficient (Koc)

: Not available.

#### E. Other adverse effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

### Section 13. Disposal considerations

: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. A. Disposal methods Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and nonrecyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible.

### Section 14. Transport information

	UN	IMDG	ΙΑΤΑ			
A. UN number	Not regulated.	Not regulated.	Not regulated.			
B. UN proper shipping name	-	-	-			
C. Transport hazard class(es)	-	-	-			
D. Packing group	-	-	-			
E. Environmental hazards	No.	No.	No.			
F. Additional information	-	-	-			

**IMDG Code Segregation** : Not applicable. group

Special precautions for user : Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

### Section 15. Regulatory information

#### A. <u>Regulation according to ISHA</u> **ISHA Article 37** : None of the components are listed. **ISHA Article 38** : None of the components are listed. Article 2 of Youth : Not applicable. **Protection Act on Substances Hazardous** to Youth Exposure Limits of Chemical Substances and Physical Factors



**B.** Disposal precautions : This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.



### Section 15. Regulatory information

	The following components have an OEL: Kaolin				
	Exposure Standards established for Harmful Factors	:	None of the components are listed.		
	Harmful Factors Subject to Work Environment Measurement	:	The following components are listed: Silicates		
	Harmful Factors Subject to Special Health Check- up	:	None of the components are listed.		
	Hazardous Substances Subject to Control	:	None of the components are listed.		
В.	B. <u>Regulation according to TCCA</u>				
	TCCA Toxic chemicals	:	Not applicable		
	TCCA Observational chemicals	:	None of the components are listed.		
	TCCA Article 32 (Banned)	:	None of the components are listed.		
	TCCA Article 32 (Restricted)	:	None of the components are listed.		
	TCCA Article 17 (TRI)	:	None of the components are listed.		
	Korea inventory	:	Not determined.		
	Accident Precaution chemicals	:	None of the components are listed.		
C.	Dangerous Materials Safety Management Act	:	Not available.		
D.	Wastes regulation		Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.		
Ε.	Regulation according to o	oth	er foreign laws		
	Europe inventory	:	Not determined.		
	United States inventory (TSCA 8b)	:	Not determined.		
	Japan inventory	:	Not determined.		
	Safety, health and environmental regulations specific for the product	:	No known specific national and/or regional regulations applicable to this product (including its ingredients).		

## Section 16. Other information

Α.	References	:	Not available.
В.	Date of issue/Date of revision	:	27/05/2016
C.	Version	:	2
	Date of printing	:	27/05/2016
D.	Other		

**Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.** 



## **X**.International.

### **Section 16. Other information**

Key to abbreviations	: ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate BCF = Bioconcentration Factor
	GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals
	IATA = International Air Transport Association
	IBC = Intermediate Bulk Container
	IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods
	LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient
	MARPOL 73/78 = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From
	Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution) UN = United Nations

#### Notice to reader

IMPORTANT NOTE: the information contained in this data sheet (as may be amended from time to time) is not intended to be exhaustive and is presented in good faith and believed to be correct as of the date on which it is prepared. It is the user's responsibility to verify that this data sheet is current prior to using the product to which it relates.

Persons using the information must make their own determinations as to the suitability of the relevant product for their purposes prior to use. Where those purposes are other than as specifically recommended in this safety data sheet, then the user uses the product at their own risk.

MANUFACTURER'S DISCLAIMER: the conditions, methods and factors affecting the handling, storage, application, use and disposal of the product are not under the control and knowledge of the manufacturer. Therefore the manufacturer does not assume responsibility for any adverse events which may occur in the handling, storage, application, use, misuse or disposal of the product and, so far as permitted by applicable law, the manufacturer expressly disclaims liability for any and all loss, damages and/or expenses arising out of or in any way connected to the storage, handling, use or disposal of the product. Safe handling, storage, use and disposal are the responsibility of the users. Users must comply with all applicable health and safety laws.

Unless we have agreed to the contrary, all products are supplied by us subject to our standard terms and conditions of business, which include limitations of liability. Please make sure to refer to these and / or the relevant agreement which you have with AkzoNobel (or its affiliate, as the case may be). © AkzoNobel

### AkzoNobel