Conforms to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH), Annex II, as amended by Regulation (EU) No. 2015/830. - United Kingdom (UK)

SAFETY DATA SHEET

Intersmooth 7475Si SPC Brown

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/ undertaking

1.1 Product identifier

Product name

: Intersmooth 7475Si SPC Brown

Product code

: BEA844

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Identified uses				
Professional application of coatings and inks				
Uses advised against	Reason			
All Other Uses				

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

	-
International Paint Ltd.	
Stoneygate Lane	
Felling	
Gateshead	
Tyne and Wear	
NE10 0JY UK	
Tel: +44 (0)191 469 6111	Fax: +44 (0)191 438 3711
e-mail address of person responsible for this SDS	: sdsfellinguk@akzonobel.com
National contact	

1.4 Emergency telephone number

National advisory body	Poison Centre (For use only by licensed medical professionals.)	
Telephone number	: +44 (0)344 892 0111 (UK) +353 (0)1 809 2566 (Eire)	
<u>Supplier</u>		
Telephone number	: +44 (0)191 469 6111 (24H)	

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Product definition : Mixture

Classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]

Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Acute Tox. 4, H332 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Dam. 1, H318 Aquatic Acute 1, H400 Aquatic Chronic 1, H410

The product is classified as hazardous according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 as amended.

See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above.

See Section 11 for more detailed information on health effects and symptoms.

2.2 Label elements



SECTION 2: Hazards identification

Hazard pictograms	
Signal word	: Danger
Hazard statements	 Flammable liquid and vapour. Harmful if inhaled. Causes serious eye damage. Causes skin irritation. Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
Precautionary statements	
General	: Not applicable.
Prevention	: Wear protective gloves. Wear eye or face protection. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Avoid release to the environment.
Response	: IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water or shower. IF ON SKIN: Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse. IF IN EYES: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or physician.
Storage	: Keep cool.
Disposal	: Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.
Hazardous ingredients	: dicopper oxide bis(1-hydroxy-1H-pyridine-2-thionato-O,S)copper
Supplemental label elements	: Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate.
Annex XVII - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles	: Not applicable.
Biocidal products regulation	
Authorisation number (UK)	: HSE No. 10086
Warnings for vulnerable groups	: Children shall be kept away until treated surfaces are dry.
Product Specific Information	: FIRST AID Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray. IF SWALLOWED: Do NOT induce vomiting. Get immediate medical advice/attention. IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water. Do not use solvents or thinners to clean the skin. If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical attention. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. IF INHALED: If not breathing, give artificial respiration. If breathing is difficult, remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Give nothing by mouth. Get medical attention if you feel unwell. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. Do not reuse container. Collect spillage. Application, maintenance and repair activities shall be conducted within a contained area, on an impermeable hard standing with bunding or on soil covered with an impermeable material to prevent losses and minimize emissions to the environment, and that any losses or waste containing a biocide shall be collected for reuse or disposal.
2.3 Other bazarda	

2.3 Other hazards

2/17

:

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

Other hazards which do : None known. not result in classification

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.2 Mixtures	: Mixture				
Product/ingredient name	Identifiers	% by weight	<u>Classification</u> Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP]	Nota (s)	Туре
dicopper oxide	EC: 215-270-7 CAS: 1317-39-1 Index: 029-002-00-X	≥25 - ≤50	Acute Tox. 4, H302 Acute Tox. 4, H332 Eye Dam. 1, H318 Aquatic Acute 1, H400 (M=100) Aquatic Chronic 1, H410 (M=10)	-	[1]
xylene	REACH #: 01-2119488216-32 EC: 215-535-7 CAS: 1330-20-7 Index: 601-022-00-9	≤10	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Acute Tox. 4, H312 Acute Tox. 4, H332 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 STOT SE 3, H335 Asp. Tox. 1, H304	С	[1] [2]
zinc oxide	REACH #: 01-2119463881-32 EC: 215-222-5 CAS: 1314-13-2 Index: 030-013-00-7	≥10 - ≤25	Aquatic Acute 1, H400 (M=10) Aquatic Chronic 1, H410 (M=1)	-	[1]
ethylbenzene	REACH #: 01-2119489370-35 EC: 202-849-4 CAS: 100-41-4	≤7	Flam. Liq. 2, H225 Acute Tox. 4, H332 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 STOT SE 3, H335 STOT RE 2, H373 (hearing organs) Asp. Tox. 1, H304	-	[1] [2]
bis(1-hydroxy-1H- pyridine-2-thionato-O, S)copper	EC: 238-984-0 CAS: 14915-37-8	≤5	Acute Tox. 4, H302 Acute Tox. 2, H330 Eye Dam. 1, H318 Aquatic Acute 1, H400 (M=100) Aquatic Chronic 1, H410 (M=10)	-	[1]
methanol	EC: 200-659-6 CAS: 67-56-1 Index: 603-001-00-X	≤0.15	Flam. Liq. 2, H225 Acute Tox. 3, H301 Acute Tox. 3, H311 Acute Tox. 3, H331 STOT SE 1, H370 See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above.	-	[1] [2]

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment, are PBTs or vPvBs or have been assigned a workplace exposure limit and hence require reporting in this section.

Туре

[1] Substance classified with a health or environmental hazard

[2] Substance with a workplace exposure limit

[3] Substance meets the criteria for PBT according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, Annex XIII

[4] Substance meets the criteria for vPvB according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, Annex XIII

[5] Substance of equivalent concern

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1 Description of first aid measures

General	 In all cases of doubt, or when symptoms persist, seek medical attention. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and seek medical advice.
Eye contact	 Check for and remove any contact lenses. Immediately flush eyes with running water for at least 15 minutes, keeping eyelids open. Seek immediate medical attention.
Inhalation	: Remove to fresh air. Keep person warm and at rest. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. Seek medical attention.
Skin contact	 Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognised skin cleanser. Seek medical attention if irritation persists. Do NOT use solvents or thinners.
Ingestion	: If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show the container or label. Keep person warm and at rest. Do NOT induce vomiting.
Protection of first-aiders	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Potential acute health ef	fects
Eye contact	: Causes serious eye damage.
Inhalation	 Harmful if inhaled. May give off gas, vapour or dust that is very irritating or corrosive to the respiratory system. Exposure to decomposition products may cause a health hazard. Serious effects may be delayed following exposure.
Skin contact	: Causes skin irritation.
Ingestion	: Irritating to mouth, throat and stomach.
<u>Over-exposure signs/sy</u>	nptoms
Eye contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain watering redness
Inhalation	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: headache drowsiness/fatigue dizziness/vertigo muscle weakness unconsciousness
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation redness blistering may occur
Ingestion	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: stomach pains
4.3 Indication of any imme	ediate medical attention and special treatment needed
Notes to physician	 In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.
Specific treatments	: No specific treatment.



X.International.

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1 Extinguishing media Suitable extinguishing media	:	Use dry chemical, CO ₂ , water spray (fog) or foam.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	:	Do not use water jet.
5.2 Special hazards arising f	rom	۱ the substance or mixture
Hazards from the substance or mixture	:	Flammable liquid and vapour. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. This material is very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.
Hazardous thermal decomposition products	:	Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide carbon monoxide nitrogen oxides sulfur oxides carbonyl halides metal oxide/oxides
5.3 Advice for firefighters		
Special protective actions for fire-fighters	:	Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	:	Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode. Clothing for fire-fighters (including helmets, protective boots and gloves) conforming to European standard EN 469 will provide a basic level of protection for chemical incidents.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1 Personal precautions, pro	ote	ctive equipment and emergency procedures	
For non-emergency personnel	:	No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilt material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Do not breathe vapour or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.	
For emergency responders	:	If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".	
6.2 Environmental precautions	:	Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities. Collect spillage.	
6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up			

Small spill: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and
explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble.
Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an
appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal
contractor.



SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

Large spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach the release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilt product.
6.4 Reference to other sections	: See Section 1 for emergency contact information. See Section 8 for information on appropriate personal protective equipment. See Section 13 for additional waste treatment information.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Protective measures	: Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapour or mist. Do not ingest. Avoid release to the environment. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.
Advice on general occupational hygiene	: Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Vapours are heavier than air and may spread along floors. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabelled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

7.3 Specific end use(s)	
Recommendations	: Not available.
Industrial sector specific	: Not available.
solutions	

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. Information is provided based on typical anticipated uses of the product. Additional measures might be required for bulk handling or other uses that could significantly increase worker exposure or environmental releases.

8.1 Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits



SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

Product/ingredier	nt name	Exposure limit values
xylene		EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 12/2011). Absorbed through skin. STEL: 441 mg/m ³ 15 minutes. STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 220 mg/m ³ 8 hours. TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.
ethylbenzene		EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 12/2011). Absorbed through skin. STEL: 552 mg/m ³ 15 minutes. STEL: 125 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 441 mg/m ³ 8 hours. TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.
methanol		EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 12/2011). Absorbed through skin. STEL: 333 mg/m ³ 15 minutes. STEL: 250 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 266 mg/m ³ 8 hours. TWA: 200 ppm 8 hours.
Recommended monitoring procedures	atmosphere or of the ventilatic protective equi the following: I the assessmer limit values and atmospheres - of exposure to (Workplace atr for the measur	contains ingredients with exposure limits, personal, workplace r biological monitoring may be required to determine the effectiveness on or other control measures and/or the necessity to use respiratory ipment. Reference should be made to monitoring standards, such as European Standard EN 689 (Workplace atmospheres - Guidance for nt of exposure by inhalation to chemical agents for comparison with d measurement strategy) European Standard EN 14042 (Workplace Guide for the application and use of procedures for the assessment chemical and biological agents) European Standard EN 482 mospheres - General requirements for the performance of procedure rement of chemical agents) Reference to national guidance methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be
DNELs/DMELs No DNELs/DMELs available		
<u>PNECs</u> No PNECs available		
.2 Exposure controls		
Appropriate engineering controls	ventilation or c contaminants controls also r	adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering need to keep gas, vapour or dust concentrations below any lower ts. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.
Individual protection measu	res	
Hygiene measures	before eating, Appropriate te Wash contam	forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period, echniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing inated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and is are close to the workstation location.
Eye/face protection	assessment ir gases or dusts against liquid s worn, unless t	ar complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk ndicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, s. Use eye protection according to EN 166, designed to protect splashes. If contact is possible, the following protection should be the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical as and/or face shield. If inhalation hazards exist, a full-face respirator red instead.
ate of issue/Date of revision	. 30/08/201	10

:



SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

Skin protection		
Hand protection	Jse chemical resistant gloves classified under Standard EN 374: Protect against chemicals and micro-organisms. Recommended: Viton® or N gloves. When prolonged or frequently repeated contact may occur, a glo protection class of 6 (breakthrough time greater than 480 minutes accor 874) is recommended. When only brief contact is expected, a glove with protection class of 2 or higher (breakthrough time greater than 30 minute according to EN 374) is recommended. The user must check that the fil of type of glove selected for handling this product is the most appropriate into account the particular conditions of use, as included in the user's ris assessment. NOTICE: The selection of a specific glove for a particular and duration of use in a workplace should also take into account all releving workplace factors such as, but not limited to: Other chemicals which ma handled, physical requirements (cut/puncture protection, dexterity, therm protection), potential body reactions to glove materials, as well as the inse specifications provided by the glove supplier. Barrier creams may help the exposed areas of the skin but should not be applied once exposure loop cocurred.	Vitrile ove with a ding to EN a a es nal choice e and takes k application vant y be nal structions/ to protect
Body protection	Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based or being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a spe pefore handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static vear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from stat discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves European Standard EN 1149 for further information on material and des equirements and test methods.	ecialist electricity, ic 5. Refer to
Other skin protection	Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures shoul selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and sapproved by a specialist before handling this product.	
Respiratory protection	Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary according to El Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure le nazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator.	N529. evels, the
Environmental exposure controls	Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checker ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection le n some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.	gislation.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

: Liquid.	
: Brown.	
: Solvent.	
: Not available.	
Not applicable.	
: Not available.	
: Lowest known value: 136.16°C (277.1°F) (xylene).	
: Closed cup: 24°C	
: Not available.	
: Not available.	
: Greatest known range: Lower: 0.8% Upper: 6.7% (xylene)	
: Not available.	
: Not available.	
: 1.88	
: Insoluble in the following materials: cold water.	
: 30/08/2018	AkzoNobel
8/17	ANZUNUDEI
	 Brown. Solvent. Not available. Not applicable. Not available. Lowest known value: 136.16°C (277.1°F) (xylene). Closed cup: 24°C Not available. Not available. Greatest known range: Lower: 0.8% Upper: 6.7% (xylene) Not available. Not available. Insoluble in the following materials: cold water. <i>30/08/2018</i>





K.International.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/ water	:	Not available.
Auto-ignition temperature	:	Not available.
Decomposition temperature	:	Not available.
Viscosity	:	Kinematic (room temperature): 159.16 mm ² /s
Explosive properties	:	Not available.
Oxidising properties	:	Not available.

9.2 Other information

No additional information.

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity				
10.1 Reactivity	: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.			
10 2 Chemical stability	• The product is stable			

10.2 Chemical stability	: The product is stable.
10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
10.4 Conditions to avoid	: Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Do not pressurise, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind or expose containers to heat or sources of ignition.
10.5 Incompatible materials	: Reactive or incompatible with the following materials: oxidizing materials
10.6 Hazardous decomposition products	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1 Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
dicopper oxide	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists	Rat	3.34 mg/l	4 hours
	LD50 Oral	Rat	1340 mg/kg	-
xylene	LC50 Inhalation Gas.	Rat	5000 ppm	4 hours
	LD50 Oral	Rat	4300 mg/kg	-
ethylbenzene	LC50 Inhalation Gas.	Rabbit	4000 ppm	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	17800 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	3500 mg/kg	-
bis(1-hydroxy-1H-pyridine- 2-thionato-O,S)copper	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists	Rat	70 mg/m³	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>2000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	1075 mg/kg	-

Conclusion/Summary : Not available.

Acute toxicity estimates

Route	ATE value
Oral	3038 mg/kg
Dermal	8450.2 mg/kg
Inhalation (gases)	39759.3 ppm
Inhalation (vapours)	143.6 mg/l
Inhalation (dusts and mists)	1.614 mg/l

Irritation/Corrosion

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
		-	Score	-	Observation
xylene	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	87 milligrams	-
	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 5	-
	Ohim Mildlimiterst	Det		milligrams	
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rat	-	8 hours 60 microliters	-
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500	-
		Rabbit		milligrams	-
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	100 Percent	-
zinc oxide	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500	-
				milligrams	
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500	-
				milligrams	
ethylbenzene	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	500	-
	Ohim Mild imitant	Dabbit		milligrams	
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 15	-
methanol	Eyes - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	_	milligrams 24 hours 100	
methanol		TADDIL	-	milligrams	-
	Eyes - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	40 milligrams	-
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 20	-
				milligrams	
Conclusion/Summary	: Not available.				I
Sensitisation					
Conclusion/Summary	: Not available.				
Mutagenicity					
Conclusion/Summary	: Not available.				
<u>Carcinogenicity</u>					
Conclusion/Summary	: Not available.				
Reproductive toxicity					
Conclusion/Summary	: Not available.				

Teratogenicity

Conclusion/Summary : Not available.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Product/ingredient name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
xylene	Category 3	Not applicable.	Respiratory tract irritation
ethylbenzene	Category 3	Not applicable.	Respiratory tract irritation
methanol	Category 1	Not determined	Not determined

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Product/ingredient name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
ethylbenzene	Category 2	Not determined	hearing organs

Aspiration hazard

Product/ingredient name	Result	
xylene	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1	
ethylbenzene	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1	

Information on likely routes : Not available. of exposure

Potential acute health effects				
Eye contact	:	Cau	ses serious ey	e damage.
Date of issue/Date of revision		:	30/08/2018	
Version : 3				10/17



10/17

X.International.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

SECTION 11: Toxico	logical information
Inhalation	: Harmful if inhaled. May give off gas, vapour or dust that is very irritating or corrosive to the respiratory system. Exposure to decomposition products may cause a health hazard. Serious effects may be delayed following exposure.
Skin contact	: Causes skin irritation.
Ingestion	: Irritating to mouth, throat and stomach.
Symptoms related to the phy	vsical, chemical and toxicological characteristics
Eye contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain watering redness
Inhalation	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: headache drowsiness/fatigue dizziness/vertigo muscle weakness unconsciousness
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation redness blistering may occur
Ingestion	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: stomach pains
-	cts as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure
<u>Short term exposure</u> Potential immediate effects	: Not available.
Potential delayed effects Long term exposure	: Not available.
Potential immediate effects	: Not available.
Potential delayed effects	: Not available.
Potential chronic health eff	ects
Not available.	
Conclusion/Summary	: Not available.
General	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Carcinogenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Mutagenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Teratogenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Developmental effects	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Fertility effects	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Other information

: Not available.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1 Toxicity

%International.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
dicopper oxide	Acute EC50 0.042 mg/l Fresh water Acute IC50 0.71 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia similis Algae - Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata - Exponential	48 hours 96 hours
	Acute LC50 0.075 mg/l Fresh water	growth phase Fish - Danio rerio	96 hours
	Chronic IC10 0.009 mg/l Fresh water	Algae - Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata - Exponential growth phase	96 hours
xylene	Acute LC50 8500 µg/l Marine water	Crustaceans - Palaemonetes	48 hours
	Acute LC50 13400 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas	96 hours
zinc oxide	Acute EC50 0.042 mg/l Fresh water	Algae - Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata - Exponential growth phase	72 hours
	Acute EC50 1 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna - Neonate	48 hours
	Acute IC50 0.17 mg/l	Algae - Selenastrum capricornutum	72 hours
	Acute LC50 1.1 mg/l	Fish - Oncorhynchus Mykiss	96 hours
	Chronic NOEC 0.017 mg/l Fresh water	Algae - Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata - Exponential growth phase	72 hours
ethylbenzene	Acute EC50 3.6 mg/l Fresh water	Algae - Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata	96 hours
	Acute LC50 18.4 to 25.4 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna - Neonate	48 hours
	Acute LC50 5.1 to 5.7 mg/l Marine water	Fish - Menidia menidia	96 hours
bis(1-hydroxy-1H-pyridine- 2-thionato-O,S)copper	Acute EC50 0.035 mg/l	Algae - Skeletonems Costatum	72 hours
	Acute EC50 0.022 mg/l	Crustaceans - Daphnia Magna	48 hours
	Acute LC50 0.0032 mg/l	Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss	96 hours
nethanol	Acute EC50 16.912 mg/l Marine water	Algae - Ulva pertusa	96 hours
	Acute EC50 10000000 µg/l Fresh water		48 hours
	Acute LC50 2500000 µg/l Marine water	Crustaceans - Crangon crangon - Adult	48 hours
	Acute LC50 100 mg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas - Juvenile (Fledgling, Hatchling, Weanling)	96 hours
	Chronic NOEC 9.96 mg/l Marine water	Algae - Ulva pertusa	96 hours

Conclusion/Summary

: Not available.

12.2 Persistence and degradability

Conclusion/Summary : Not available.

Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life	Photolysis	Biodegradability
zinc oxide	-	-	Not readily
ethylbenzene	-	-	Readily

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
xylene	3.12	8.1 to 25.9	low
zinc oxide	-	60960	high
ethylbenzene	3.6	15	low
methanol	-0.77	<10	low

12.4 Mobility in soil

SECTION 12: Ecological information

Soil/water partition coefficient (Koc)	: Not available.
Mobility	: Not available.

12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment			
PBT	: Not applicable.		
vPvB	: Not applicable.		

12.6 Other adverse effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

13.1 Waste treatment methods

<u>Product</u>	
Methods of disposal	 The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction.
Hazardous waste	: The classification of the product may meet the criteria for a hazardous waste.

: The classification of the product may meet the criteria for a hazardous waste.

European waste catalogue (EWC)

Code number	Waste designation		
EWC 08 01 11*	waste paint and varnish containing organic solvents or other hazardous substances		
Packaging			
Methods of disposal	: Ensure waste is collected and contained. Store separately. Dispose of containers contaminated by the product in accordance with local or national legal provisions. This material and its container must be disposed of as hazardous waste. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.		
Special precautions	: This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapour from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.		

SECTION 14: Transport information

	ADR/RID	IMDG	ΙΑΤΑ
14.1 UN number	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263
14.2 UN proper shipping name	PAINT	PAINT. Marine pollutant (dicopper oxide, zinc oxide)	PAINT
14.3 Transport hazard class(es)	3		3
14.4 Packing group			

Date of issue/Date of revision 30/08/2018 : Version : 3

K.International.

SECTION 14: Transport information

14.5 Environmental hazards	Yes.	Yes.	No.
Additional information	The environmentally hazardous substance mark is not required when transported in sizes of ≤5 L or ≤5 kg. Special provisions 640 (E) Tunnel code (D/E)	The marine pollutant mark is not required when transported in sizes of ≤5 L or ≤5 kg.	The environmentally hazardous substance mark may appear if required by other transportation regulations.

IMDG Code Segregation : Not applicable. group

14.6 Special precautions for	:	Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are
user		upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in
		the event of an accident or spillage.

14.7 Transport in bulk	:	Not available.
according to Annex II of Marpol and the IBC Code		
warpor and the IBC Code		

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture <u>EU Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)</u>

Annex XIV - List of substances subject to authorisation

Annex XIV

Substances of very high concern

None of the components are listed.

Annex XVII - Restrictions : Not applicable.

on the manufacture, placing on the market

and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles

Other EU regulations

Europe inventory : Not determined.

Special packaging requirements

Containers to be fitted : Not applicable. with child-resistant fastenings

Tactile warning of danger : Not applicable.

Ozone depleting substances (1005/2009/EU)

Not listed.

Prior Informed Consent (PIC) (649/2012/EU)

Not listed.

Biocidal products regulation

Product type	: PT21 Antifouling products Liquid. Paint.
Type (Antifouling)	: Antifouling Type - Organotin-free self-polishing

:

30/08/2018



4.4 S

SECTION 15: Regulatory information					
Active substances					
Ingredient name					
dicopper oxide bis(1-hydroxy-1H-pyridine-2	2-thionato-O,S)copper				
Directions for use, freque	ncy of application and dose rate				
Theoretical Coverage: Airles	ss Spray 3.61 m2/I @ 150 micron dft				
Theoretical Coverage: Brusl	n, Roller 7.23 m2/l @ 75 micron dft				
Restrictions on use	: For professional use only.				
Application methods:	: Application Method: Airless Spray, Brush, Roller.				
Recommended Cleaner.	 Use GTA007, International Thinner/Eqpt Cleaner for cleaning of paint application equipment. 				
ΙΜΟ	: Compliant with the International Convention on the Control of Harmful Antifouling Systems on Ships, 2001.				
National regulations					
Biocidal products regulation	<u>on</u>				
Product type	: PT21 Antifouling products Liquid. Paint.				
References	: Conforms to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH), Annex II and Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 (CLP)				
15.2 Chemical safety assessment	: No Chemical Safety Assessment has been carried out.				

X.International.

SECTION 16: Other information

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Abbreviations and acronyms	 ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate CLP = Classification, Labelling and Packaging Regulation [Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008]
	DMEL = Derived Minimal Effect Level
	DNEL = Derived No Effect Level
	EUH statement = CLP-specific Hazard statement
	PBT = Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic
	PNEC = Predicted No Effect Concentration
	RRN = REACH Registration Number
	vPvB = Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative

Procedure used to derive the classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]

Classifi	cation	Justification
Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Acute Tox. 4, H332 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Dam. 1, H318 Aquatic Acute 1, H400 Aquatic Chronic 1, H410		On basis of test data Calculation method Calculation method Calculation method Calculation method Calculation method
Full text of abbreviated H statements	: H225 H226 H301 H302 H304 H311 H312 H315 H318 H319 H330	Highly flammable liquid and vapour. Flammable liquid and vapour. Toxic if swallowed. Harmful if swallowed. May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. Toxic in contact with skin. Harmful in contact with skin. Causes skin irritation. Causes serious eye damage. Causes serious eye irritation. Fatal if inhaled.
Date of issue/Date of revision	: 30/08/2018	AkzoNobel

SECTION 16: Other information

H331 Toxic if inhaled. H332 Harmful if inhaled. May cause respiratory irritation. H335 Causes damage to organs. H370 May cause damage to organs through prolonged or H373 (hearing organs) repeated exposure. (hearing organs) H400 Very toxic to aquatic life. Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. H410 Full text of classifications : Acute Tox. 2, H330 ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation) - Category 2 [CLP/GHS] Acute Tox. 3. H301 ACUTE TOXICITY (oral) - Category 3 ACUTE TOXICITY (dermal) - Category 3 Acute Tox. 3, H311 ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation) - Category 3 Acute Tox. 3, H331 ACUTE TOXICITY (oral) - Category 4 Acute Tox. 4, H302 Acute Tox. 4, H312 ACUTE TOXICITY (dermal) - Category 4 ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation) - Category 4 Acute Tox. 4, H332 ACUTE AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 1 Aquatic Acute 1, H400 Aquatic Chronic 1, H410 LONG-TERM AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 1 Asp. Tox. 1. H304 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 Eye Dam. 1, H318 SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/ EYE IRRITATION - Category Eye Irrit. 2, H319 SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/ EYE IRRITATION - Category Flam. Liq. 2, H225 FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 2 Flam. Liq. 3, H226 FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2 STOT RE 2, H373 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) (hearing organs) - Category 2 (hearing organs) SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE STOT SE 1, H370

EXPOSURE) - Category 1

SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Respiratory tract irritation) - Category 3

Date of printing	:	30/08/2018
Date of issue/ Date of revision	:	30/08/2018
Date of previous issue	:	21/06/2018
Version	:	3

Notice to reader

IMPORTANT NOTE: the information contained in this data sheet (as may be amended from time to time) is not intended to be exhaustive and is presented in good faith and believed to be correct as of the date on which it is prepared. It is the user's responsibility to verify that this data sheet is current prior to using the product to which it relates.

STOT SE 3, H335

Persons using the information must make their own determinations as to the suitability of the relevant product for their purposes prior to use. Where those purposes are other than as specifically recommended in this safety data sheet, then the user uses the product at their own risk.

MANUFACTURER'S DISCLAIMER: the conditions, methods and factors affecting the handling, storage, application, use and disposal of the product are not under the control and knowledge of the manufacturer. Therefore the manufacturer does not assume responsibility for any adverse events which may occur in the handling, storage, application, use, misuse or disposal of the product and, so far as permitted by applicable law, the manufacturer expressly disclaims liability for any and all loss, damages and/or expenses arising out of or in any way connected to the storage, handling, use or disposal of the product. Safe handling, storage, use and disposal are the responsibility of the users. Users must comply with all applicable health and safety laws.

Unless we have agreed to the contrary, all products are supplied by us subject to our standard terms and conditions of business, which include limitations of liability. Please make sure to refer to these and / or the relevant agreement which you have with AkzoNobel (or its affiliate, as the case may be). © AkzoNobel



X.International.

SECTION 16: Other information

