

Safety Data Sheet

ISA520 INTERSTORES ALKYD TOPCOAT RED

Version Number 3 Revision Date 11/09/17

| 1. Product and company ic | lentification | | |
|--|---|--|--|
| | | | |
| 1.1. Product identifier | INTERSTORES ALKYD TOPCOAT RED | | |
| Product Code | ISA520 | | |
| 1.2. Relevant identified uses | of the substance or mixture and uses advised against | | |
| Intended use | Refer Technical Data Sheet. | | |
| | For professional use only. | | |
| Application Method | Refer Technical Data Sheet. | | |
| 1.3. Details of the supplier of Importer or | the safety data sheet | | |
| Manufacturer | Ho Chi Minh City Branch of Akzo Nobel Coatings Vietnam Limit | | |
| | Unit 1705-1706, 17th Floor, Flemington Tower, | | |
| | 182 Le Dai Hanh, Ward 15, District 11, Ho Chi Minh City, | | |
| | SR Vietnam | | |
| | | | |
| | | | |
| Telephone No. | + 84 8 3962 9666 | | |
| | | | |

| Fax No. | + 84 8 3962 9777 |
|---|--|
| 1.4. Emergency telephone number (24 hour) | + 84 8 3962 9666 |
| For Poisons Advice telephone | For Advice to Doctors & Hospitals only |

2. Hazard identification of the product

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

| Flam. Liq. 3;H226 | Flammable liquid and vapour. |
|------------------------|---|
| Skin Irrit. 3;H316 | Causes mild skin irritation. |
| STOT SE 3;H336 | Vapours may cause drowsiness and dizziness Specific Target Organs: (narcotic effects) |
| STOT RE 1;H372 | Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Specific Target Organs: (central nervous system) |
| Aquatic Chronic 3;H412 | Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects. |

2.2. Label elements

Using the Toxicity Data listed in section 11 & 12 the product is labelled as follows.



Danger

H226 Flammable liquid and vapour.

H316 Causes mild skin irritation.

H372 Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

H412 Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

[Prevention]:

P210 Keep away from heat / sparks / open flames / hot surfaces - No smoking.

P235 Keep cool.

P240 Ground / bond container and receiving equipment.

P241 Use explosion-proof electrical / ventilating / light / equipment.

P242 Use only non-sparking tools.

P243 Take precautionary measures against static discharge.

P260 Do not breathe mist / vapours / spray.

P262 Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing.

P264 Wash thoroughly after handling.

P270 Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.

P273 Avoid release to the environment.

P280 Wear protective gloves / eye protection / face protection.

[Response]:

P301+310 IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor / physician.

P303+361+353 IF ON SKIN (or hair): Remove / Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water / shower.

P314 Get Medical advice / attention if you feel unwell.

P331 Do NOT induce vomiting.

P332+313 If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice / attention.

P370+378 In case of fire: Use alcohol resistant foam, CO2, powder, water spray for extinction. Do not use water jet.

[Storage]:

P403+233 Store in a well ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.

[Disposal]:

P501 Dispose of contents / container in accordance with local / national regulations.

2.3. Other hazards

This product contains no PBT/vPvB chemicals.

3. Composition/information on ingredients

This product contains the following hazardous substances.

| Ingredient/Chemical Designations | Weight % | GHS Classification | Notes |
|---|----------|---|-------|
| Naphtha (petroleum), hydrodesulfurized heavy CAS Number: 0064742-82-1 | 10- <25 | Flam. Liq. 3;H226 Asp. Tox. 1;H304 STOT RE 1;H372 STOT SE 3;H336 Aquatic Chronic 2;H411 | [1] |
| C.I. Pigment red 101 CAS Number: 0001332-37-2 | 2.5- <10 | | [1] |
| | | | |

| Xylene CAS Number: 0001330-20-7 | 1- <2.5 | Flam. Liq. 3;H226 Acute Tox. 4;H332 Acute Tox. 4;H312 Skin Irrit. 2;H315 Asp. Tox. 1;H304 Eye Irrit. 2;H319 STOT SE 3;H335 | [1][2] |
|--|---------|--|--------|
| COBALT 2-ETHYL HEXANOATE CAS Number: 0000136-52-7 | <1 | Acute Tox. 4;H302 Skin Irrit. 2;H315 Skin Sens. 1;H317 Aquatic Chronic 2;H411 | [1] |
| 2-Butanone oxime CAS Number: 0000096-29-7 | <1 | Carc. 2;H351 Acute Tox. 4;H312 Eye Dam. 1;H318 Skin Sens. 1;H317 | [1] |

[1] Substance classified with a health or environmental hazard.

[2] Substance with a workplace exposure limit.

[3] PBT-substance or vPvB-substance.

*The full texts of the Hazard (H) phrases are shown in Section 16.

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence do not require reporting in this section.

4. First aid measures

4.1. Description of first aid measures

General

In all cases of doubt, or when symptoms persist, seek medical attention.

Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

Inhalation

Remove to fresh air, keep patient warm and at rest. If breathing is irregular or stopped, give artificial respiration. If unconscious place in the recovery position and obtain immediate medical attention. Give nothing by mouth.

Skin Contact

Remove contaminated clothing. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use a recognised skin cleanser. Do NOT use solvents or thinners.

Eye Contact

Irrigate copiously with clean fresh water for at least 10 minutes, holding the eyelids apart and seek medical attention.

Ingestion

If accidentally swallowed obtain immediate medical attention. Keep at rest. Do NOT induce vomiting.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

No data available

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed and notes for physician

No data available

5. Fire-fighting measures

5.1. Extinguishing media

Recommended extinguishing media; alcohol resistant foam, CO2, powder, water spray.

Do not use - water jet.

Note; Fire will produce dense black smoke. Decomposition products may be hazardous to health. Avoid exposure and use breathing apparatus as appropriate.

Cool closed containers exposed to fire by spraying them with water. Do not allow run off water and contaminants from fire fighting to enter drains or water courses.

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Fire will produce dense black smoke. Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide, smoke, oxides of nitrogen.

Avoid exposure and use breathing apparatus as appropriate.

5.3. Advice for fire-fighters

Cool closed containers exposed to fire by spraying them with water. Do not allow run off water and contaminants from fire fighting to enter drains or water courses.

6. Accidental release measures

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Remove sources of ignition, do not turn lights or unprotected electrical equipment on or off. In case of a major spill or spillage in a confined space evacuate the area and check that solvent vapour levels are below the Lower Explosive Limit before re-entering.

6.2. Environmental precautions

Do not allow spills to enter drains or watercourses.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Ventilate the area and avoid breathing vapours. Take the personal protective measures listed in section 8.

Contain and absorb spillage with non-combustible materials e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite. Place in closed containers outside buildings and dispose of according to the Waste Regulations. (See section 13).

Clean, preferably with a detergent. Do not use solvents.

Do not allow spills to enter drains or watercourses.

If drains, sewers, streams or lakes are contaminated, inform the local water company immediately. In the case of contamination of rivers, streams or lakes the Environmental Protection Agency should also be informed.

7. Handling and storage

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Handling

This coating contains solvents. Solvent vapours are heavier than air and may spread along floors. Vapours may form explosive mixtures with air. Areas of storage, preparation and application should be ventilated to prevent the creation of flammable or explosive concentrations of vapour in air and avoid vapour concentrations higher than the occupational exposure limits.

In Storage

Handle containers carefully to prevent damage and spillage.

Naked flames and smoking should not be permitted in storage areas. It is recommended that fork lift trucks and electrical equipment are protected to the appropriate standard.

This coating contains solvents. Solvent vapours are heavier than air and may spread along floors. Vapours may form explosive mixtures with air. Areas of storage, preparation and application should be ventilated to

prevent the creation of flammable or explosive concentrations of vapour in air and avoid vapour concentrations higher than the occupational exposure limits.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Keep away from the following materials: oxidising agents, strong alkalis, strong acids. Avoid skin and eye contact. Avoid inhalation of vapours and spray mists. Observe label precautions. Use personal protection as shown in section 8.

Smoking, eating and drinking should be prohibited in all preparation and application areas.

Never use pressure to empty a container; containers are not pressure vessels.

There are no exposure scenarios, see details in section 1.

7.3. Specific end use(s)

Store in a well ventilated, dry place away from sources of heat and direct sunlight.

Store on concrete or other impervious floor, preferably with bunding to contain any spillage. Do not stack more than 3 pallets high.

Keep container tightly closed. Containers which are opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Keep in the original container or one of the same material.

Prevent unauthorised access.

All sources of ignition (hot surfaces, sparks, open flames etc) should be excluded from areas of preparation and application. All electrical equipment (including torches) should be protected (Ex) to the appropriate standard.

The product may charge electrostatically. Always use earthing leads when pouring solvents and transferring product. Operators should wear clothing which does not generate static (at least 60% natural fibre) and antistatic footwear; floors should be of conducting type.

8. Exposure controls and personal protection

8.1. Control parameters

Exposure standards are those provided by the ACGIH (American Conference of Government Industrial Hygenists).

| Material | Short term (15 min. ave) | | Long ter average) | n (8hr time weighted Comments | 5 |
|-------------------|--------------------------|-------|----------------------|-------------------------------|---|
| | ppm | mg/m³ | ppm | mg/M3 | |
| Barium Sulphate | 4 | 10 | 2 | 10 | |
| Calcium carbonate | 200 | 2 | 0.005 | 10 | |
| Xylene | 150 | 651 | 100 | 434 | |

Key to notification

(P) Peak exposure limit

(R) Suppliers Recommended Limit

(Sk) There is a risk of absorption through unbroken skin

(Sen) Sensitiser

(Cat1) Category 1 - established human carcinogen

(Cat2) Category 2 - probable human carcinogen

(Cat3) Category 3 - substances suspected of having carcinogenic potential

DNEL/PNEC values

No Data Available

8.2. Exposure controls

Provide adequate ventilation. Where reasonably practicable this should be achieved by the use of local exhaust ventilation and good general extraction. If these are not sufficient to maintain concentrations of particulates and any vapour below occupational exposure limits suitable respiratory protection must be worn.

Eye Protection

Wear safety eyewear, e.g. safety spectacles, goggles or visors to protect against the splash of liquids. Eyewear should comply with an approved standard.

Wear a full face shield if mixing or pouring operations pose a risk of splashes.

An eye wash station is suggested as a good work place practice.

Skin Protection

Gloves of an appropriate material should be worn during mixing and application.

Other

Overalls which cover the body, arms and legs should be worn. Skin should not be exposed. Barrier creams may help to protect areas which are difficult to cover such as the face and neck. They should however not be applied once exposure has occurred. Petroleum jelly based types such as Vaseline should not be used. All parts of the body should be washed after contact.

Respiratory Protection

When concentrations exceed the exposure limits shown above, workers must wear appropriate approved respirators. Provision of other controls such as exhaust ventilation should be considered if practical.

Thermal hazards

No Data Available

9. Physical and chemical properties

| Appearance | Red Liquid |
|---|--|
| Odour | Smell of Solvent |
| Odour threshold | Not Measured |
| рН | N/A |
| Melting point / freezing point (°C) | Not Measured |
| Initial boiling point and boiling range (°C) | 137 |
| Flash Point (C) | 44 |
| Evaporation rate (Ether = 1) | Not Measured |
| Flammability (solid, gas) | Not Applicable |
| Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits | Lower Explosive Limit: .8 Naphtha (petroleum), hydrodesulfurized heavy |
| | Upper Explosive Limit: 6.6 Xylene |
| Vapour pressure (Pa) | Not Measured |
| Vapour Density | Heavier than air. |
| Specific Gravity | 1.05 |
| Solubility in Water | Immiscible |
| Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (Log Kow) | Not Measured |
| Autoignition temperature ($^{\circ}\!\!\!\mathrm{C}$) | Not Measured |
| Decomposition temperature | Not Measured |
| Viscosity (cSt) | N/A |
| | |

9.2. Other information

No further information

10. Stability and reactivity

10.1. Reactivity

No data available

10.2. Chemical stability

Stable under recommended storage and handling conditions (see section 7). When exposed to high temperatures may produce hazardous decomposition products such as carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide, oxides of nitrogen and smoke.

Keep away from oxidising agents, strongly alkaline and strongly acid materials in order to avoid possible exothermic reactions.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

May react exothermically with: oxidising agents, strong alkalis, strong acids.

10.4. Conditions to avoid

Stable under recommended storage and handling conditions (see section 7).

10.5. Incompatible materials

Keep away from the following materials: oxidising agents, strong alkalis, strong acids.

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

Fire will produce dense black smoke. Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide, smoke, oxides of nitrogen.

Avoid exposure and use breathing apparatus as appropriate.

11. Toxicological information

Acute toxicity

Exposure to solvent vapour concentrations from the component solvents in excess of the stated occupational exposure limits may result in adverse health effects such as mucous membrane and respiratory system irritation and adverse effects on the kidneys, liver and central nervous system. Symptoms include headache, nausea, dizziness, fatigue, muscular weakness, drowsiness and in extreme cases, loss of consciousness.

Repeated or prolonged contact with the preparation may cause removal of natural fat from the skin resulting in dryness, irritation and possible non-allergic contact dermatitis. Solvents may also be absorbed through the skin. Splashes of liquid in the eyes may cause irritation and soreness with possible reversible damage.

The preparation has been assessed using the Acute Toxicity Data listed below, and classified for toxicological hazards accordingly. See section 2 for details.

| Ingredient | Oral LD50, mg/kg | Skin LD50, mg/kg | Inhalation Vapour LD50, mg/L/4hr | Inhalation Dust/Mist LD50, mg/L/4hr |
|--|---------------------|---------------------|--|---|
| 2-Butanone oxime - (96-29-7) | 930.00, Rat | 2,000.00, Rabbit | 20.00, Rat | Not Available |
| C.I. Pigment red 101 - (1332-37-2) | Not Available | Not Available | Not Available | Not Available |
| COBALT 2-ETHYL HEXANOATE - (136- 52-7) | 1,220.00, Rabbit | 5,000.00, Rat | Not Available | Not Available |
| Naphtha (petroleum), hydrodesulfurized heavy - (64742-82-1) | 5,000.00, Rat | 3,160.00, Rabbit | Not Available | Not Available |

1,548.00, Rabbit

| Item | Category | Hazard |
|---|----------------|---|
| Acute Toxicity (mouth) | Not Classified | Not Applicable |
| Acute Toxicity (skin) | Not Classified | Not Applicable |
| Acute Toxicity (inhalation) | Not Classified | Not Applicable |
| Skin corrosion/irritation | 3 | Causes mild skin irritation. |
| Eye damage/irritation | Not Classified | Not Applicable |
| Sensitization (respiratory) | Not Classified | Not Applicable |
| Sensitization (skin) | Not Classified | Not Applicable |
| Germ toxicity | Not Classified | Not Applicable |
| Carcinogenicity | Not Classified | Not Applicable |
| Reproductive Toxicity | Not Classified | Not Applicable |
| Specific target organ systemic toxicity (single exposure) | 3 | Vapours may cause drowsiness and dizziness |
| Specific target organ systemic Toxicity (repeated exposure) | 1 | Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. |
| Aspiration hazard | Not Classified | Not Applicable |

12. Ecological information

12.1. Toxicity

The preparation has been assessed according to the GHS criteria and is classified as dangerous for the environment, using the toxicity data listed below.

There are no data available on the product itself.

The product should not be allowed to enter drains or water courses.

Aquatic Ecotoxicity

| Ingredient | 96 hr LC50 fish, | 48 hr EC50 crustacea, | ErC50 algae, |
|---|-------------------|-----------------------|----------------------------|
| | mg/l | mg/l | mg/l |
| Naphtha (petroleum), hydrodesulfurized | 100.00, Fish | 2.60, Chaetogammarus | Not Available |
| heavy - (64742-82-1) | (Piscis) | marinus | |
| C.I. Pigment red 101 - (1332-37-2) | Not Available | Not Available | Not Available |
| Xylene - (1330-20-7) | Not Available | Not Available | Not Available |
| COBALT 2-ETHYL HEXANOATE - (136- 52-7) | Not Available | Not Available | Not Available |
| 2-Butanone oxime - (96-29-7) | 320.00, Leuciscus | 500.00, Daphnia | 83.00 (72 hr), Scenedesmus |
| | idus | magna | subspicatus |

12.2. Persistence and degradability

There is no data available on the preparation itself.

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

Not Measured **12.4. Mobility in soil**

No data available

12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

This product contains no PBT/vPvB chemicals.

12.6. Other adverse effects

No data available

13. Disposal considerations

13.1. Waste treatment methods

Do not allow into drains or water courses. Wastes and empty containers should be disposed of in accordance with State and Federal regulations.

Using information provided in this data sheet advice should be obtained from the local Waste Regulation Authority as to whether special waste regulations apply.

14. Transport information

| 14.1. UN number 14.2. UN proper shipping name 14.3. Transport hazard class(es) | | 1263 Paint |
|---|---------------------------|---|
| Road and Rai | I Transport | UN1263, Paint, CLASS 3, PG III, HAZCHEM *3Y |
| IMDG Class/Div 3 reference : | | Sub Class |
| | Ems | F-E,S-E |
| ΙCAO/ΙΑΤΑ | Class 3 | Sub Class |
| 14.4. Packing group | | III |
| 14.5. Environmental hazards | | |
| Road and Rai Transport | I Environmentally Hazardo | us: No |
| IMDG reference : | Marine Pollutant: No | |
| 14.6. Special | precautions for user | |
| No further information | | |
| 14.7. Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL73/78 and the IBC Code Not Applicable | | |
| 15. Regulato | ory information | |

This product and all its components complies with the chemical and transport regulations from the country listed in section 1.3.

Other regulatory information specific to the hazardous chemical(s):

16. Other information

The information on this SDS is based upon the present state of our knowledge and on current law. The product should not be used for purposes other than shown in the product data sheet without first obtaining written advice.

It is always the responsibility of the user to take all necessary steps to meet the demands of applicable legislation.

The information in this Safety Data Sheet is required according to legislation.

The full text of the phrases appearing in section 3 is:

- H226 Flammable liquid and vapour.
- H304 May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
- H312 Harmful in contact with skin.
- H315 Causes skin irritation.
- H319 Causes serious eye irritation.
- H332 Harmful if inhaled.
- H336 May cause drowsiness and dizziness.
- H372 Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
- H411 Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

This SDS is valid for 5 years from the revised date on page 1. The revision date is in American format (e.g. MM/DD/YY).

End of document



All information concerning this product and/or suggestions for handling and use contained herein are offered in good faith and are believed to be reliable. Akzo Nobel however makes no warranty as to the accuracy of and/or sufficiency of such information.