Conforms to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH), Annex II, as amended by Regulation (EU) No. 2015/830. - United Kingdom (UK)

SAFETY DATA SHEET

Intersmooth 360 SPC Black

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/ undertaking

1.1 Product identifier

: Intersmooth 360 SPC Black

Product name Product code

: BEA361

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

| Identified uses | | | |
|---|--------|--|--|
| Professional application of coatings and inks | | | |
| Uses advised against | Reason | | |
| All Other Uses | | | |

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

| | - |
|--|------------------------------|
| International Paint Ltd. | |
| Stoneygate Lane | |
| Felling | |
| Gateshead | |
| Tyne and Wear | |
| NE10 0JY UK | |
| Tel: +44 (0)191 469 6111 | Fax: +44 (0)191 438 3711 |
| e-mail address of person responsible for this SDS | : sdsfellinguk@akzonobel.com |
| National contact | |

National contact

1.4 Emergency telephone number

| National advisory body/ | Poison Centre (For use only by licensed medical professionals.) |
|-------------------------|---|
| Telephone number | : +44 (0)844 892 0111 |
| <u>Supplier</u> | |
| Telephone number | : +44 (0)191 469 6111 (24H) |

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Product definition : Mixture

Classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]

Flam. Liq. 2, H225 Acute Tox. 4, H302 Acute Tox. 4, H332 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Dam. 1, H318 STOT SE 3, H335 Aquatic Acute 1, H400 Aquatic Chronic 1, H410 The product is classified as hazardous according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 as amended.

See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above.

See Section 11 for more detailed information on health effects and symptoms.



SECTION 2: Hazards identification

| 2.2 Label elements | | | |
|---|---|--|--|
| Hazard pictograms | | | |
| Signal word | : Danger | | |
| Hazard statements | Highly flammable liquid and vapour. Harmful if swallowed or if inhaled. Causes serious eye damage. Causes skin irritation. May cause respiratory irritation. Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. | | |
| Precautionary statements | | | |
| General | : Not applicable. | | |
| Prevention | : Wear protective gloves. Wear eye or face protection. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Avoid release to the environment. Do not ea drink or smoke when using this product. | | |
| Response | : IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin wit water or shower. IF ON SKIN: Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse. IF IN EYES: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or physician. | | |
| Storage | : Keep cool. | | |
| Disposal | : Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations. | | |
| Hazardous ingredients | : dicopper oxide xylene butan-1-ol pyrithione zinc | | |
| Supplemental label elements | : Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. | | |
| Annex XVII - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles | : Not applicable. | | |
| Dissidal products regulation | | | |
| Biocidal products regulation Authorisation number (Ireland) | : PCS No. 93629 | | |
| Warnings for vulnerable groups | : Children shall be kept away until treated surfaces are dry. | | |
| Product Specific Information | : FIRST AID Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray. IF SWALLOWED Do NOT induce vomiting. Get immediate medical advice/attention. IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water. Do not use solvents or thinners to clean the skin. If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical attention. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. IF INHALED: If not breathing, give artificial respiration. If breathing is difficult, remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in position comfortable for breathing. Give nothing by mouth. Get medical attentior if you feel unwell. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Store i a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. Do not reuse container. Collect spillage. Application, maintenance and repair activities shall be | | |
| Date of issue/Date of revision | : 12/06/2018 AkzoNobe | | |



X.International.

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

conducted within a contained area, on an impermeable hard standing with bunding or on soil covered with an impermeable material to prevent losses and minimize emissions to the environment, and that any losses or waste containing a biocide shall be collected for reuse or disposal.

2.3 Other hazards

Other hazards which do : None known. not result in classification

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

| 3.2 Mixtures | : Mixture | | | | |
|----------------------------|--|----------------|---|-------------|---------|
| Product/ingredient name | Identifiers | % by weight | <u>Classification</u> Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP] | Nota (s) | Туре |
| dicopper oxide | EC: 215-270-7 CAS: 1317-39-1 Index: 029-002-00-X | ≥25 - ≤50 | Acute Tox. 4, H302 Acute Tox. 4, H332 Eye Dam. 1, H318 Aquatic Acute 1, H400 (M=100) Aquatic Chronic 1, H410 (M=10) | - | [1] |
| xylene | REACH #: 01-2119488216-32 EC: 215-535-7 CAS: 1330-20-7 Index: 601-022-00-9 | ≥10 - <25 | Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Acute Tox. 4, H312 Acute Tox. 4, H332 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 STOT SE 3, H335 Asp. Tox. 1, H304 | С | [1] [2] |
| butan-1-ol | REACH #: 01-2119484630-38 EC: 200-751-6 CAS: 71-36-3 Index: 603-004-00-6 | ≤10 | Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Acute Tox. 4, H302 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Dam. 1, H318 STOT SE 3, H335 STOT SE 3, H336 | 6 | [1] [2] |
| ethylbenzene | REACH #: 01-2119489370-35 EC: 202-849-4 CAS: 100-41-4 | ≤5 | Flam. Liq. 2, H225 Acute Tox. 4, H332 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 STOT SE 3, H335 STOT RE 2, H373 (hearing organs) Asp. Tox. 1, H304 | - | [1] [2] |
| 4-methylpentan-2-one | REACH #: 01-2119473980-30 EC: 203-550-1 CAS: 108-10-1 Index: 606-004-00-4 | ≤5 | Flam. Liq. 2, H225 Acute Tox. 4, H332 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 STOT SE 3, H335 EUH066 | - | [1] [2] |
| pyrithione zinc | EC: 236-671-3 CAS: 13463-41-7 | ≤5 | Acute Tox. 3, H301 Acute Tox. 3, H331 Eye Dam. 1, H318 Aquatic Acute 1, H400 (M=100) Aquatic Chronic 1, H410 (M=10) See Section 16 for the full text of the H | - | [1] |
| | | | statements declared above. | | |

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment, are PBTs or vPvBs or have been assigned a workplace exposure limit and hence require reporting in this section.

XInternational

Туре

[1] Substance classified with a health or environmental hazard

- [2] Substance with a workplace exposure limit
- [3] Substance meets the criteria for PBT according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, Annex XIII
- [4] Substance meets the criteria for vPvB according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, Annex XIII
- [5] Substance of equivalent concern

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1 Description of first aid measures

| General | In all cases of doubt, or when symptoms persist, seek medical attention. Never giv anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and seek medical advice. | e |
|----------------------------|--|---|
| Eye contact | Check for and remove any contact lenses. Immediately flush eyes with running water for at least 15 minutes, keeping eyelids open. Seek immediate medical attention. | |
| Inhalation | Remove to fresh air. Keep person warm and at rest. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. | |
| Skin contact | Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognised skin cleanser. Do NOT use solvents or thinners. | |
| Ingestion | If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show the container or label. Keep person warm and at rest. Do NOT induce vomiting. | |
| Protection of first-aiders | No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If i is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. | t |

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

| Potential acute health ef | ects |
|--------------------------------|--|
| Eye contact | : Causes serious eye damage. |
| Inhalation | : Harmful if inhaled. May cause respiratory irritation. Exposure to decomposition products may cause a health hazard. Serious effects may be delayed following exposure. |
| Skin contact | : Causes skin irritation. |
| Ingestion | : Harmful if swallowed. Irritating to mouth, throat and stomach. |
| <u>Over-exposure signs/syr</u> | nptoms |
| Eye contact | : Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain watering redness |
| Inhalation | : Adverse symptoms may include the following: respiratory tract irritation coughing headache drowsiness/fatigue dizziness/vertigo muscle weakness unconsciousness |
| Skin contact | : Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation redness blistering may occur |
| Date of issue/Date of revision | : 12/06/2018 AkzoNob |

AkzoNobel

| SECTION 4: First aid measures | | | | |
|---|--|--|--|--|
| Ingestion | : Adverse symptoms may include the following: stomach pains | | | |
| 4.3 Indication of any immedi | ate medical attention and special treatment needed | | | |
| Notes to physician | : In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours. | | | |
| Specific treatments | : No specific treatment. | | | |
| SECTION 5: Firefight | ting measures | | | |
| 5.1 Extinguishing media | | | | |
| Suitable extinguishing media | : Use dry chemical, CO ₂ , water spray (fog) or foam. | | | |
| Unsuitable extinguishing media | : Do not use water jet. | | | |
| 5.2 Special hazards arising f | rom the substance or mixture | | | |
| Hazards from the substance or mixture | : Highly flammable liquid and vapour. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. This material is very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain. | | | |
| Hazardous thermal decomposition products | : Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide carbon monoxide nitrogen oxides sulfur oxides carbonyl halides metal oxide/oxides | | | |
| 5.3 Advice for firefighters | | | | |
| Special protective actions for fire-fighters | : Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool. | | | |
| Special protective equipment for fire-fighters | : Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode. Clothing for fire-fighters (including helmets, protective boots and gloves) conforming to European standard EN 469 will provide a basic level of protection for chemical incidents. | | | |

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

| 6.1 Personal precautions, pro | ote | ctive equipment and emergency procedures |
|--------------------------------|-----|---|
| For non-emergency personnel | : | No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilt material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Do not breathe vapour or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment. |
| For emergency responders | : | If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel". |
| 6.2 Environmental precautions | : | Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities. Collect spillage. |

12/06/2018

:

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

| 6.3 Methods and material | for containment and cleaning up |
|---------------------------------|--|
| Small spill | : Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. |
| Large spill | : Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach the release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilt product. |
| 6.4 Reference to other sections | : See Section 1 for emergency contact information. See Section 8 for information on appropriate personal protective equipment. See Section 13 for additional waste treatment information |

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

| Protective measures | : Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapour or mist. Do not ingest. Avoid release to the environment. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container. |
|--|---|
| Advice on general occupational hygiene | : Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures. |

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Vapours are heavier than air and may spread along floors. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabelled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

| 7.3 Specific end use(s) | |
|--------------------------------------|------------------|
| Recommendations | : Not available. |
| Industrial sector specific solutions | : Not available. |



SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. Information is provided based on typical anticipated uses of the product. Additional measures might be required for bulk handling or other uses that could significantly increase worker exposure or environmental releases.

XInternational

8.1 Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

| Product/ingredient name | | Exposure limit values |
|--|---|--|
| xylene | | EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 12/2011). Absorbed through skin. STEL: 441 mg/m ³ 15 minutes. STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 220 mg/m ³ 8 hours. TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. |
| butan-1-ol | | EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 12/2011). Absorbed through skin. STEL: 154 mg/m ³ 15 minutes. STEL: 50 ppm 15 minutes. |
| ethylbenzene | | EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 12/2011). Absorbed through skin. STEL: 552 mg/m ³ 15 minutes. STEL: 125 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 441 mg/m ³ 8 hours. TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours. |
| 4-methylpentan-2-one | | EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 12/2011). Absorbed through skin. STEL: 416 mg/m ³ 15 minutes. STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 208 mg/m ³ 8 hours. TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. |
| Recommended monitoring : procedures | atmosphere or l of the ventilation protective equip the following: E the assessment limit values and atmospheres - (of exposure to c (Workplace atm for the measure | ontains ingredients with exposure limits, personal, workplace biological monitoring may be required to determine the effectiveness in or other control measures and/or the necessity to use respiratory oment. Reference should be made to monitoring standards, such as suropean Standard EN 689 (Workplace atmospheres - Guidance for t of exposure by inhalation to chemical agents for comparison with measurement strategy) European Standard EN 14042 (Workplace Guide for the application and use of procedures for the assessment chemical and biological agents) European Standard EN 482 nospheres - General requirements for the performance of procedures ement of chemical agents) Reference to national guidance methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be |
| DNELs/DMELs No DNELs/DMELs available. | | |
| <u>PNECs</u> No PNECs available | | |

8.2 Exposure controls

Appropriate engineering controls

: Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapour or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.

Individual protection measures

12/06/2018

:



SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

| Hygiene measures | bef Apr Wa | Ish hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, ore eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. propriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Ish contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and ety showers are close to the workstation location. |
|---------------------------------|--|---|
| Eye/face protection | ass gas unl gog | ety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk essment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, ses or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, ess the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash ggles and/or face shield. If inhalation hazards exist, a full-face respirator may be uired instead. |
| Skin protection | | |
| Hand protection | aga glo pro 372 pro acc of t intc ass and wo har pro spe the | e chemical resistant gloves classified under Standard EN 374: Protective gloves ainst chemicals and micro-organisms. Recommended: Viton® or Nitrile ves. When prolonged or frequently repeated contact may occur, a glove with a tection class of 6 (breakthrough time greater than 480 minutes according to EN b) is recommended. When only brief contact is expected, a glove with a tection class of 2 or higher (breakthrough time greater than 30 minutes cording to EN 374) is recommended. The user must check that the final choice to f glove selected for handling this product is the most appropriate and takes o account the particular conditions of use, as included in the user's risk tessment. NOTICE: The selection of a specific glove for a particular application d duration of use in a workplace should also take into account all relevant rkplace factors such as, but not limited to: Other chemicals which may be noted, physical requirements (cut/puncture protection, dexterity, thermal tection), potential body reactions to glove materials, as well as the instructions/ ecifications provided by the glove supplier. Barrier creams may help to protect exposed areas of the skin but should not be applied once exposure has curred. |
| Body protection | bei bef wea diso Eur | sonal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task ng performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist ore handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, ar anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static charges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves. Refer to opean Standard EN 1149 for further information on material and design uirements and test methods. |
| Other skin protection | sel | propriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be ected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be proved by a specialist before handling this product. |
| Respiratory protection | sta mu | e a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved ndard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Respirator selection st be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product d the safe working limits of the selected respirator. |
| Environmental exposure controls | ens In s | issions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to sure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process upment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels. |

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

| <u>Appearance</u> | |
|---|--|
| Physical state | : Liquid. |
| Colour | : Black. |
| Odour | : Solvent. |
| Odour threshold | : Not available. |
| рН | : Not applicable. |
| Melting point/freezing point | : Not available. |
| Initial boiling point and boiling range | : Lowest known value: 136.16°C (277.1°F) (xylene). |
| Date of issue/Date of revision | : 12/06/2018 |



X.International.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

| Flash point | : Closed cup: 22°C |
|---|--|
| Evaporation rate | : Not available. |
| Flammability (solid, gas) | : Not available. |
| Upper/lower flammability explosive limits | or : Greatest known range: Lower: 1.4% Upper: 11.3% (butan-1-ol) |
| Vapour pressure | : Not available. |
| Vapour density | : Not available. |
| Relative density | : 1.56 |
| Solubility(ies) | : Insoluble in the following materials: cold water. |
| Partition coefficient: n-oc | tanol/: Not available. |
| water | |
| Auto-ignition temperature | e : Not available. |
| Decomposition temperate | ure : Not available. |
| Viscosity | : Kinematic (room temperature): 64 mm ² /s |
| Explosive properties | : Not available. |
| Oxidising properties | : Not available. |
| | |

9.2 Other information

No additional information.

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

| 10.1 Reactivity | : No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients. |
|--|---|
| 10.2 Chemical stability | : The product is stable. |
| 10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions | : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur. |
| 10.4 Conditions to avoid | : Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Do not pressurise, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind or expose containers to heat or sources of ignition. |
| 10.5 Incompatible materials | : Reactive or incompatible with the following materials: oxidizing materials |
| 10.6 Hazardous decomposition products | : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced. |

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1 Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

| Product/ingredient name | Result | Species | Dose | Exposure |
|-------------------------|---------------------------------|---------|-------------|----------|
| dicopper oxide | LD50 Oral | Rat | 1340 mg/kg | - |
| xylene | LC50 Inhalation Gas. | Rat | 5000 ppm | 4 hours |
| - | LD50 Oral | Rat | 4300 mg/kg | - |
| butan-1-ol | LC50 Inhalation Vapour | Rat | 24 mg/l | 4 hours |
| | LD50 Dermal | Rabbit | 3400 mg/kg | - |
| ethylbenzene | LC50 Inhalation Gas. | Rabbit | 4000 ppm | 4 hours |
| 2 | LD50 Dermal | Rabbit | 17800 mg/kg | - |
| | LD50 Oral | Rat | 3500 mg/kg | - |
| 4-methylpentan-2-one | LD50 Oral | Rat | 2080 mg/kg | - |
| pyrithione zinc | LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists | Rat | 1.03 mg/l | 4 hours |
| | LD50 Dermal | Rat | >2000 mg/kg | - |

12/06/2018

:



SECTION 11: Toxicological information

| | 5 | | | |
|--------------------|------------------|-----|-----------|---|
| | LD50 Oral | Rat | 269 mg/kg | - |
| Conclusion/Summary | : Not available. | | | |

X.International.

Conclusion/Summary

Acute toxicity estimates

| Route | ATE value |
|------------------------------|--------------|
| Oral | 1753.6 mg/kg |
| Dermal | 5736.1 mg/kg |
| Inhalation (gases) | 26073.3 ppm |
| Inhalation (vapours) | 132.9 mg/l |
| Inhalation (dusts and mists) | 2.871 mg/l |

Irritation/Corrosion

| Product/ingredient name | Result | Species | Score | Exposure | Observation |
|-------------------------|----------------------------|----------|-------|-----------------------------|-------------|
| xylene | Eyes - Mild irritant | Rabbit | - | 87 milligrams | - |
| | Eyes - Severe irritant | Rabbit | - | 24 hours 5 | - |
| | | | | milligrams | |
| | Skin - Mild irritant | Rat | - | 8 hours 60 | - |
| | Skin - Moderate irritant | Rabbit | _ | microliters 24 hours 500 | _ |
| | Skill - Moderate Illitalit | Rabbit | - | milligrams | - |
| | Skin - Moderate irritant | Rabbit | _ | 100 Percent | - |
| butan-1-ol | Eyes - Severe irritant | Rabbit | - | 24 hours 2 | - |
| | , | | | milligrams | |
| | Eyes - Severe irritant | Rabbit | - | 0.005 | - |
| | | | | Mililiters | |
| | Skin - Moderate irritant | Rabbit | - | 24 hours 20 | - |
| | | D-b-b-it | | milligrams | |
| ethylbenzene | Eyes - Severe irritant | Rabbit | - | 500 milligrama | - |
| | Skin - Mild irritant | Rabbit | _ | milligrams 24 hours 15 | _ |
| | | Tabbit | | milligrams | - |
| 4-methylpentan-2-one | Eyes - Moderate irritant | Rabbit | - | 24 hours 100 | - |
| | , | | | microliters | |
| | Eyes - Severe irritant | Rabbit | - | 40 milligrams | - |
| | Skin - Mild irritant | Rabbit | - | 24 hours 500 | - |
| | | | | milligrams | |
| Conclusion/Summary | : Not available. | | | | |
| <u>Sensitisation</u> | | | | | |
| Conclusion/Summary | : Not available. | | | | |
| <u>Mutagenicity</u> | | | | | |
| Conclusion/Summary | : Not available. | | | | |
| <u>Carcinogenicity</u> | | | | | |
| Conclusion/Summary | : Not available. | | | | |
| Reproductive toxicity | | | | | |
| Conclusion/Summary | : Not available. | | | | |

Teratogenicity

Conclusion/Summary : Not available.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

:

12/06/2018

| Product/ingredient name | Category | Route of exposure | Target organs |
|-------------------------|------------|-------------------|---|
| xylene | Category 3 | Not applicable. | Respiratory tract irritation |
| butan-1-ol | Category 3 | Not applicable. | Respiratory tract irritation and Narcotic effects |
| ethylbenzene | Category 3 | Not applicable. | Respiratory tract irritation |
| 4-methylpentan-2-one | Category 3 | Not applicable. | Respiratory tract |

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

| irritation |
|------------|

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

| Product/ingredient name | Category | Route of exposure | Target organs |
|-------------------------|------------|-------------------|----------------|
| ethylbenzene | Category 2 | Not determined | hearing organs |

Aspiration hazard

| Product/ingredient name | Result |
|-------------------------|--------------------------------|
| xylene | ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 |
| ethylbenzene | ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 |

Information on likely routes : Not available. of exposure Potential acute health effects

| Eye contact | : Causes serious eye damage. |
|--------------|--|
| Inhalation | Harmful if inhaled. May cause respiratory irritation. Exposure to decomposition products may cause a health hazard. Serious effects may be delayed following exposure. |
| Skin contact | : Causes skin irritation. |
| Ingestion | : Harmful if swallowed. Irritating to mouth, throat and stomach. |

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

| Eye contact | : Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain watering redness |
|--------------|--|
| Inhalation | : Adverse symptoms may include the following: respiratory tract irritation coughing headache drowsiness/fatigue dizziness/vertigo muscle weakness unconsciousness |
| Skin contact | : Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation redness blistering may occur |
| Ingestion | : Adverse symptoms may include the following: stomach pains |

Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

| Short term exposure | | |
|--------------------------------|-----|----------------|
| Potential immediate effects | : | Not available. |
| Potential delayed effects | : | Not available. |
| <u>Long term exposure</u> | | |
| Potential immediate effects | : | Not available. |
| Potential delayed effects | : | Not available. |
| Potential chronic health effe | ect | <u>s</u> |
| Not available. | | |
| Conclusion/Summary | : | Not available. |
| Date of issue/Date of revision | | : 12/06/2018 |

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

| | - |
|-----------------------|---|
| General | : No known significant effects or critical hazards. |
| Carcinogenicity | : No known significant effects or critical hazards. |
| Mutagenicity | : No known significant effects or critical hazards. |
| Teratogenicity | : No known significant effects or critical hazards. |
| Developmental effects | : No known significant effects or critical hazards. |
| Fertility effects | : No known significant effects or critical hazards. |
| | |

Other information

: Not available.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1 Toxicity

| Product/ingredient name | Result | Species | Exposure |
|-------------------------|---|--------------------------------------|-----------|
| dicopper oxide | Acute EC50 0.042 mg/l Fresh water | Daphnia - Daphnia similis | 48 hours |
| | Acute IC50 0.71 mg/l Fresh water | Algae - Pseudokirchneriella | 96 hours |
| | | subcapitata - Exponential | |
| | | growth phase | |
| | Acute LC50 0.075 mg/l Fresh water | Fish - Danio rerio | 96 hours |
| | Chronic IC10 0.009 mg/l Fresh water | Algae - Pseudokirchneriella | 96 hours |
| | | subcapitata - Exponential | |
| | | growth phase | |
| xylene | Acute LC50 8500 µg/I Marine water | Crustaceans - Palaemonetes | 48 hours |
| | | pugio | |
| | Acute LC50 13400 µg/l Fresh water | Fish - Pimephales promelas | 96 hours |
| butan-1-ol | Acute EC50 1983 to 2072 mg/l Fresh | Daphnia - Daphnia magna | 48 hours |
| | water | | |
| | Acute LC50 1910 mg/l Fresh water | Fish - Pimephales promelas - | 96 hours |
| | | Juvenile (Fledgling, Hatchling, | |
| | | Weanling) | |
| ethylbenzene | Acute EC50 3.6 mg/l Fresh water | Algae - Pseudokirchneriella | 96 hours |
| | Aguta I CEO 18 4 to 25 4 mg/l Freeh | subcapitata | 19 hours |
| | Acute LC50 18.4 to 25.4 mg/l Fresh water | Daphnia - Daphnia magna - Neonate | 48 hours |
| | Acute LC50 5.1 to 5.7 mg/l Marine | Fish - Menidia menidia | 96 hours |
| | water | | 30 110013 |
| 4-methylpentan-2-one | Acute LC50 537000 to 557000 µg/l | Fish - Pimephales promelas - | 96 hours |
| | Fresh water | Juvenile (Fledgling, Hatchling, | 30 110013 |
| | | Weanling) | |
| | Chronic NOEC 78 mg/l Fresh water | Daphnia - Daphnia magna | 21 days |
| pyrithione zinc | Acute EC50 0.0012 mg/l | Algae - Skeletonema costatum | 120 hours |
| | Acute EC50 0.0082 mg/l | Daphnia - Daphnia magna | 48 hours |
| | Acute LC50 0.0026 mg/l | Fish - Pimephales Promelas | 96 hours |

Conclusion/Summary

: Not available.

12.2 Persistence and degradability

Conclusion/Summary : Not available.

| Product/ingredient name | Aquatic half-life | Photolysis | Biodegradability |
|-------------------------|-------------------|------------|------------------|
| ethylbenzene | - | - | Readily |

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

| Product/ingredient name | LogPow | BCF | Potential |
|-------------------------|--------|-------------|-----------|
| xylene | 3.12 | 8.1 to 25.9 | low |
| butan-1-ol | 1 | - | low |
| ethylbenzene | 3.6 | 15 | low |
| 4-methylpentan-2-one | 1.9 | - | low |
| pyrithione zinc | 0.9 | 11 | low |

AkzoNobel

XInternational.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

| 12.4 Mobility in soil | |
|--|------------------|
| Soil/water partition coefficient (Koc) | : Not available. |
| Mobility | : Not available. |

| 12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment | | |
|---|-------------------|--|
| PBT | : Not applicable. | |
| vPvB | : Not applicable. | |

12.6 Other adverse effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

13.1 Waste treatment methods

| Product | |
|---------------------|---|
| Methods of disposal | The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. |
| Hazardous waste | : The classification of the product may meet the criteria for a hazardous waste. |

European waste catalogue (EWC)

| Code number | Waste designation |
|---------------------|---|
| EWC 08 01 11* | waste paint and varnish containing organic solvents or other hazardous substances |
| Packaging | |
| Methods of disposal | : Ensure waste is collected and contained. Store separately. Dispose of containers contaminated by the product in accordance with local or national legal provisions. This material and its container must be disposed of as hazardous waste. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. |
| Special precautions | : This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapour from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. |

SECTION 14: Transport information

| | ADR/RID | IMDG | ΙΑΤΑ |
|------------------------------------|---------|---|--------|
| 14.1 UN number | UN1263 | UN1263 | UN1263 |
| 14.2 UN proper shipping name | PAINT | PAINT. Marine pollutant (dicopper oxide, pyrithione zinc) | PAINT |
| 14.3 Transport hazard class(es) | 3 | 3 | 3 |
| | | | |

SECTION 14: Transport information

| 14.4 Packing group | 11 | II | 11 |
|--|--|---|--|
| 14.5 Environmental hazards | Yes. | Yes. | No. |
| Additional information | The environmentally hazardous substance mark is not required when transported in sizes of ≤5 L or ≤5 kg. Special provisions 640 (C) Tunnel code (D/E) | The marine pollutant mark is not required when transported in sizes of ≤5 L or ≤5 kg. | The environmentally hazardous substance mark may appear if required by other transportation regulations. |
| IMDG Code Segregation : Not applicable. group | | | |
| 14.6 Special precautions for : Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage. | | | |

| 14.7 Transport in bulk according to Annex II of | : Not available. |
|---|------------------|
| Marpol and the IBC Code | |

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture <u>EU Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)</u> Annex XIV - List of substances subject to authorisation

| Annex AIV - LIST OF SUDSTAL | ICE | <u> 35 Su</u> | bject to authorisation | |
|---|------------------------------------|---------------|------------------------|--|
| <u>Annex XIV</u> | | | | |
| Substances of very high o | :01 | ncerr | 1 | |
| None of the components an | None of the components are listed. | | | |
| Annex XVII - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles | : | Not | applicable. | |
| Other EU regulations | | | | |
| Europe inventory | : | Not | determined. | |
| Special packaging requirem | en | <u>ts</u> | | |
| Containers to be fitted with child-resistant fastenings | : | Not | applicable. | |
| Tactile warning of danger | : | Not | applicable. | |
| Ozone depleting substance Not listed. | <u>es</u> | <u>(100</u> | <u>5/2009/EU)</u> | |
| Prior Informed Consent (PI | C) | <u>(649</u> | <u>/2012/EU)</u> | |
| Not listed. | | | | |
| Biocidal products regulation | <u>1</u> | | | |
| Date of issue/Date of revision | | : | 12/06/2018 | |

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

| Product type | pe : PT21 Antifouling products Liquid. Paint. | | | |
|-----------------------------------|--|--|--|--|
| Type (Antifouling) | pe (Antifouling) : Antifouling Type - Organotin-free self-polishing | | | |
| Active substances | | | | |
| Ingredient name | | | | |
| dicopper oxide pyrithione zinc | | | | |
| Directions for use, frequen | cy of application and dose rate | | | |
| Theoretical Coverage: Airles | s Spray 2.9 m2/I @ 140 micron dft | | | |
| Theoretical Coverage: Brush | , Roller 5.7 m2/l @ 70 micron dft | | | |
| Restrictions on use | : For professional use only. | | | |
| Application methods: | : Application Method: Airless Spray, Brush, Roller. | | | |
| Recommended Cleaner. | : Use GTA007, International Thinner/Eqpt Cleaner for cleaning of paint application equipment. | | | |
| MO | : Compliant with the International Convention on the Control of Harmful Antifouling Systems on Ships, 2001. | | | |

| National regulations |
|-------------------------------------|
| Biocidal products regulation |

| Biocidal products regulation | |
|------------------------------|---|
| Product type | : PT21 Antifouling products Liquid. Paint. |
| References | : Conforms to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH), Annex II and Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 (CLP) |

15.2 Chemical safety

: No Chemical Safety Assessment has been carried out.

assessment

SECTION 16: Other information

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

| Abbreviations and acronyms | ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate CLP = Classification, Labelling and Packaging Regulation [Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008] DMEL = Derived Minimal Effect Level DNEL = Derived No Effect Level EUH statement = CLP-specific Hazard statement PBT = Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic PNEC = Predicted No Effect Concentration RRN = REACH Registration Number |
|----------------------------|--|
| | vPvB = Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative |

Procedure used to derive the classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]

| Classification | Justification |
|-------------------------|-----------------------|
| Flam. Liq. 2, H225 | On basis of test data |
| Acute Tox. 4, H302 | Calculation method |
| Acute Tox. 4, H332 | Calculation method |
| Skin Irrit. 2, H315 | Calculation method |
| Eye Dam. 1, H318 | Calculation method |
| STOT SE 3, H335 | Calculation method |
| Aquatic Acute 1, H400 | Calculation method |
| Aquatic Chronic 1, H410 | Calculation method |

SECTION 16: Other information

X.International.

| Full text of abbreviated H statements | : | H225 H226 H301 H302 H304 H312 H315 H318 H319 H331 H332 H335 H336 H373 (hearing organs) H400 H410 | Highly flammable liquid and vapour. Flammable liquid and vapour. Toxic if swallowed. Harmful if swallowed and enters airways. May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. Harmful in contact with skin. Causes skin irritation. Causes serious eye damage. Causes serious eye damage. Causes serious eye irritation. Toxic if inhaled. Harmful if inhaled. May cause respiratory irritation. May cause drowsiness or dizziness. May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. (hearing organs) Very toxic to aquatic life. Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. |
|---|---|--|--|
| Full text of classifications [CLP/GHS] | : | Acute Tox. 3, H301 Acute Tox. 3, H331 Acute Tox. 4, H302 Acute Tox. 4, H312 Acute Tox. 4, H312 Acute Tox. 4, H332 Aquatic Acute 1, H400 Aquatic Chronic 1, H410 Asp. Tox. 1, H304 EUH066 Eye Dam. 1, H318 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 Flam. Liq. 2, H225 Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 STOT RE 2, H373 (hearing organs) STOT SE 3, H336 | ACUTE TOXICITY (oral) - Category 3 ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation) - Category 3 ACUTE TOXICITY (oral) - Category 4 ACUTE TOXICITY (dermal) - Category 4 ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation) - Category 4 ACUTE AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 1 LONG-TERM AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 1 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking. SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/ EYE IRRITATION - Category 1 SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/ EYE IRRITATION - Category 2 FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 2 FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3 SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) (hearing organs) - Category 2 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Respiratory tract irritation) - Category 3 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Narcotic effects) - Category 3 |
| Date of printing | : | 12/06/2018 | · |
| Date of issue/ Date of revision | | 12/06/2018 | |
| Date of previous issue | : | 17/10/2014 | |
| Version | : | 2 | |

Notice to reader

IMPORTANT NOTE: the information contained in this data sheet (as may be amended from time to time) is not intended to be exhaustive and is presented in good faith and believed to be correct as of the date on which it is prepared. It is the user's responsibility to verify that this data sheet is current prior to using the product to which it relates.

Persons using the information must make their own determinations as to the suitability of the relevant product for their purposes prior to use. Where those purposes are other than as specifically recommended in this safety data sheet, then the user uses the product at their own risk.

MANUFACTURER'S DISCLAIMER: the conditions, methods and factors affecting the handling, storage, application, use and disposal of the product are not under the control and knowledge of the manufacturer. Therefore the manufacturer does not assume responsibility for any adverse events which may occur in the handling, storage, application, use, misuse or disposal of the product and, so far as permitted by applicable law, the manufacturer expressly disclaims liability for any and all loss, damages and/or expenses arising out of or in any way connected to the storage, handling, use or disposal of the product. Safe handling, storage,



SECTION 16: Other information

use and disposal are the responsibility of the users. Users must comply with all applicable health and safety laws.

Unless we have agreed to the contrary, all products are supplied by us subject to our standard terms and conditions of business, which include limitations of liability. Please make sure to refer to these and / or the relevant agreement which you have with AkzoNobel (or its affiliate, as the case may be). © AkzoNobel

