

SAFETY DATA SHEET

Interthane 864 LSA HP Deck Pewter Part A

Section 1. Chemical product and company identification

- A. Product name** : Interthane 864 LSA HP Deck Pewter Part A
Product code : PLA786
- B. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against**
- Not applicable.
- C. Manufacturer** : International Paint Ltd.
Stoneygate Lane
Felling
Gateshead
Tyne and Wear
NE10 0JY UK
Tel: +44 (0)191 469 6111 Fax: +44 (0)191 438 3711
- Emergency telephone number (with hours of operation)** : +44 (0)191 469 6111 (24H)
- e-mail address of person responsible for this SDS** : sdsfellinguk@akzonobel.com

Section 2. Hazards identification

- A. Hazard classification** : FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3
CARCINOGENICITY - Category 1A
LONG-TERM AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 3

B. GHS label elements, including precautionary statements

Symbol :



Signal word : Danger

Hazard statements : Flammable liquid and vapour.
May cause cancer.
Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Precautionary statements

- Prevention** : Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Use personal protective equipment as required. Wear protective gloves. Wear eye or face protection. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Use explosion-proof electrical, ventilating, lighting and all material-handling equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Keep container tightly closed. Avoid release to the environment.
- Response** : IF exposed or concerned: Get medical attention. IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water or shower.
- Storage** : Store locked up. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.

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Section 2. Hazards identification

Disposal : Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.

Supplemental label elements :

C. Other hazards which do not result in classification : None known.

Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture : Mixture

| Ingredient name | Common name | CAS number | % | Classification |
|--|--|------------|-----------|---|
| silicon carbide | silicon carbide | 409-21-2 | ≥10 - <20 | Carc. 1B, H350 |
| crystalline silica, respirable powder | silica, crystalline - quartz | 14808-60-7 | ≥10 - <20 | Carc. 1A, H350 |
| Talc , not containing asbestiform fibres | talc (non-asbestos form) | 14807-96-6 | ≥5 - <10 | Not classified. |
| Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom. | solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom. | 64742-95-6 | <10 | Flam. Liq. 3, H226 STOT SE 3, H335 STOT SE 3, H336 Asp. Tox. 1, H304 Aquatic Chronic 2, H411 |
| 1,2,4-trimethylbenzene | 1,2,4-trimethylbenzene | 95-63-6 | <10 | Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Acute Tox. 4, H332 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 STOT SE 3, H335 Aquatic Chronic 2, H411 |
| cyclohexanone | cyclohexanone | 108-94-1 | ≥0.1 - <5 | Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Acute Tox. 4, H302 Acute Tox. 4, H332 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 Carc. 2, H351 |
| cobalt chromite blue green spinel | c.i. pigment blue 36 | 68187-11-1 | ≥1 - <5 | Not classified. |
| Zeolites | zeolite | 1318-02-1 | ≥1 - <5 | Not classified. |
| mesitylene | mesitylene | 108-67-8 | <10 | Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 STOT SE 3, H335 Aquatic Chronic 2, H411 |
| titanium dioxide | Titanium dioxide | 13463-67-7 | ≥0.1 - <5 | Carc. 2, H351 |

Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

| | | | | |
|---|--|------------|-----|--|
| crystalline silica, respirable powder | Respirable content of crystalline silica in whole product | 14808-60-7 | <10 | Carc. 1A, H350 STOT RE 1, H372 |
| bis(1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl) sebacate | decanedioic acid, bis(1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl) ester | 41556-26-7 | <10 | Skin Sens. 1, H317 Aquatic Acute 1, H400 Aquatic Chronic 1, H410 |
| methyl 1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl sebacate | decanedioic acid, methyl 1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl ester | 82919-37-7 | <10 | Skin Sens. 1, H317 Aquatic Acute 1, H400 Aquatic Chronic 1, H410 |

There are no ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

Section 4. First aid measures

- A. Eye contact** : Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention.
- B. Skin contact** : Flush contaminated skin with plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.
- C. Inhalation** : Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.
- D. Ingestion** : Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Get medical attention. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.
- E. Notes to physician** : Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.
- Specific treatments** : No specific treatment.

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Section 4. First aid measures

Protection of first-aiders : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

Section 5. Firefighting measures

A. Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media : Use dry chemical, CO₂, water spray (fog) or foam.

Unsuitable extinguishing media : Do not use water jet.

B. Specific hazards arising from the chemical : Flammable liquid and vapour. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. This material is harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.

Hazardous thermal decomposition products : Decomposition products may include the following materials:
carbon dioxide
carbon monoxide
metal oxide/oxides

C. Special protective equipment for fire-fighters : Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

Special precautions for fire-fighters : Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.

Section 6. Accidental release measures

A. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilt material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapour or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.

B. Environmental precautions : Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities.

C. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Small spill : Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

Section 6. Accidental release measures

- Large spill** : Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach the release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilt product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

Section 7. Handling and storage

A. Precautions for safe handling

- Protective measures** : Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not ingest. Avoid breathing vapour or mist. Avoid release to the environment. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.
- Advice on general occupational hygiene** : Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

- B. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities** : Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Vapours are heavier than air and may spread along floors. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabelled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

A. Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

| Ingredient name | Exposure limits |
|--|---|
| silicon carbide | Ministry of Labor (Republic of Korea, 8/2013). TWA: 10 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form: total dust with less than 1% of free SiO ₂ |
| crystalline silica, respirable powder | Ministry of Labor (Republic of Korea, 8/2013). TWA: 0.05 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form: Respirable fraction |
| Talc , not containing asbestiform fibres | Ministry of Labor (Republic of Korea, 8/2013). TWA: 2 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form: Respirable fraction TWA: 6 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form: total fiber (|

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

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|---------------------------------------|--|
| 1,2,4-trimethylbenzene | fiber size less than 5 µm) Ministry of Labor (Republic of Korea, 8/2013). TWA: 125 mg/m ³ 8 hours. TWA: 25 ppm 8 hours. |
| cyclohexanone | Ministry of Labor (Republic of Korea, 8/2013). Absorbed through skin. TWA: 100 mg/m ³ 8 hours. TWA: 25 ppm 8 hours. STEL: 200 mg/m ³ 15 minutes. STEL: 50 ppm 15 minutes. |
| cobalt chromite blue green spinel | Ministry of Labor (Republic of Korea, 8/2013). TWA: 0.5 mg/m ³ , (as Cr) 8 hours. |
| Zeolites | ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2015). TWA: 1 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form: Respirable fraction |
| mesitylene | Ministry of Labor (Republic of Korea, 8/2013). TWA: 125 mg/m ³ 8 hours. TWA: 25 ppm 8 hours. |
| titanium dioxide | Ministry of Labor (Republic of Korea, 8/2013). TWA: 10 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form: total dust with less than 1% of free SiO ₂ |
| crystalline silica, respirable powder | Ministry of Labor (Republic of Korea, 8/2013). TWA: 0.05 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form: Respirable fraction |

- B. Appropriate engineering controls** : Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapour or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.
- Environmental exposure controls** : Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

C. Personal protective equipment

- Respiratory protection** : Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator.
- Eye protection** : Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: safety glasses with side-shields.
- Hand protection** : Use chemical resistant gloves classified under Standard EN 374: Protective gloves against chemicals and micro-organisms. Recommended: Viton® or Nitrile gloves. When prolonged or frequently repeated contact may occur, a glove with a protection class of 6 (breakthrough time greater than 480 minutes according to EN 374) is recommended. When only brief contact is expected, a glove with a protection class of 2 or higher (breakthrough time greater than 30 minutes according to EN 374) is recommended. The user must check that the final choice of type of glove selected for handling this product is the most appropriate and takes into account the

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

particular conditions of use, as included in the user's risk assessment. NOTICE: The selection of a specific glove for a particular application and duration of use in a workplace should also take into account all relevant workplace factors such as, but not limited to: Other chemicals which may be handled, physical requirements (cut/puncture protection, dexterity, thermal protection), potential body reactions to glove materials, as well as the instructions/specifications provided by the glove supplier. Barrier creams may help to protect the exposed areas of the skin but should not be applied once exposure has occurred.

- Body protection** : Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves.
- Hygiene measures** : Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

A. Appearance

- Physical state** : Liquid.
- Colour** : Grey.
- B. Odour** : Solvent.
- C. Odour threshold** : Not available.
- D. pH** : Not applicable.
- E. Melting/freezing point** : Not available.
- F. Boiling point/boiling range** : Not available.
- G. Flash point** : Closed cup: 27°C (80.6°F)
- Fire point** : Not available.
- H. Evaporation rate** : Not available.
- I. Flammability (solid, gas)** : Not available.
- J. Lower and upper explosive (flammable) limits** : Greatest known range: Lower: 1.4% Upper: 7.6% (Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom.)
- K. Vapour pressure** : Not available.
- L. Solubility** : Not available.
- M. Vapour density** : Not available.
- N. Relative density** : 1.56
- O. Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water** : Not available.
- P. Auto-ignition temperature** : Not available.
- Q. Decomposition temperature** : Not available.
- R. Viscosity** : Kinematic (room temperature): 100 mm²/s (100 cSt)
- S. Molecular weight** : Not applicable.

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Section 10. Stability and reactivity

- A. Chemical stability** : The product is stable.
- Possibility of hazardous reactions** : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
- B. Conditions to avoid** : Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Do not pressurise, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind or expose containers to heat or sources of ignition.
- C. Incompatible materials** : Reactive or incompatible with the following materials:
oxidizing materials
- D. Hazardous decomposition products** : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

Section 11. Toxicological information

- A. Information on likely routes of exposure** : Not available.

Potential acute health effects

- Inhalation** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
- Ingestion** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
- Skin contact** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
- Eye contact** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Over-exposure signs/symptoms

- Inhalation** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:
headache
drowsiness/fatigue
dizziness/vertigo
muscle weakness
unconsciousness
- Ingestion** : No specific data.
- Skin contact** : No specific data.
- Eye contact** : No specific data.

B. Health hazards

Acute toxicity

| Product/ingredient name | Result | Species | Dose | Exposure |
|---|------------------------|---------|-------------------------|----------|
| Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom. 1,2,4-trimethylbenzene | LD50 Oral | Rat | 8400 mg/kg | - |
| | LC50 Inhalation Vapour | Rat | 18000 mg/m ³ | 4 hours |
| cyclohexanone | LD50 Oral | Rat | 5 g/kg | - |
| | LC50 Inhalation Gas. | Rat | 8000 ppm | 4 hours |
| mesitylene | LD50 Oral | Rat | 1800 mg/kg | - |
| | LC50 Inhalation Vapour | Rat | 24000 mg/m ³ | 4 hours |
| | LD50 Oral | Rat | 5000 mg/kg | - |

Irritation/Corrosion

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Section 11. Toxicological information

| Product/ingredient name | Result | Species | Score | Exposure | Observation |
|--|--------------------------|---------|-------|---|-------------|
| Talc , not containing asbestiform fibres | Skin - Mild irritant | Human | - | 72 hours 300 Micrograms Intermittent | - |
| Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom. | Eyes - Mild irritant | Rabbit | - | 24 hours 100 microliters | - |
| cyclohexanone | Eyes - Severe irritant | Rabbit | - | 24 hours 250 Micrograms | - |
| mesitylene | Eyes - Severe irritant | Rabbit | - | 20 milligrams | - |
| | Skin - Mild irritant | Human | - | 48 hours 50 Percent | - |
| | Skin - Mild irritant | Rabbit | - | 500 milligrams | - |
| titanium dioxide | Eyes - Mild irritant | Rabbit | - | 24 hours 500 milligrams | - |
| | Skin - Moderate irritant | Rabbit | - | 24 hours 20 milligrams | - |
| | Skin - Mild irritant | Human | - | 72 hours 300 Micrograms Intermittent | - |

Sensitisation

Not available.

CMR - ISHA Article 42 Public Notice No 2013-38 Occupational Exposure Limits

| Product/ingredient name | CAS number | Classification |
|-----------------------------|------------|----------------|
| Silicon carbide | 409-21-2 | Carc. 1B |
| Silica (Crystalline quartz) | 14808-60-7 | Carc. 1A |
| Cyclohexanone | 108-94-1 | Carc. 2 |
| Titanium dioxide | 13463-67-7 | Carc. 2 |
| Silica (Crystalline quartz) | 14808-60-7 | Carc. 1A |

Mutagenicity

Not available.

Carcinogenicity

Not available.

Reproductive toxicity

Not available.

Teratogenicity

Not available.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

| Name | Category | Route of exposure | Target organs |
|--|------------|-------------------|---|
| Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom. | Category 3 | Not applicable. | Respiratory tract irritation and Narcotic effects |
| 1,2,4-trimethylbenzene | Category 3 | Not applicable. | Respiratory tract irritation |
| mesitylene | Category 3 | Not applicable. | Respiratory tract irritation |

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Section 11. Toxicological information

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

| Name | Category | Route of exposure | Target organs |
|---------------------------------------|------------|-------------------|----------------|
| crystalline silica, respirable powder | Category 1 | Not determined | Not determined |

Aspiration hazard

| Name | Result |
|--|--------------------------------|
| Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom. | ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 |

Potential chronic health effects

Chronic toxicity

Not available.

General : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Carcinogenicity : May cause cancer. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of exposure.

Mutagenicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Teratogenicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Developmental effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Fertility effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

ATE value

| Route | Result |
|----------------------|---------------|
| Oral | 38541.5 mg/kg |
| Inhalation (gases) | 279815.2 ppm |
| Inhalation (vapours) | 447.2 mg/l |

Section 12. Ecological information

A. Ecotoxicity

| Product/ingredient name | Result | Species | Exposure |
|--|--|--|----------|
| Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom. | Acute EC50 6.14 mg/m ³ | Daphnia | 48 hours |
| 1,2,4-trimethylbenzene | Acute LC50 9.22 mg/m ³ | Fish - Mykiss | 96 hours |
| | Acute LC50 4910 µg/l Marine water | Crustaceans - Elasmopus pecteniscus - Adult | 48 hours |
| cyclohexanone | Acute LC50 22.4 mg/l Fresh water | Fish - Tilapia zillii | 96 hours |
| | Acute EC50 32.9 mg/l Fresh water | Algae - Chlamydomonas reinhardtii - Exponential growth phase | 72 hours |
| | Acute LC50 630000 µg/l Fresh water | Fish - Pimephales promelas | 96 hours |
| | Chronic EC10 3.56 mg/l Fresh water | Algae - Chlamydomonas reinhardtii - Exponential growth phase | 72 hours |
| Zeolites | Chronic NOEC 200000 µg/l Fresh water | Daphnia - Daphnia magna | 21 days |
| mesitylene | Acute LC50 13000 µg/l Marine water | Crustaceans - Cancer magister - Zoea | 48 hours |
| | Acute LC50 12520 to 15050 µg/l Fresh water | Fish - Carassius auratus | 96 hours |
| | Chronic NOEC 400 µg/l Fresh water | Daphnia - Daphnia magna | 21 days |

B. Persistence and degradability

Not available.

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Section 12. Ecological information

C. Bioaccumulative potential

| Product/ingredient name | LogP _{ow} | BCF | Potential |
|-------------------------|--------------------|---------------|-----------|
| 1,2,4-trimethylbenzene | 3.63 | 243 | low |
| cyclohexanone | 0.86 | - | low |
| mesitylene | 3.42 | 186.208713666 | low |
| titanium dioxide | - | 352 | low |

D. Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition coefficient (K_{oc}) : Not available.




E. Other adverse effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Section 13. Disposal considerations

A. Disposal methods : The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements.
Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible.

B. Disposal precautions : This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapour from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

Section 14. Transport information

| | UN | IMDG | IATA |
|--------------------------------------|--|--|--|
| A. UN number | UN1263 | UN1263 | UN1263 |
| B. UN proper shipping name | PAINT | PAINT | PAINT |
| C. Transport hazard class(es) | 3  | 3  | 3  |
| D. Packing group | III | III | III |
| E. Environmental hazards | No. | No. | No. |
| F. Additional information | - | - | - |

IMDG Code Segregation group : Not applicable.

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Section 14. Transport information

Special precautions for user : **Transport within user's premises:** always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

Section 15. Regulatory information

A. Regulation according to ISHA

ISHA article 37 : The following components are listed: Talc
(Harmful substances prohibited from manufacture)

ISHA article 38 : None of the components are listed.
(Harmful substances requiring permission)

Article 2 of Youth Protection Act on Substances Hazardous to Youth : Not applicable.

Exposure Limits of Chemical Substances and Physical Factors

The following components have an OEL:

silicon carbide
crystalline silica, respirable powder
Talc, not containing asbestiform fibres
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene
cyclohexanone
cobalt chromite blue green spinel
Zeolites
mesitylene
titanium dioxide
crystalline silica, respirable powder

ISHA Enforcement Regs : None of the components are listed.

Annex 11-3 (Exposure standards established for harmful factors)

ISHA Enforcement Regs Annex 11-4 (Harmful factors subject to Work Environment Measurement) : The following components are listed: Talc, non-asbestos form; Quartz; Cyclohexanone; Chromium, metal and inorganic Cr compounds; Aluminum compounds

ISHA Enforcement Regs Annex 12-2 (Harmful Factors Subject to Special Health Check-up) : The following components are listed: Cyclohexanone; Chromium and compounds; Aluminum and compounds

Standard of Industrial Safety and Health Annex 12 (Hazardous substances subject to control) : The following components are listed: Cyclohexanone; Cobalt and its inorganic compounds; Aluminum and its compounds

B. Regulation according to Chemicals Control Act

K-Reach Article 20 : Not applicable
(Toxic chemicals)

K-Reach Article 27 : The following components are listed: Talc
(Prohibited)

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Section 15. Regulatory information

- K-Reach Article 27 (Restricted)** : None of the components are listed.
- CSCA Article 11 (TRI)** : The following components are listed: Nickel and its compounds; Chromium and its compounds; Aluminium and its compounds
- Korea inventory** : Not determined.
- CSCA Article 39 (Accident Precaution Chemicals)** : None of the components are listed.
- C. Dangerous Materials Safety Management Act** : Class: Class 4 - Flammable Liquid
Item: 4. Class 2 petroleums - Water-insoluble liquid
Threshold: 1000 L
Danger category: III
Signal word: Contact with sources of ignition prohibited
- D. Wastes regulation** : Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.
- E. Regulation according to other foreign laws**
- Europe inventory** : Not determined.
- United States inventory (TSCA 8b)** : Not determined.
- Japan inventory** : **Japan inventory (ENCS)**: Not determined.
Japan inventory (ISHL): Not determined.

Section 16. Other information

- A. References** : Not available.
- B. Date of issue/Date of revision** : 07/05/2017
- C. Version** : 3
Date of printing : 07/05/2017
- D. Other**
- ▢ Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Key to abbreviations : ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate
BCF = Bioconcentration Factor
GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals
IATA = International Air Transport Association
IBC = Intermediate Bulk Container
IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods
LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient
MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution)
UN = United Nations

Notice to reader

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Section 16. Other information

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