

SAFETY DATA SHEET

Intergard 740 Storm Grey



Section 1. Identification

| | |
|---|--|
| Intergard 740 Storm Grey | : GHS product identifier |
| ECK724 | : Product code |
| Professional application of coatings and inks Industrial application of coatings and inks | : Identified uses |
| <u>Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against</u> | |
| Not applicable. | |
| International Paint Ltd. Stoneygate Lane Felling Gateshead Tyne and Wear NE10 0JY UK Tel: +44 (0)191 469 6111 Fax: +44 (0)191 438 3711 | : Supplier's details |
| +44 (0)191 469 6111 (24H) | : Emergency telephone number (with hours of operation) |
| +966 55 388 0087 | : <u>National advisory body/ Poison Centre (For use only by licensed medical professionals.)</u> |
| sdsfellinguk@akzonobel.com | : e-mail address of person responsible for this SDS |

Section 2. Hazards identification

| | |
|---|--|
| FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3 SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2 SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/ EYE IRRITATION - Category 2 SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Respiratory tract irritation) - Category 3 LONG-TERM AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 3 | : Classification of the substance or mixture |
|---|--|

GHS label elements

| | | |
|--|--|---------------------|
| |   | : Hazard pictograms |
| Warning | | : Signal word |
| Flammable liquid and vapour. Causes serious eye irritation. Causes skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction. May cause respiratory irritation. Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects. | | : Hazard statements |

Precautionary statements

Section 2. Hazards identification

Wear protective gloves. Wear eye or face protection. Keep away from heat, sparks, open flames and hot surfaces. - No smoking. Use explosion-proof electrical, ventilating, lighting and all material-handling equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Keep container tightly closed. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Avoid release to the environment. Avoid breathing vapour. Wash hands thoroughly after handling. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace.

IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Call a POISON CENTER or physician if you feel unwell. IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water or shower. IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water. Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse. If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical attention. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists: Get medical attention.

Store locked up. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.

Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.

Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate.

None known.

Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Mixture : Substance/mixture

| Classification | CAS number | % by weight | Ingredient name |
|---|------------|--------------|--|
| Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 Skin Sens. 1, H317 | 25068-38-6 | >=20 - <25 | Reaction product: bisphenol-A-(epichlorhydrin) and epoxy resin, 700 <mol weight < 1000 |
| Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Acute Tox. 4, H312 Acute Tox. 4, H332 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 STOT SE 3, H335 (Respiratory tract irritation) | 1330-20-7 | >=10 - <12.5 | xylene |
| Asp. Tox. 1, H304 Flam. Liq. 3, H226 STOT SE 3, H335 and H336 (Respiratory tract irritation and Narcotic effects) | 64742-95-6 | >=10 - <15 | Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom. |
| Asp. Tox. 1, H304 Aquatic Chronic 2, H411 Flam. Liq. 3, H226 STOT SE 3, H336 (Narcotic effects) | 107-98-2 | <15 | 1-methoxy-2-propanol |
| Flam. Liq. 2, H225 Acute Tox. 4, H332 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 STOT SE 3, H335 (Respiratory tract irritation) STOT RE 2, H373 (ears) (inhalation) Asp. Tox. 1, H304 | 100-41-4 | >=3 - <5 | ethylbenzene |

Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

There are no ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

Section 4. First-aid measures

Description of necessary first aid measures

Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention. : **Eye contact**

Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention. If necessary, call a poison center or physician. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. : **Inhalation**

Wash with plenty of soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention. In the event of any complaints or symptoms, avoid further exposure. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse. : **Skin contact**

Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Get medical attention if adverse health effects persist or are severe. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. : **Ingestion**

Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

Potential acute health effects

Causes serious eye irritation. : **Eye contact**
 May cause respiratory irritation. : **Inhalation**
 Causes skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction. : **Skin contact**
 Irritating to mouth, throat and stomach. : **Ingestion**

Over-exposure signs/symptoms

Adverse symptoms may include the following: : **Eye contact**
 pain or irritation
 watering
 redness

Adverse symptoms may include the following: : **Inhalation**
 respiratory tract irritation
 coughing
 headache
 drowsiness/fatigue
 dizziness/vertigo
 muscle weakness
 unconsciousness

Adverse symptoms may include the following: : **Skin contact**
 irritation
 redness

Section 4. First-aid measures

No specific data.

: Ingestion

Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary

Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.

: Notes to physician

No specific treatment.

: Specific treatments

No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

: Protection of first-aiders

See toxicological information (Section 11)

Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

Extinguishing media

Use dry chemical, CO₂, water spray (fog) or foam.

: Suitable extinguishing media

Do not use water jet.

: Unsuitable extinguishing media

Flammable liquid and vapour. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. This material is harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.

: Specific hazards arising from the chemical

Decomposition products may include the following materials:

carbon dioxide
carbon monoxide
sulfur oxides
metal oxide/oxides

: Hazardous thermal decomposition products

Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.

: Special protective actions for fire-fighters

Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

: Special protective equipment for fire-fighters

Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilt material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapour or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.

: For non-emergency personnel

If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".

: For emergency responders

Section 6. Accidental release measures

Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities. : **Environmental precautions**

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. : **Small spill**

Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach the release from upwind. Prevent entry into : **Large spill**

sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13).

Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

Section 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not ingest. Avoid breathing vapour or mist. Avoid release to the environment. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. : **Protective measures**

Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container. Dry sanding, flame cutting and/or welding of the dry paint film will give rise to dust and/or hazardous fumes. Wet sanding/flattening should be used wherever possible. If exposure cannot be avoided by the provision of local exhaust ventilation, suitable respiratory protective equipment should be used.

Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures. : **Advice on general occupational hygiene**

Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Vapours are heavier than air and may spread along floors. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabelled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. : **Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities**

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

| Exposure limits | Ingredient name |
|---|----------------------|
| ACGIH TLV (United States, 6/2013). STEL: 651 mg/m ³ 15 minutes. STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 434 mg/m ³ 8 hours. TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours. | xylene |
| ACGIH TLV (United States, 6/2013). STEL: 369 mg/m ³ 15 minutes. STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 184 mg/m ³ 8 hours. TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. | 1-methoxy-2-propanol |
| ACGIH TLV (United States, 6/2013). TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours. | ethylbenzene |

Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapour or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.

: **Appropriate engineering controls**

Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

: **Environmental exposure controls**

Individual protection measures

Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

: **Hygiene measures**

Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles.

: **Eye/face protection**

Skin protection

Use chemical resistant gloves classified under Standard EN 374: Protective gloves against chemicals and micro-organisms. Recommended: Viton® or Nitrile gloves. When prolonged or frequently repeated contact may occur, a glove with a protection class of 6 (breakthrough time greater than 480 minutes according to EN 374) is recommended. When only brief contact is expected, a glove with a protection class of 2 or higher (breakthrough time greater than 30 minutes according to EN 374) is recommended. The user must check that the final choice of type of glove selected for handling this product is the most appropriate and takes into account the particular conditions of use, as included in the user's risk assessment. NOTICE: The selection of a specific glove for a particular application and duration of use in a workplace should also take into account all relevant workplace factors such as, but not limited to: Other chemicals which may be handled, physical requirements (cut/puncture protection, dexterity, thermal protection), potential body reactions to glove materials, as well as the instructions/specifications provided by the glove supplier. Barrier creams may help to protect the exposed areas of the skin but should not be applied once exposure has occurred.

: **Hand protection**

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

| | |
|---|---------------------------------|
| Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves. | : Body protection |
| Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. | : Other skin protection |
| Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator. | : Respiratory protection |

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

Appearance

| | |
|---|---|
| Liquid. | : Physical state |
| Various | : Colour |
| Solvent. | : Odour |
| Not available. | : Odour threshold |
| Not applicable. | : pH |
| Not available. | : Melting point |
| Lowest known value: 138.85°C (281.9°F) (xylene). | : Boiling point |
| Closed cup: 23°C (73.4°F) | : Flash point |
| Not available. | : Evaporation rate |
| Not available. | : Flammability (solid, gas) |
| Greatest known range: Lower: 1.9% Upper: 13.1% (1-methoxy-2-propanol) | : Lower and upper explosive (flammable) limits |
| Not available. | : Vapour pressure |
| Not available. | : Vapour density |
| 1.45 | : Relative density |
| Insoluble in the following materials: cold water. | : Solubility |
| Not available. | : Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water |
| Not available. | : Auto-ignition temperature |
| Not available. | : Decomposition temperature |
| Kinematic (room temperature): 69 mm ² /s (69 cSt) | : Viscosity |

Section 10. Stability and reactivity

| | |
|---|---|
| No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients. | : Reactivity |
| The product is stable. | : Chemical stability |
| Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur. | : Possibility of hazardous reactions |
| Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Do not pressurise, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind or expose containers to heat or sources of ignition. | : Conditions to avoid |
| Reactive or incompatible with the following materials: oxidizing materials | : Incompatible materials |

Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

: Hazardous decomposition products

Section 11. Toxicological information

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

| Exposure | Dose | Species | Result | Product/ingredient name |
|----------|-------------|---------|----------------------|--|
| 4 hours | 5000 ppm | Rat | LC50 Inhalation Gas. | xylene |
| - | 4300 mg/kg | Rat | LD50 Oral | Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom. |
| - | 8400 mg/kg | Rat | LD50 Oral | |
| - | 13 g/kg | Rabbit | LD50 Dermal | |
| - | 6600 mg/kg | Rat | LD50 Oral | ethylbenzene |
| 4 hours | 4000 ppm | Rabbit | LC50 Inhalation Gas. | |
| - | 17800 mg/kg | Rabbit | LD50 Dermal | |
| - | 3500 mg/kg | Rat | LD50 Oral | |

Irritation/Corrosion

| Observation | Exposure | Score | Species | Result | Product/ingredient name |
|-------------|--------------------------|-------|---------|--------------------------|--|
| - | 87 milligrams | - | Rabbit | Eyes - Mild irritant | xylene |
| - | 24 hours 5 milligrams | - | Rabbit | Eyes - Severe irritant | |
| - | 8 hours 60 microliters | - | Rat | Skin - Mild irritant | |
| - | 24 hours 500 milligrams | - | Rabbit | Skin - Moderate irritant | Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom. |
| - | 100 Percent | - | Rabbit | Skin - Moderate irritant | |
| - | 24 hours 100 microliters | - | Rabbit | Eyes - Mild irritant | |
| - | 24 hours 500 milligrams | - | Rabbit | Eyes - Mild irritant | 1-methoxy-2-propanol |
| - | 500 milligrams | - | Rabbit | Skin - Mild irritant | ethylbenzene |
| - | 500 milligrams | - | Rabbit | Eyes - Severe irritant | |
| - | 24 hours 15 milligrams | - | Rabbit | Skin - Mild irritant | |

Sensitisation

Not available.

Mutagenicity

Not available.

Carcinogenicity

Not available.

Reproductive toxicity

Not available.

Teratogenicity

Not available.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Section 11. Toxicological information

| Target organs | Route of exposure | Category | Name |
|---|-------------------|------------|--|
| Respiratory tract irritation | Not applicable. | Category 3 | xylene |
| Respiratory tract irritation and Narcotic effects | Not applicable. | Category 3 | Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom. |
| Narcotic effects | Not applicable. | Category 3 | 1-methoxy-2-propanol |
| Respiratory tract irritation | Not applicable. | Category 3 | ethylbenzene |

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

| Target organs | Route of exposure | Category | Name |
|---------------|-------------------|------------|--------------|
| ears | Inhalation | Category 2 | ethylbenzene |

Aspiration hazard

| Result | Name |
|--------------------------------|--|
| ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 | xylene |
| ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 | Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom. |
| ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 | ethylbenzene |

Not available.

: Information on the likely routes of exposure

Potential acute health effects

Causes serious eye irritation.

: Eye contact

May cause respiratory irritation.

: Inhalation

Causes skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction.

: Skin contact

Irritating to mouth, throat and stomach.

: Ingestion

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Adverse symptoms may include the following:
pain or irritation
watering
redness

: Eye contact

Adverse symptoms may include the following:
respiratory tract irritation
coughing
headache
drowsiness/fatigue
dizziness/vertigo
muscle weakness
unconsciousness

: Inhalation

Adverse symptoms may include the following:
irritation
redness

: Skin contact

No specific data.

: Ingestion

Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure

Short term exposure

Not available.

: Potential immediate effects

Not available.

: Potential delayed effects

Long term exposure

Section 11. Toxicological information

Not available.

: Potential immediate effects

Not available.

: Potential delayed effects

Potential chronic health effects

Not available.

Once sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when subsequently exposed to very low levels.

: General

No known significant effects or critical hazards.

: Carcinogenicity

No known significant effects or critical hazards.

: Mutagenicity

No known significant effects or critical hazards.

: Teratogenicity

No known significant effects or critical hazards.

: Developmental effects

No known significant effects or critical hazards.

: Fertility effects

Numerical measures of toxicity

Acute toxicity estimates

| ATE value | Route |
|---|--|
| 8810.6 mg/kg 40048.3 ppm 364.6 mg/l | Dermal Inhalation (gases) Inhalation (vapours) |

Section 12. Ecological information

Toxicity

| Exposure | Species | Result | Product/ingredient name |
|----------|---|--|-------------------------|
| 96 hours | Algae - Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata | Acute EC50 3.6 mg/l Fresh water | ethylbenzene |
| 48 hours | Daphnia - Daphnia magna - Neonate | Acute LC50 18.4 to 25.4 mg/l Fresh water | |
| 96 hours | Fish - Menidia menidia | Acute LC50 5.1 to 5.7 mg/l Marine water | |

Persistence and degradability

| Biodegradability | Photolysis | Aquatic half-life | Product/ingredient name |
|------------------|------------|-------------------|--|
| Readily | - | - | Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom. ethylbenzene |
| Readily | - | - | |

Bioaccumulative potential

| Potential | BCF | LogP _{ow} | Product/ingredient name |
|-----------|-------------|--------------------|--|
| low | 8.1 to 25.9 | 3.16 | xylene Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom. |
| high | 10 to 2500 | - | |
| low | - | <1 | 1-methoxy-2-propanol ethylbenzene |
| low | 15 | 3.15 | |

Mobility in soil

Not available.

: Soil/water partition coefficient (K_{oc})

Section 12. Ecological information

No known significant effects or critical hazards.




: Other adverse effects

Section 13. Disposal considerations

The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapor from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spill material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

: Disposal methods

Section 14. Transport information

| IATA | IMDG | UN | |
|--|--|--|----------------------------|
| UN1263 | UN1263 | UN1263 | UN number |
| PAINT | PAINT | PAINT | UN proper shipping name |
| 3  | 3  | 3  | Transport hazard class(es) |
| III | III | III | Packing group |
| No. | No. | No. | Environmental hazards |
| - | - | - | Additional information |

Not applicable.

: IMDG Code Segregation group

Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

: Special precautions for user

Not available.

: Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code

Section 15. Regulatory information

No known specific national and/or regional regulations applicable to this product (including its ingredients).

: **Safety, health and environmental regulations specific for the product**

Section 16. Other information

Justification

| Justification | Classification |
|-----------------------|--|
| On basis of test data | Flam. Liq. 3, H226 |
| Calculation method | Skin Irrit. 2, H315 |
| Calculation method | Eye Irrit. 2, H319 |
| Calculation method | Skin Sens. 1, H317 |
| Calculation method | STOT SE 3, H335 (Respiratory tract irritation) |
| Calculation method | Aquatic Chronic 3, H412 |

History

23/01/2015.

: **Date of printing**

23/01/2015.

: **Date of issue/Date of revision**

No previous validation.

: **Date of previous issue**

1

: **Version**

ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate

: **Key to abbreviations**

BCF = Bioconcentration Factor

GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals

IATA = International Air Transport Association

IBC = Intermediate Bulk Container

IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods

LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient

MARPOL 73/78 = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution)

UN = United Nations

Not available.

: **References**

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version. 

Notice to reader

IMPORTANT NOTE: the information contained in this data sheet (as may be amended from time to time) is not intended to be exhaustive and is presented in good faith and believed to be correct as of the date on which it is prepared. It is the user's responsibility to verify that this data sheet is current prior to using the product to which it relates.

Persons using the information must make their own determinations as to the suitability of the relevant product for their purposes prior to use. Where those purposes are other than as specifically recommended in this safety data sheet, then the user uses the product at their own risk.

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Section 16. Other information