

In accordance with the Standard for Classification and Labelling of Chemical Substance and Material Safety Data Sheet, Article 10 Paragraph

SAFETY DATA SHEET

Intergard 821 Part B

Section 1. Chemical product and company identification

A. Product name : Intergard 821 Part B

Product code : EAA821

B. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Identified uses				
Professional application of coatings and inks				
Uses advised against Reason				
All Other Uses				

C. Manufacturer : International Paint Ltd.

Stoneygate Lane

Felling Gateshead Tyne and Wear NE10 0JY UK

Tel: +44 (0)191 469 6111 Fax: +44 (0)191 438 3711

Emergency telephone number (with hours of

operation)

e-mail address of person responsible for this SDS

: sdsfellinguk@akzonobel.com

: +44 (0)191 469 6111 (24H)

Section 2. Hazards identification

A. Hazard classification : ACUTE TOXICITY (oral) - Category 4

SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 1

SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/ EYE IRRITATION - Category 1

SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1 **CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2**

TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION (Fertility) - Category 1B

ACUTE AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 1 LONG-TERM AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 1

B. GHS label elements, including precautionary statements

Symbol









Signal word : Danger

Hazard statements : Harmful if swallowed.

Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.

May cause an allergic skin reaction.

May damage fertility.

Suspected of causing cancer.

Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

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Precautionary statements

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Section 2. Hazards identification

Prevention

: Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Use personal protective equipment as required. Wear protective gloves. Wear eye or face protection. Wear protective clothing. Avoid release to the environment. Avoid breathing dust. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Wash hands thoroughly after handling. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace.

Response

: Collect spillage. IF exposed or concerned: Get medical attention. IF INHALED: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or physician. IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or physician. Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting. IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water or shower. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or physician. IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water. If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical attention. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or physician.

Storage

: Store locked up.

Disposal

Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national

and international regulations.

Supplemental label

elements

C. Other hazards which do : None known.

not result in classification

Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture : Mixture

Ingredient name	Common name	CAS number	%	Classification
benzyl alcohol	benzyl alcohol	100-51-6	≥20 - <30	Acute Tox. 4, H302 Acute Tox. 4, H332
glass, oxide, chemicals	glass oxide non-fiberous	65997-17-3	≥10 - <20	Carc. 2, H351
2-piperazin-1-ylethylamine	2-piperazin- 1-ylethylamine	140-31-8	<10	Acute Tox. 4, H302 Acute Tox. 4, H312 Skin Corr. 1, H314 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 Skin Sens. 1, H317 Aquatic Chronic 3, H412
m-phenylenebis(methylamine)	m-xylene-alpha,alpha'- diamine	1477-55-0	<10	Acute Tox. 4, H302 Acute Tox. 4, H332 Skin Corr. 1, H314 Eye Dam. 1, H318 Skin Sens. 1, H317 Aquatic Chronic 3, H412
bisphenol A	4,4'- isopropylidenediphenol	80-05-7	<10	Eye Dam. 1, H318 Skin Sens. 1, H317

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Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

4-nonylphenol, branched	phenol, 4-nonyl-, branched	84852-15-3	≥0.3 - <5	Acute Tox. 4, H302 Skin Corr. 1, H314 Eye Dam. 1, H318 Repr. 2, H361fd (Fertility and Unborn child) Aquatic Acute 1, H400 Aquatic Chronic 1,
titanium dioxide	Titanium dioxide	13463-67-7	≥0.1 - <5	H410 Carc. 2, H351

There are no ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

Section 4. First aid measures

- A. Eye contact
- : Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician.
- B. Skin contact
- : Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Wash with plenty of soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician. In the event of any complaints or symptoms, avoid further exposure. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.
- C. Inhalation
- : Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.
- D. Ingestion
- : Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.



Section 4. First aid measures

E. Notes to physician

: In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.

Specific treatments

: No specific treatment.

Protection of first-aiders

: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

Section 5. Firefighting measures

A. Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media

ıg

: Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire.

Unsuitable

extinguishing media

: None known.

B. Specific hazards arising from the chemical

: This material is very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.

Hazardous thermal decomposition products

: Decomposition products may include the following materials:

carbon dioxide carbon monoxide nitrogen oxides metal oxide/oxides

 Special protective equipment for firefighters

: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure

mode

Special precautions for fire-fighters

: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without

suitable training.

Section 6. Accidental release measures

A. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilt material. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.

B. Environmental precautions

: Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities. Collect spillage.

C. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Small spill

: Move containers from spill area. Avoid dust generation. Do not dry sweep. Vacuum dust with equipment fitted with a HEPA filter and place in a closed, labeled waste container. Place spilled material in a designated, labeled waste container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

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Section 6. Accidental release measures

Large spill

: Move containers from spill area. Approach the release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Avoid dust generation. Do not dry sweep. Vacuum dust with equipment fitted with a HEPA filter and place in a closed, labeled waste container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

Section 7. Handling and storage

A. Precautions for safe handling

Protective measures

: Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Avoid exposure during pregnancy. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not ingest. Avoid release to the environment. If during normal use the material presents a respiratory hazard, use only with adequate ventilation or wear appropriate respirator. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.

Advice on general occupational hygiene

- : Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.
- B. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities
- : Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabelled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

A. Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

ngredient name Exposure limits	
glass, oxide, chemicals	고용노동부 (Republic of Korea, 8/2016).
m-phenylenebis(methylamine)	TWA: 10 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: fibers Ministry of Labor (Republic of Korea,
	8/2013). Absorbed through skin. CEIL: 0.1 mg/m³
titanium dioxide	Ministry of Labor (Republic of Korea,
	8/2013). TWA: 10 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: total dust
	with less than 1% of free SiO2

B. Appropriate engineering controls

: If user operations generate dust, fumes, gas, vapour or mist, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits.

Environmental exposure controls

: Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.



Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Personal protective equipment

Respiratory protection

: Use a properly fitted, particulate filter respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator.

Eye protection

: Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles and/or face shield. If inhalation hazards exist, a full-face respirator may be required instead.

Hand protection

Use chemical resistant gloves classified under Standard EN 374: Protective gloves against chemicals and micro-organisms. Recommended: Viton® or Nitrile gloves. When prolonged or frequently repeated contact may occur, a glove with a protection class of 6 (breakthrough time greater than 480 minutes according to EN 374) is recommended. When only brief contact is expected, a glove with a protection class of 2 or higher (breakthrough time greater than 30 minutes according to EN 374) is recommended. The user must check that the final choice of type of glove selected for handling this product is the most appropriate and takes into account the particular conditions of use, as included in the user's risk assessment. NOTICE: The selection of a specific glove for a particular application and duration of use in a workplace should also take into account all relevant workplace factors such as, but not limited to: Other chemicals which may be handled, physical requirements (cut/ puncture protection, dexterity, thermal protection), potential body reactions to glove materials, as well as the instructions/specifications provided by the glove supplier. Barrier creams may help to protect the exposed areas of the skin but should not be applied once exposure has occurred.

Body protection

: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

Hygiene measures

: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

A. Appearance

Physical state : Solid. Colour : Grev. B. Odour : Amine-like. : Not available. C. Odour threshold : Not applicable. E. Melting/freezing point : Not available. F. Boiling point/boiling : Not available.

range

G. Flash point : Closed cup: 65°C (149°F)

Fire point : Not available. : Not available. H. Evaporation rate Flammability (solid, gas) : Not available. J. Lower and upper : Not available.

explosive (flammable)

limits

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Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

K. Vapour pressure : Not available. L. Solubility : Not available. M. Vapour density : Not available.

: 0.8 N. Relative density

O. Partition coefficient: n-

octanol/water

: Not available.

P. Auto-ignition

temperature

: Not available.

Q. Decomposition

temperature

: Not available.

R. Viscosity : Kinematic (room temperature): 10000 mm²/s (10000 cSt)

S. Molecular weight : Not applicable.

Section 10. Stability and reactivity

: The product is stable. A. Chemical stability

Possibility of hazardous

reactions

: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.

B. Conditions to avoid : No specific data.

C. Incompatible materials : No specific data.

D. Hazardous

decomposition products

: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products

should not be produced.

Section 11. Toxicological information

A. Information on likely routes of exposure

: Not available.

Potential acute health effects

Inhalation : May give off gas, vapour or dust that is very irritating or corrosive to the respiratory

system. Exposure to decomposition products may cause a health hazard. Serious

effects may be delayed following exposure.

Ingestion : Harmful if swallowed. May cause burns to mouth, throat and stomach.

Skin contact : Causes severe burns. May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Eye contact : Causes serious eye damage.

Over-exposure signs/symptoms

Inhalation : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

> reduced foetal weight increase in foetal deaths skeletal malformations

Ingestion : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

stomach pains

reduced foetal weight increase in foetal deaths skeletal malformations

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Section 11. Toxicological information

Skin contact: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

pain or irritation redness

blistering may occur reduced foetal weight increase in foetal deaths skeletal malformations

Eye contact: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

pain watering redness

B. Health hazards

Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
benzyl alcohol	LC50 Inhalation Vapour	Rat	>4178 mg/l	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	2000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	1620 mg/kg	-
m-phenylenebis (methylamine)	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	2 g/kg	-
,	LD50 Oral	Rat	930 mg/kg	-
bisphenol A	LD50 Oral	Rat	1200 mg/kg	-
4-nonylphenol, branched	LD50 Oral	Rat	1300 mg/kg	-

Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
benzyl alcohol	Skin - Mild irritant	Man	-	48 hours 16 milligrams	-
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Pig	-	100 Percent	-
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 100	-
2-piperazin-1-ylethylamine	Eyes - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	milligrams 24 hours 20 milligrams	-
	Skin - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 5 milligrams	-
m-phenylenebis (methylamine)	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 50 Micrograms	-
	Skin - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 750 Micrograms	-
bisphenol A	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 250	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	Micrograms 24 hours 500	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	milligrams 250 milligrams	-
4-nonylphenol, branched	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	100 milligrams	-
	Skin - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500	-
titanium dioxide	Skin - Mild irritant	Human	-	milligrams 72 hours 300 Micrograms	-
				Intermittent	

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Section 11. Toxicological information

Sensitisation

Not available.

CMR - ISHA Article 42 Public Notice No 2013-38 Occupational Exposure Limits

Product/ingredient name	CAS number	Classification
Mineral wool fiber	65997-17-3	Carc. 2
Titanium dioxide	13463-67-7	Carc. 2

Mutagenicity

Not available.

Carcinogenicity

Not available.

Reproductive toxicity

Not available.

Teratogenicity

Not available.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Name	· · · · · · · ·	Route of exposure	Target organs
bisphenol A	Category 3	Not applicable.	Respiratory tract irritation

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Not available.

Aspiration hazard

Not available.

Potential chronic health effects

Chronic toxicity

Not available.

General : Once sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when subsequently exposed

to very low levels.

Carcinogenicity : Suspected of causing cancer. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of

exposure.

Mutagenicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards. **Teratogenicity** : No known significant effects or critical hazards. **Developmental effects** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Fertility effects : May damage fertility.

ATE value

Route	Result
Oral Dermal Inhalation (vapours) Inhalation (dusts and mists)	1630.2 mg/kg 18580.3 mg/kg 51.8 mg/l 33.84 mg/l

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Section 12. Ecological information

A. Ecotoxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
2-piperazin-1-ylethylamine	Acute LC50 2190000 to 2460000 μg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas	96 hours
bisphenol A	Acute EC50 1.506 mg/l	Algae - Prorocentrum minimum - Exponential growth phase	72 hours
	Acute EC50 9940 μg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna - Young	48 hours
	Acute LC50 4.32 mg/l Marine water	Crustaceans - Tigriopus japonicus - Adult	48 hours
	Acute LC50 3.5 mg/l Marine water	Fish - Rivulus marmoratus - Embryo	96 hours
	Chronic NOEC 2 mg/l Fresh water	Algae - Chlorolobion braunii - Exponential growth phase	4 days
	Chronic NOEC 10 µg/l Marine water	Crustaceans - Tigriopus japonicus - Nauplii	21 days
	Chronic NOEC 0.86 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna - Neonate	21 days
	Chronic NOEC 0.2 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Carassius auratus - Adult	90 days
4-nonylphenol, branched	Acute EC50 0.03 mg/l Marine water	Algae - Skeletonema costatum	72 hours
	Acute EC50 0.027 mg/l Marine water	Algae - Skeletonema costatum	96 hours
	Acute LC50 0.047 mg/l Marine water	Crustaceans - Americamysis bahia - Juvenile (Fledgling, Hatchling, Weanling)	48 hours
	Acute LC50 17 μg/l Marine water	Fish - Pleuronectes americanus - Larvae	96 hours
	Chronic EC10 0.012 mg/l Marine water Chronic NOEC 7.4 µg/l Fresh water	Algae - Skeletonema costatum Fish - Pimephales promelas - Embryo	96 hours 33 days

B. Persistence and degradability

Not available.

C. Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
benzyl alcohol	0.87	-	low
2-piperazin-1-ylethylamine	-1.48	-	low
m-phenylenebis	0.18	2.691534803	low
(methylamine)			
bisphenol A	3.4	43.651583224	low
4-nonylphenol, branched	5.4	251.18864315	low
titanium dioxide	-	352	low

D. Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition coefficient (Koc)

: Not available.

E. Other adverse effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

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Section 13. Disposal considerations

A. Disposal methods

: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements.

Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible.

B. Disposal precautions

: This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

Section 14. Transport information

	UN	IMDG	IATA
A. UN number	UN1759	UN1759	UN1759
B. UN proper shipping name	CORROSIVE SOLID, N.O.S. (2-piperazin-1-ylethylamine, m-phenylenebis(methylamine))	CORROSIVE SOLID, N.O.S. (2-piperazin-1-ylethylamine, m-phenylenebis(methylamine)). Marine pollutant (4-nonylphenol, branched)	Corrosive solid, n.o.s. (2-piperazin-1-ylethylamine, m-phenylenebis (methylamine))
C. Transport hazard class(es)	8	8	8
D. Packing group	III	III	III
E. Environmental hazards	No.	Yes.	No.
F. Additional information	Special provisions 223, 274	The marine pollutant mark is not required when transported in sizes of ≤5 L or ≤5 kg. Emergency schedules (EmS) F-A, S-B Special provisions 223, 274	The environmentally hazardous substance mark may appear if required by other transportation regulations. Passenger and Cargo AircraftQuantity limitation: 25 kg Packaging instructions: 860 Cargo Aircraft OnlyQuantity limitation: 100 kg Packaging instructions: 864 Limited Quantities - Passenger AircraftQuantity limitation: 5 kg Packaging instructions: Y845 Special provisions A3, A803

IMDG Code Segregation group

: Not applicable.

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Section 14. Transport information

Special precautions for user : Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

Section 15. Regulatory information

A. Regulation according to ISHA

ISHA article 37 (Harmful substances prohibited from manufacture)

: The following components are listed: Nonylphenols and Nonylphenol ethoxylates

ISHA article 38 (Harmful substances requiring permission) : None of the components are listed.

Article 2 of Youth Protection Act on Substances Hazardous : Not applicable.

to Youth

Exposure Limits of Chemical Substances and Physical Factors

The following components have an OEL:

glass, oxide, chemicals

m-phenylenebis(methylamine)

titanium dioxide

ISHA Enforcement Regs: None of the components are listed.

Annex 11-3 (Exposure standards established for harmful factors)

ISHA Enforcement Regs : The following components are listed: Glass fiber dust

Annex 11-4 (Harmful factors subject to Work

Environment Measurement)

ISHA Enforcement Regs: The following components are listed: Glass fiber dust

Annex 12-2 (Harmful **Factors Subject to** Special Health Check-

up)

Standard of Industrial : None of the components are listed.

Safety and Health **Annex 12 (Hazardous** substances subject to

control)

B. Regulation according to Chemicals Control Act

K-Reach Article 20 (Toxic chemicals)

: Not applicable

K-Reach Article 27

: None of the components are listed.

K-Reach Article 27

(Restricted)

(Prohibited)

: The following components are listed: Nonylphenols and Nonylphenol ethoxylates

CSCA Article 11 (TRI)

: The following components are listed: Branched 4-nonylphenol; 4,4'-Bisphenol A

Korea inventory

: Not determined.

CSCA Article 39 (Accident Precaution : None of the components are listed.

Chemicals)

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Section 15. Regulatory information

C. Dangerous Materials
Safety Management Act

: Not available.

D. Wastes regulation

: Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national

and international regulations.

E. Regulation according to other foreign laws

Europe inventory : Not determined. **United States inventory** : Not determined.

(TSCA 8b)

Japan inventory : Japan inventory (ENCS): Not determined.

Japan inventory (ISHL): Not determined.

Section 16. Other information

A. References : Not available.B. Date of issue/Date of : 19/03/2018

revision

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D. Other

▼ Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Key to abbreviations : ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate

BCF = Bioconcentration Factor

GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals

IATA = International Air Transport Association

IBC = Intermediate Bulk Container

IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods

LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient

MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships,

1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution)

UN = United Nations

Notice to reader

IMPORTANT NOTE: the information contained in this data sheet (as may be amended from time to time) is not intended to be exhaustive and is presented in good faith and believed to be correct as of the date on which it is prepared. It is the user's responsibility to verify that this data sheet is current prior to using the product to which it relates.

Persons using the information must make their own determinations as to the suitability of the relevant product for their purposes prior to use. Where those purposes are other than as specifically recommended in this safety data sheet, then the user uses the product at their own risk.

MANUFACTURER'S DISCLAIMER: the conditions, methods and factors affecting the handling, storage, application, use and disposal of the product are not under the control and knowledge of the manufacturer. Therefore the manufacturer does not assume responsibility for any adverse events which may occur in the handling, storage, application, use, misuse or disposal of the product and, so far as permitted by applicable law, the manufacturer expressly disclaims liability for any and all loss, damages and/or expenses arising out of or in any way connected to the storage, handling, use or disposal of the product. Safe handling, storage, use and disposal are the responsibility of the users. Users must comply with all applicable health and safety laws.

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