

Conforms to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH), Annex II, as amended by Regulation (EU) No. 2015/830. - United Kingdom (UK)

SAFETY DATA SHEET

INTERTHERM 50 ALUMINIUM

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/ undertaking

1.1 Product identifier

Product name : INTERTHERM 50 ALUMINIUM

Product code : HTA097

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Identified uses		
Professional application of coatings and inks		
Uses advised against Reason		
All Other Uses		

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

International Farg AB Holmedalen 3 Aspereds Industriomrade SE-424 22 Angered Sweden

Tel: +46 (0) 31 928500 Fax: +46 (0) 31 928530

e-mail address of person : sdsfellinguk@akzonobel.com

responsible for this SDS

National contact

1.4 Emergency telephone number

National advisory body/Poison Centre (For use only by licensed medical professionals.)

: +44 (0)844 892 0111 Telephone number

Supplier

Telephone number : +46 8 33 12 31

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Product definition : Mixture

Classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]

Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 **STOT SE 3, H335 STOT RE 1, H372** Aquatic Chronic 3, H412

The product is classified as hazardous according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 as amended.

See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above.

See Section 11 for more detailed information on health effects and symptoms.

2.2 Label elements

Date of issue/Date of revision

01/06/2017 Version: 3 1/16



SECTION 2: Hazards identification

Hazard pictograms







Signal word : Danger

Hazard statements : Flammable liquid and vapour.

Causes serious eye irritation.

Causes skin irritation.

May cause respiratory irritation.

Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Precautionary statements

Prevention : Wear protective gloves. Wear eye or face protection. Keep away from heat, hot

surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Avoid release to the environment. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Do not breathe gas, vapour or spray.

: IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. IF Response

ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water or shower. IF ON SKIN: Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before

reuse.

Storage : Keep cool.

Disposal : Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national

and international regulations.

Hazardous ingredients : xylene

Naphtha (petroleum), hydrodesulfurized heavy

Supplemental label

elements

Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate.

Annex XVII - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and

articles

: Not applicable.

2.3 Other hazards

Other hazards which do not result in classification : None known.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.2 Mixtures : Mixture

Product/ingredient name	Identifiers	% by weight	Classification Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP]	Nota (s)	Туре
xylene	REACH #: 01-2119488216-32 EC: 215-535-7 CAS: 1330-20-7 Index: 601-022-00-9	≥10 - ≤25	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Acute Tox. 4, H312 Acute Tox. 4, H332 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 STOT SE 3, H335 Asp. Tox. 1, H304	С	[1] [2]
Naphtha (petroleum),	REACH #:	≥10 - <20	Flam. Liq. 3, H226	Р	[1] [2]

Date of issue/Date of revision 01/06/2017

Version: 3 2/16





SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients 01-2119490979-12 **STOT SE 3. H336** hydrodesulfurized EC: 265-185-4 STOT RE 1, H372 (central heavy CAS: 64742-82-1 nervous system (CNS)) Index: 649-330-00-2 (inhalation) Asp. Tox. 1, H304 Aquatic Chronic 2, H411 **EUH066** [1] [2] ethylbenzene REACH #: ≤10 Flam. Liq. 2, H225 01-2119489370-35 Acute Tox. 4, H332 EC: 202-849-4 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 CAS: 100-41-4 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 **STOT SE 3, H335** STOT RE 2, H373 (hearing organs) Asp. Tox. 1, H304 4-6 [1] [2] toluene REACH #: <1 Flam. Liq. 2, H225 01-2119471310-51 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 EC: 203-625-9 Repr. 2, H361d (Unborn child) CAS: 108-88-3 **STOT SE 3, H336** Index: 601-021-00-3 STOT RE 2, H373 Asp. Tox. 1, H304 [1][2] EC: 200-659-6 ≤0.3 methanol Flam. Liq. 2, H225 Acute Tox. 3, H301 CAS: 67-56-1 Index: 603-001-00-X Acute Tox. 3, H311 Acute Tox. 3, H331 **STOT SE 1, H370** See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above.

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment, are PBTs or vPvBs or have been assigned a workplace exposure limit and hence require reporting in this section.

Type

- [1] Substance classified with a health or environmental hazard
- [2] Substance with a workplace exposure limit
- [3] Substance meets the criteria for PBT according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, Annex XIII
- [4] Substance meets the criteria for vPvB according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, Annex XIII
- [5] Substance of equivalent concern

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

Nota (s)

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1 Description of first aid measures

Date of issue/Date of revision

General : In all cases of doubt, or when symptoms persist, seek medical attention. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery

position and seek medical advice.

: Remove contact lenses, irrigate copiously with clean, fresh water, holding the Eye contact

eyelids apart for at least 10 minutes and seek immediate medical advice.

Inhalation : Remove to fresh air. Keep person warm and at rest. If not breathing, if breathing is

irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by

trained personnel.

: Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and Skin contact

water or use recognised skin cleanser. Do NOT use solvents or thinners.

Ingestion : If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show the container or label.

Keep person warm and at rest. Do NOT induce vomiting.

01/06/2017

Version: 3 3/16





SECTION 4: First aid measures

Protection of first-aiders

: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Potential acute health effects

Eye contact : Causes serious eye irritation. Inhalation : May cause respiratory irritation.

Skin contact : Causes skin irritation.

Ingestion : Irritating to mouth, throat and stomach.

Over-exposure signs/symptoms

: Adverse symptoms may include the following: Eye contact

> pain or irritation watering redness

Inhalation : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

respiratory tract irritation

coughing headache

drowsiness/fatigue dizziness/vertigo muscle weakness unconsciousness

Skin contact : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

> irritation redness

Ingestion : No specific data.

4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Notes to physician : Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large

quantities have been ingested or inhaled.

Specific treatments : No specific treatment.

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1 Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing

media

: Use dry chemical, CO2, water spray (fog) or foam.

Unsuitable extinguishing

media

: Do not use water jet.

5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Hazards from the substance or mixture : Flammable liquid and vapour. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. This material is harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.

Hazardous thermal decomposition products : Decomposition products may include the following materials:

carbon monoxide metal oxide/oxides

carbon dioxide

5.3 Advice for firefighters

Version: 3 4/16

Date of issue/Date of revision 01/06/2017 AkzoNobel



SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

Special protective actions for fire-fighters

: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.

Special protective equipment for fire-fighters : Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode. Clothing for fire-fighters (including helmets, protective boots and gloves) conforming to European standard EN 469 will provide a basic level of protection for chemical incidents.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel

: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilt material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapour or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.

For emergency responders: If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".

6.2 Environmental precautions

: Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities.

6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Small spill

: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

Large spill

: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach the release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with noncombustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilt product.

6.4 Reference to other sections

: See Section 1 for emergency contact information. See Section 8 for information on appropriate personal protective equipment. See Section 13 for additional waste treatment information.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Protective measures

: Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Do not breathe vapour or mist. Do not ingest. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Avoid release to the environment. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic

Version: 3 5/16



SECTION 7: Handling and storage

discharges. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.

Advice on general occupational hygiene

Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Vapours are heavier than air and may spread along floors. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabelled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

7.3 Specific end use(s)

Recommendations : Not available.

Industrial sector specific : Not available.

solutions

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. Information is provided based on typical anticipated uses of the product. Additional measures might be required for bulk handling or other uses that could significantly increase worker exposure or environmental releases.

8.1 Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

Product/ingredient name	Exposure limit values
xylene	EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 12/2011). Absorbed through skin. STEL: 441 mg/m³ 15 minutes. STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 220 mg/m³ 8 hours. TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrodesulfurized heavy	80/1107/EEC (Europe). TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 500 mg/m³ 8 hours.
ethylbenzene	EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 12/2011). Absorbed through skin. STEL: 552 mg/m³ 15 minutes. STEL: 125 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 441 mg/m³ 8 hours. TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.
toluene	EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 12/2011). Absorbed through skin. STEL: 384 mg/m³ 15 minutes. STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 191 mg/m³ 8 hours. TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.
methanol	EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 12/2011). Absorbed through skin. STEL: 333 mg/m³ 15 minutes. STEL: 250 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 266 mg/m³ 8 hours. TWA: 200 ppm 8 hours.

Date of issue/Date of revision : 01/06/2017

Version : 3 6/16



SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

procedures

Recommended monitoring: If this product contains ingredients with exposure limits, personal, workplace atmosphere or biological monitoring may be required to determine the effectiveness of the ventilation or other control measures and/or the necessity to use respiratory protective equipment. Reference should be made to monitoring standards, such as the following: European Standard EN 689 (Workplace atmospheres - Guidance for the assessment of exposure by inhalation to chemical agents for comparison with limit values and measurement strategy) European Standard EN 14042 (Workplace atmospheres - Guide for the application and use of procedures for the assessment of exposure to chemical and biological agents) European Standard EN 482 (Workplace atmospheres - General requirements for the performance of procedures for the measurement of chemical agents) Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required.

DNELs/DMELs

No DNELs/DMELs available.

PNECs

No PNECs available

8.2 Exposure controls

Appropriate engineering controls

: Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapour or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.

Individual protection measures

Hygiene measures

: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

Eye/face protection

: Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn. unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles.

Skin protection

Hand protection

: Use chemical resistant gloves classified under Standard EN 374: Protective gloves against chemicals and micro-organisms. Recommended: Viton® or Nitrile gloves. When prolonged or frequently repeated contact may occur, a glove with a protection class of 6 (breakthrough time greater than 480 minutes according to EN 374) is recommended. When only brief contact is expected, a glove with a protection class of 2 or higher (breakthrough time greater than 30 minutes according to EN 374) is recommended. The user must check that the final choice of type of glove selected for handling this product is the most appropriate and takes into account the particular conditions of use, as included in the user's risk assessment. NOTICE: The selection of a specific glove for a particular application and duration of use in a workplace should also take into account all relevant workplace factors such as, but not limited to: Other chemicals which may be handled, physical requirements (cut/puncture protection, dexterity, thermal protection), potential body reactions to glove materials, as well as the instructions/ specifications provided by the glove supplier. Barrier creams may help to protect the exposed areas of the skin but should not be applied once exposure has occurred.

7/16

Date of issue/Date of revision 01/06/2017 Version: 3



SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

Body protection

: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves. Refer to European Standard EN 1149 for further information on material and design requirements and test methods.

Other skin protection

: Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

Respiratory protection

: Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator.

Environmental exposure controls

: Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance

Physical state : Liquid. Colour : Metallic. Odour : Solvent. **Odour threshold** : Not available. pН : Not applicable. Melting point/freezing point : Not available.

Initial boiling point and

boiling range

: Lowest known value: 136.16°C (277.1°F) (xylene).

: Closed cup: 25°C Flash point : Not available. **Evaporation rate** Flammability (solid, gas) : Not available.

Upper/lower flammability or

explosive limits

: Greatest known range: Lower: 1.4% Upper: 7.6% (Naphtha (petroleum),

hydrodesulfurized heavy)

: Not available. Vapour pressure : Not available. Vapour density

Relative density

: Insoluble in the following materials: cold water. Solubility(ies)

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/ : Not available.

water

Auto-ignition temperature : Not available. : Not available. **Decomposition temperature**

Viscosity : Kinematic (room temperature): 357 mm²/s

: Not available. **Explosive properties** : Not available. Oxidising properties

9.2 Other information

Date of issue/Date of revision

No additional information.

01/06/2017

Version: 3 8/16



SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1 Reactivity : No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.

10.2 Chemical stability : The product is stable.

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.

10.4 Conditions to avoid : Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Do not pressurise, cut, weld,

braze, solder, drill, grind or expose containers to heat or sources of ignition.

: Reactive or incompatible with the following materials: 10.5 Incompatible materials

oxidizing materials

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products

should not be produced.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1 Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
xylene	LD50 Oral	Rat	4300 mg/kg	-
ethylbenzene	LC50 Inhalation Gas.	Rabbit	4000 ppm	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	17800 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	3500 mg/kg	-
toluene	LC50 Inhalation Vapour	Rat	>20 mg/l	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rat	>5000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	>5000 mg/kg	-

Conclusion/Summary : Not available.

Acute toxicity estimates

Route	ATE value
Dermal	57751.8 mg/kg 4956 mg/kg 39.88 mg/l

Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
ethylbenzene	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	500	-
				milligrams	
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 15	-
				milligrams	
toluene	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	0.5 minutes	-
				100	
				milligrams	
	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	870	-
				Micrograms	
	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 2	-
				milligrams	
	Skin - Mild irritant	Pig	-	24 hours 250	-
				microliters	
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	435	-
	[milligrams	
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 20	-
		D 11.11		milligrams	
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	500	-
	Fire Made at Switzer	D - 1-1-14		milligrams	
methanol	Eyes - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 100	-

Date of issue/Date of revision

01/06/2017

AkzoNobel Version: 3 9/16



SECTION 11: Toxicological information

Eyes - Moderate irritant Rabbit - 40 milligrams - 40 milligrams - 24 hours 20 milligrams

Conclusion/Summary

: Not available.

Sensitisation

Conclusion/Summary

: Not available.

Mutagenicity

Conclusion/Summary

: Not available.

Carcinogenicity

Conclusion/Summary

: Not available.

Reproductive toxicity

Conclusion/Summary: Not available.

Teratogenicity

Conclusion/Summary: Not available.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Product/ingredient name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
xylene	Category 3	Not applicable.	Respiratory tract irritation
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrodesulfurized heavy	Category 3	Not applicable.	Narcotic effects
ethylbenzene	Category 3	Not applicable.	Respiratory tract irritation
toluene methanol	Category 3 Category 1	Not applicable. Not determined	Narcotic effects Not determined

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Product/ingredient name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrodesulfurized heavy	Category 1	Inhalation	central nervous system (CNS)
ethylbenzene toluene	Category 2 Category 2	Not determined Not determined	hearing organs Not determined

Aspiration hazard

Product/ingredient name	Result
xylene Naphtha (petroleum), hydrodesulfurized heavy ethylbenzene toluene	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

Information on likely routes: Not available.

of exposure

Potential acute health effects

Eye contact : Causes serious eye irritation.Inhalation : May cause respiratory irritation.

Skin contact: Causes skin irritation.

Ingestion : Irritating to mouth, throat and stomach.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Eye contact: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

pain or irritation watering redness

Date of issue/Date of revision : 01/06/2017

Version : 3 10/16





SECTION 11: Toxicological information

Inhalation: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

respiratory tract irritation

coughing headache

drowsiness/fatigue dizziness/vertigo muscle weakness unconsciousness

Skin contact: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

irritation redness

Ingestion: No specific data.

Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

Short term exposure

Potential immediate

: Not available.

effects

Potential delayed effects : Not available.

Long term exposure

Potential immediate

: Not available.

effects

Potential delayed effects : Not available.

Potential chronic health effects

Not available.

Conclusion/Summary: Not available.

General: Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Carcinogenicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
 Mutagenicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
 Teratogenicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
 Developmental effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
 Fertility effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Other information : Not available.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1 Toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
xylene	Acute LC50 8500 μg/l Marine water	Crustaceans - Palaemonetes pugio	48 hours
	Acute LC50 13400 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas	96 hours
ethylbenzene	Acute EC50 3.6 mg/l Fresh water	Algae - Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata	96 hours
	Acute LC50 18.4 to 25.4 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna - Neonate	48 hours
	Acute LC50 5.1 to 5.7 mg/l Marine water	Fish - Menidia menidia	96 hours
toluene	Acute EC50 19.6 mg/l	Crustaceans - Daphnia Magna	48 hours
	Acute LC50 5.8 mg/l	Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss	96 hours
	Chronic NOEC 28 mg/l	Crustaceans - Daphnia Magna	-
	Chronic NOEC 5.44 mg/l	Fish - Pimpephales proelas	-
methanol	Acute EC50 16.912 mg/l Marine water	Algae - Ulva pertusa	96 hours
	Acute EC50 10000000 µg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	48 hours
	Acute LC50 2500000 µg/l Marine water	Crustaceans - Crangon crangon - Adult	48 hours
	Acute LC50 100 mg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas -	96 hours

Date of issue/Date of revision : 01/06/2017

Version : 3 11/16





SECTION 12: Ecological information

Juvenile (Fledgling, Hatchling, Weanling) Chronic NOEC 9.96 mg/l Marine water Algae - Ulva pertusa 96 hours

: Not available. Conclusion/Summary

12.2 Persistence and degradability

Conclusion/Summary : Not available.

Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life	Photolysis	Biodegradability
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrodesulfurized heavy	-	-	Not readily
ethylbenzene toluene	-	-	Readily Readily

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
xylene	3.12	8.1 to 25.9	low
Naphtha (petroleum),	-	10 to 2500	high
hydrodesulfurized heavy			
ethylbenzene	3.6	15	low
toluene	2.73	8.317637711	low
methanol	-0.77	<10	low

12.4 Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition

: Not available.

coefficient (Koc)

Mobility

: Not available.

12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

PBT : Not applicable. vPvB : Not applicable.

12.6 Other adverse effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

13.1 Waste treatment methods

Product

Methods of disposal : The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible.

Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation

and any regional local authority requirements.

Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully

compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction.

Hazardous waste : The classification of the product may meet the criteria for a hazardous waste.

European waste catalogue (EWC)

Code number	Waste designation
EWC 08 01 11*	waste paint and varnish containing organic solvents or other hazardous substances

Packaging

Date of issue/Date of revision

01/06/2017

Version: 3 12/16





SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

Methods of disposal

: Dispose of containers contaminated by the product in accordance with local or national legal provisions. This material and its container must be disposed of as hazardous waste. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

Special precautions

: This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapour from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

SECTION 14: Transport information

	ADR/RID	IMDG	IATA
14.1 UN number	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263
14.2 UN proper shipping name	PAINT	PAINT	PAINT
14.3 Transport hazard class(es)	3	3	3
14.4 Packing group	III	III	III
14.5 Environmental hazards	No.	No.	No.
Additional information	Special provisions 640 (E) Tunnel code (D/E)	-	The environmentally hazardous substance mark may appear if required by other transportation regulations.

IMDG Code Segregation

: Not applicable.

group

user

14.6 Special precautions for : Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in

the event of an accident or spillage.

14.7 Transport in bulk according to Annex II of Marpol and the IBC Code : Not available.

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture EU Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)

Annex XIV - List of substances subject to authorisation

Annex XIV

Date of issue/Date of revision

Substances of very high concern

None of the components are listed.

01/06/2017 Version: 3 13/16



SECTION 15: Regulatory information

Annex XVII - Restrictions : Not applicable.

on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles

Other EU regulations

Europe inventory : Not determined.

Special packaging requirements

Containers to be fitted with child-resistant

: Not applicable.

fastenings

Tactile warning of danger : Not applicable.

Product/ingredient name	Carcinogenic effects	Mutagenic effects	Developmental effects	Fertility effects
toluene	-	-	Repr. 2, H361d (Unborn child)	-

Ozone depleting substances (1005/2009/EU)

Not listed.

Prior Informed Consent (PIC) (649/2012/EU)

Not listed.

National regulations

References : Conforms to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH), Annex II and Regulation

(EC) No. 1272/2008 (CLP)

15.2 Chemical safety assessment

: No Chemical Safety Assessment has been carried out.

SECTION 16: Other information

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Abbreviations and

Date of issue/Date of revision

acronyms

: ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate

CLP = Classification, Labelling and Packaging Regulation [Regulation (EC) No.

1272/2008]

DMEL = Derived Minimal Effect Level DNEL = Derived No Effect Level

EUH statement = CLP-specific Hazard statement PBT = Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic PNEC = Predicted No Effect Concentration RRN = REACH Registration Number

vPvB = Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative

Procedure used to derive the classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]

Classification	Justification
Flam. Liq. 3, H226	On basis of test data
Skin Irrit. 2, H315	Calculation method
Eye Irrit. 2, H319	Calculation method
STOT SE 3, H335	Calculation method
STOT RE 1, H372	Calculation method
Aquatic Chronic 3, H412	Calculation method

01/06/2017

Version: 3 14/16



SECTION 16: Other information

Full text of abbreviated I	Н	
statements		

H225 H226 H301 Toxic if swallowed. H304 May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. Toxic in contact with skin. H311 H312 H315 Causes skin irritation. Causes serious eye irritation. H331 H332 H331 H332 H335 May cause respiratory irritation. May cause damage to organs H370 Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. H373 May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. H373 May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. H373 May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. H373 May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. H373 May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. H373 May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. H373 May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. H373 May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. H374 H375 May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. H375 May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. H376 H377 M377 M378 M378 M397 M397 M397 M397 M397 M397 M397 M397		
H301 H304 H304 May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. Toxic in contact with skin. H312 H315 H319 Causes skin irritation. H331 Toxic if inhaled. H332 H335 H336 H361d (Unborn child) H370 Causes damage to organs. H372 (central nervous system (CNS)) (inhalation) H372 Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. H373 (hearing organs) H373 Toxic if swallowed. May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. Toxic in contact with skin. Causes skin irritation. Causes serious eye irritation. May cause respiratory irritation. May cause drowsiness or dizziness. Suspected of damaging the unborn child. Causes damage to organs. Causes damage to organs. Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. (hearing organs) May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. H373 May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.	H225	Highly flammable liquid and vapour.
H304 H311 H312 H315 H315 Causes skin irritation. H319 H331 H332 H335 H336 H336 H361d (Unborn child) H370 Causes damage to organs. H372 (central nervous system (CNS)) (inhalation) H372 Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. H373 (hearing organs) H373 May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. Toxic in contact with skin. Harmful in contact with skin. Causes skin irritation. Causes serious eye irritation. May cause respiratory irritation. May cause drowsiness or dizziness. Suspected of damaging the unborn child. Causes damage to organs. Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. (CNS)) May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. (hearing organs) May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.	H226	
H311 H312 H315 H315 Causes skin irritation. Causes serious eye irritation. H331 H331 H332 H335 H336 H361d (Unborn child) H370 Causes damage to organs. Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. H373 (hearing organs) H373 H373 Toxic in contact with skin. Harmful in contact with skin. Causes skin irritation. May cause drowsines or dizziness. Suspected of damaging the unborn child. Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. (hearing organs) May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. H411 Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.	H301	Toxic if swallowed.
H312 Harmful in contact with skin. Causes skin irritation. Causes serious eye irritation. Toxic if inhaled. H331 Harmful if inhaled. H332 Harmful if inhaled. H335 May cause respiratory irritation. May cause drowsiness or dizziness. H361d (Unborn child) H370 Causes damage to organs. H372 (central nervous system (CNS)) (inhalation) H372 Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure if inhaled. (central nervous system (CNS)) Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. H373 (hearing organs) May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. (hearing organs) May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. (hearing organs) May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.	H304	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
H315 H319 Causes skin irritation. Causes serious eye irritation. Toxic if inhaled. H332 H335 H336 H361d (Unborn child) H370 Causes damage to organs. H372 (central nervous system (CNS)) (inhalation) H372 Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure if inhaled. (central nervous system (CNS)) H373 Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. H373 (hearing organs) May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. H373 May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. H411 Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.	H311	Toxic in contact with skin.
H319 H331 H332 H335 H336 H361d (Unborn child) H370 H372 (central nervous system (CNS)) (inhalation) H372 Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. H373 (hearing organs) H373 Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. H373 May cause drowsiness or dizziness. Suspected of damaging the unborn child. Causes damage to organs. Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. (CNS)) May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. (hearing organs) May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. (hearing organs) May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.	H312	Harmful in contact with skin.
H331 H332 H335 H336 H361d (Unborn child) H370 H372 (central nervous system (CNS)) (inhalation) H372 Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure if inhaled. (central nervous system (CNS)) (inhalation) H373 H373 H373 H373 Toxic if inhaled. Harmful if inhaled. Suspected of damaging the unborn child. Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Hall Harmful if inhaled. Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. (CNS)) Hard Harmful if inhaled. Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Hard Hard Harmful if inhaled. Hard Harmful if inhaled. Harmful if inhaled. Harmful if inhaled. Hard Harmful if inhaled. Harmful if inhaled. Harmful if inhaled. Hard Harmful if inhaled. Hard Harmful if inhaled. Hard Harmful if inhaled. Hard Hard Hard Hard Hard Hard Hard Hard	H315	Causes skin irritation.
H332 H335 H336 H361d (Unborn child) H370 H372 (central nervous system (CNS)) (inhalation) H372 Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure if inhaled. (central nervous system (CNS)) (CNS) H373 H373 Harmful if inhaled. May cause respiratory irritation. May cause drowsiness or dizziness. Suspected of damaging the unborn child. Causes damage to organs. Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. (hearing organs) May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. (hearing organs) May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.	H319	Causes serious eye irritation.
H335 H361d (Unborn child) H370 H372 (central nervous system (CNS)) (inhalation) H372 H373 (hearing organs) H373 H373 May cause respiratory irritation. May cause drowsiness or dizziness. Suspected of damaging the unborn child. Causes damage to organs. Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure if inhaled. (central nervous system (CNS)) Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. (hearing organs) May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. (hearing organs) Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.	H331	Toxic if inhaled.
H336 H361d (Unborn child) H370 Suspected of damaging the unborn child. Causes damage to organs. Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure if inhaled. (central nervous system (CNS)) (inhalation) H372 Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. H373 (hearing organs) May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. (hearing organs) May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. (hearing organs) Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.	H332	Harmful if inhaled.
H361d (Unborn child) H370 Causes damage to organs. Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure if inhaled. (central nervous system (CNS)) (inhalation) H372 Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. (hearing organs) May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. H373 Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.	H335	May cause respiratory irritation.
H370 H372 (central nervous system (CNS)) (inhalation) H372 Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure if inhaled. (central nervous system (CNS)) Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. H373 (hearing organs) H373 May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. (hearing organs) May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. (hearing organs) May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.	H336	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
H372 (central nervous system (CNS)) (inhalation) H372 Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure if inhaled. (central nervous system (CNS)) Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. H373 (hearing organs) May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. (hearing organs) May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. (hearing organs) May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.	H361d (Unborn child)	Suspected of damaging the unborn child.
system (CNS)) (inhalation) H372 Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. H373 (hearing organs) H373 May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. (hearing organs) May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. (hearing organs) May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. H411 Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.	H370	Causes damage to organs.
(inhalation) (CNS)) Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. H373 (hearing organs) May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. (hearing organs) May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. H411 Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.		
H372 Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. H373 (hearing organs) May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. (hearing organs) H373 May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. H411 Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.		
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H373 May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. H411 Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.	H373 (hearing organs)	
repeated exposure. H411 Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.		
H411 Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.	H373	
,		
H412 Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.		, ,
	H412	Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Full text of classifications [CLP/GHS]

H412		Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.	
	Acute Tox. 3, H301 Acute Tox. 3, H311 Acute Tox. 3, H331 Acute Tox. 4, H312 Acute Tox. 4, H332 Aquatic Chronic 2, H411 Aquatic Chronic 3, H412 Asp. Tox. 1, H304 EUH066 Eye Irrit. 2, H319	ACUTE TOXICITY (oral) - Category 3 ACUTE TOXICITY (dermal) - Category 3 ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation) - Category 3 ACUTE TOXICITY (dermal) - Category 4 ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation) - Category 4 LONG-TERM AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 2 LONG-TERM AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 3 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking. SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/ EYE IRRITATION - Category	
	Flam. Liq. 2, H225 Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Repr. 2, H361d (Unborn child)	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 2 FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3 TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION (Unborn child) - Category 2	
	Skin Irrit. 2, H315 STOT RE 1, H372 (central nervous system (CNS)) (inhalation) STOT RE 1, H372	SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) (central nervous system (CNS)) (inhalation) - Category 1 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 1	
	STOT RE 2, H373 (hearing organs) STOT RE 2, H373	SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) (hearing organs) - Category 2 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 2	
	STOT SE 1, H370	SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) - Category 1	
	STOT SE 3, H335	SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Respiratory tract irritation) - Category 3	
	STOT SE 3, H336	SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Narcotic effects) - Category 3	

Date of printing : 01/06/2017 Date of issue/ Date of : 01/06/2017

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Version : 3

Date of issue/Date of revision :

Version : 3 15/16

01/06/2017



SECTION 16: Other information

Notice to reader

IMPORTANT NOTE: the information contained in this data sheet (as may be amended from time to time) is not intended to be exhaustive and is presented in good faith and believed to be correct as of the date on which it is prepared. It is the user's responsibility to verify that this data sheet is current prior to using the product to which it relates.

Persons using the information must make their own determinations as to the suitability of the relevant product for their purposes prior to use. Where those purposes are other than as specifically recommended in this safety data sheet, then the user uses the product at their own risk.

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Version : 3 16/16