

SAFETY DATA SHEET

Intersmooth 360 SPC Black

Section 1. Identification

Intersmooth 360 SPC Black	: GHS product identifier
BEA361	: Product code
Professional application of coatings and inks Industrial application of coatings and inks	: Identified uses
<u>Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against</u>	
Not applicable.	
International Paint Ltd. Stoneygate Lane Felling Gateshead Tyne and Wear NE10 0JY UK Tel: +44 (0)191 469 6111 Fax: +44 (0)191 438 3711	: Supplier's details
+44 (0)191 469 6111 (24H)	: Emergency telephone number (with hours of operation)
+966 55 388 0087	: <u>National advisory body/ Poison Centre (For use only by licensed medical professionals.)</u>
sdsfellinguk@akzonobel.com	: e-mail address of person responsible for this SDS

Section 2. Hazards identification

FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 2 ACUTE TOXICITY (oral) - Category 4 SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2 SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/ EYE IRRITATION - Category 1 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Respiratory tract irritation) - Category 3 ACUTE AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 1 LONG-TERM AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 1	: Classification of the substance or mixture
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GHS label elements



Danger	: Signal word
Highly flammable liquid and vapour. Harmful if swallowed. Causes serious eye damage. Causes skin irritation. May cause respiratory irritation. Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.	: Hazard statements

Precautionary statements

Section 2. Hazards identification

Wear protective gloves. Wear eye or face protection. Keep away from heat, sparks, open flames and hot surfaces. - No smoking. Use explosion-proof electrical, ventilating, lighting and all material-handling equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Keep container tightly closed. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Avoid release to the environment. Avoid breathing vapour. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Wash hands thoroughly after handling. : **Prevention**

Collect spillage. IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Call a POISON CENTER or physician if you feel unwell. IF SWALLOWED: Call a POISON CENTER or physician if you feel unwell. Rinse mouth. IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water or shower. IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water. Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse. If skin irritation occurs: Get medical attention. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or physician. : **Response**

Store locked up. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool. : **Storage**

Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations. : **Disposal**

Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. : **Supplemental label elements**

None known. : **Other hazards which do not result in classification**

Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Mixture : **Substance/mixture**

Classification	CAS number	% by weight	Ingredient name
Acute Tox. 4, H302 Aquatic Acute 1, H400 Aquatic Chronic 1, H410	1317-39-1	>=35 - <50	dicopper oxide
Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Acute Tox. 4, H312 Acute Tox. 4, H332 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 STOT SE 3, H335 (Respiratory tract irritation)	1330-20-7	>=12.5 - <20	xylene
Asp. Tox. 1, H304 Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Acute Tox. 4, H302 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Dam. 1, H318 STOT SE 3, H335 and H336 (Respiratory tract irritation and Narcotic effects)	71-36-3	>=5 - <7	butan-1-ol
Flam. Liq. 2, H225 Acute Tox. 4, H332 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 STOT SE 3, H335 (Respiratory tract irritation) STOT RE 2, H373 (ears) (inhalation)	100-41-4	>=3 - <5	ethylbenzene
Asp. Tox. 1, H304 Flam. Liq. 2, H225 Acute Tox. 4, H332 Eye Irrit. 2, H319	108-10-1	>=3 - <5	4-methylpentan-2-one

Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

STOT SE 3, H335 (Respiratory tract irritation) Acute Tox. 4, H302 Acute Tox. 3, H331 Eye Dam. 1, H318 Aquatic Acute 1, H400	13463-41-7	>=3 - <5	pyrithione zinc
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There are no ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

Section 4. First-aid measures

Description of necessary first aid measures

Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician. : **Eye contact**

Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours. : **Inhalation**

Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Flush contaminated skin with plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse. : **Skin contact**

Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. : **Ingestion**

Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

Potential acute health effects

Causes serious eye damage. : **Eye contact**

May cause respiratory irritation. Exposure to decomposition products may cause a health hazard. Serious effects may be delayed following exposure. : **Inhalation**

Causes skin irritation. : **Skin contact**

Harmful if swallowed. Irritating to mouth, throat and stomach. : **Ingestion**

Over-exposure signs/symptoms

Section 4. First-aid measures

Adverse symptoms may include the following: : **Eye contact**
 pain
 watering
 redness

Adverse symptoms may include the following: : **Inhalation**
 respiratory tract irritation
 coughing
 headache
 drowsiness/fatigue
 dizziness/vertigo
 muscle weakness
 unconsciousness

Adverse symptoms may include the following: : **Skin contact**
 pain or irritation
 redness
 blistering may occur

Adverse symptoms may include the following: : **Ingestion**
 stomach pains

Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary

In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. : **Notes to physician**
 The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.

No specific treatment. : **Specific treatments**

No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it : **Protection of first-aiders**
 is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate
 mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person
 providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing
 thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

Extinguishing media

Use dry chemical, CO₂, water spray (fog) or foam. : **Suitable extinguishing media**

Do not use water jet. : **Unsuitable extinguishing media**

Highly flammable liquid and vapour. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will : **Specific hazards arising from the chemical**
 occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. Runoff
 to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. This material is very toxic to aquatic
 life with long lasting effects. Fire water contaminated with this material must be
 contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.

Decomposition products may include the following materials: : **Hazardous thermal decomposition products**
 carbon dioxide
 carbon monoxide
 nitrogen oxides
 sulfur oxides
 carbonyl halides
 metal oxide/oxides

Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if : **Special protective actions for fire-fighters**
 there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without
 suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk.
 Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.

Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

: **Special protective equipment for fire-fighters**

Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilt material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Do not breathe vapour or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.

: **For non-emergency personnel**

If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".

: **For emergency responders**

Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities. Collect spillage.

: **Environmental precautions**

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

: **Small spill**

Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach the release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilt product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

: **Large spill**

Section 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapour or mist. Do not ingest. Avoid release to the environment. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.

: **Protective measures**

Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

: **Advice on general occupational hygiene**

Section 7. Handling and storage

Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Vapours are heavier than air and may spread along floors. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabelled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

: **Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities**

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

Exposure limits	Ingredient name
ACGIH TLV (United States, 6/2013). STEL: 651 mg/m ³ 15 minutes. STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 434 mg/m ³ 8 hours. TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.	xylene
ACGIH TLV (United States, 6/2013). TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours.	butan-1-ol
ACGIH TLV (United States, 6/2013). TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours.	ethylbenzene
ACGIH TLV (United States, 6/2013). STEL: 75 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours.	4-methylpentan-2-one

Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapour or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.

: **Appropriate engineering controls**

Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

: **Environmental exposure controls**

Individual protection measures

Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

: **Hygiene measures**

Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles and/or face shield. If inhalation hazards exist, a full-face respirator may be required instead.

: **Eye/face protection**

Skin protection

Use chemical resistant gloves classified under Standard EN 374: Protective gloves against chemicals and micro-organisms. Recommended: Viton® or Nitrile gloves. When prolonged or frequently repeated contact may occur, a glove with a protection class of 6 (breakthrough time greater than 480 minutes according to EN 374) is recommended. When only brief contact is expected, a glove with a protection class of 2 or higher (breakthrough time greater than 30 minutes according to EN 374) is recommended. The user must check that the final choice of type of glove selected

: **Hand protection**

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

for handling this product is the most appropriate and takes into account the particular conditions of use, as included in the user's risk assessment. **NOTICE:** The selection of a specific glove for a particular application and duration of use in a workplace should also take into account all relevant workplace factors such as, but not limited to: Other chemicals which may be handled, physical requirements (cut/puncture protection, dexterity, thermal protection), potential body reactions to glove materials, as well as the instructions/specifications provided by the glove supplier. Barrier creams may help to protect the exposed areas of the skin but should not be applied once exposure has occurred.

Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves.

Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator.

: **Body protection**: **Other skin protection**: **Respiratory protection**

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

Appearance

Liquid.

Black.

Solvent.

Not available.

Not applicable.

Not available.

Lowest known value: 138.85°C (281.9°F) (xylene).

Closed cup: 22°C (71.6°F)

Not available.

Not available.

Greatest known range: Lower: 1.4% Upper: 11.3% (butan-1-ol)

Not available.

Not available.

1.56

Insoluble in the following materials: cold water.

Not available.

Not available.

Not available.

Kinematic (room temperature): 64 mm²/s (64 cSt): **Physical state**: **Colour**: **Odour**: **Odour threshold**: **pH**: **Melting point**: **Boiling point**: **Flash point**: **Evaporation rate**: **Flammability (solid, gas)**: **Lower and upper explosive (flammable) limits**: **Vapour pressure**: **Vapour density**: **Relative density**: **Solubility**: **Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water**: **Auto-ignition temperature**: **Decomposition temperature**: **Viscosity**

Section 10. Stability and reactivity

No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.

: **Reactivity**

The product is stable.

: **Chemical stability**

Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.

: **Possibility of hazardous reactions**

Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Do not pressurise, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind or expose containers to heat or sources of ignition. : **Conditions to avoid**

Reactive or incompatible with the following materials:
oxidizing materials : **Incompatible materials**

Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced. : **Hazardous decomposition products**

Section 11. Toxicological information

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

Exposure	Dose	Species	Result	Product/ingredient name
-	470 mg/kg	Rat	LD50 Oral	dicopper oxide xylene
4 hours	5000 ppm	Rat	LC50 Inhalation Gas.	
-	4300 mg/kg	Rat	LD50 Oral	butan-1-ol
4 hours	24 mg/l	Rat	LC50 Inhalation Vapour	
-	3400 mg/kg	Rabbit	LD50 Dermal	ethylbenzene
4 hours	790 mg/kg	Rat	LD50 Oral	
-	4000 ppm	Rabbit	LC50 Inhalation Gas.	4-methylpentan-2-one pyrithione zinc
4 hours	17800 mg/kg	Rabbit	LD50 Dermal	
-	3500 mg/kg	Rat	LD50 Oral	4-methylpentan-2-one pyrithione zinc
-	2080 mg/kg	Rat	LD50 Oral	
4 hours	140 mg/m ³	Rat	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists	
-	>2000 mg/kg	Rat	LD50 Dermal	
-	774 mg/kg	Rat	LD50 Oral	

Irritation/Corrosion

Observation	Exposure	Score	Species	Result	Product/ingredient name
-	87 milligrams	-	Rabbit	Eyes - Mild irritant	xylene
-	24 hours 5 milligrams	-	Rabbit	Eyes - Severe irritant	
-	8 hours 60 microliters	-	Rat	Skin - Mild irritant	butan-1-ol
-	24 hours 500 milligrams	-	Rabbit	Skin - Moderate irritant	
-	100 Percent	-	Rabbit	Skin - Moderate irritant	ethylbenzene
-	24 hours 2 milligrams	-	Rabbit	Eyes - Severe irritant	
-	0.005 Milliliters	-	Rabbit	Eyes - Severe irritant	4-methylpentan-2-one
-	24 hours 20 milligrams	-	Rabbit	Skin - Moderate irritant	
-	500 milligrams	-	Rabbit	Eyes - Severe irritant	4-methylpentan-2-one
-	24 hours 15 milligrams	-	Rabbit	Skin - Mild irritant	
-	24 hours 100 microliters	-	Rabbit	Eyes - Moderate irritant	4-methylpentan-2-one
-	40 milligrams	-	Rabbit	Eyes - Severe irritant	
-	24 hours 500 milligrams	-	Rabbit	Skin - Mild irritant	

Sensitisation

Not available.

Mutagenicity

Section 11. Toxicological information

Not available.

Carcinogenicity

Not available.

Reproductive toxicity

Not available.

Teratogenicity

Not available.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Target organs	Route of exposure	Category	Name
Respiratory tract irritation	Not applicable.	Category 3	xylene
Respiratory tract irritation and Narcotic effects	Not applicable.	Category 3	butan-1-ol
Respiratory tract irritation	Not applicable.	Category 3	ethylbenzene
Respiratory tract irritation	Not applicable.	Category 3	4-methylpentan-2-one

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Target organs	Route of exposure	Category	Name
ears	Inhalation	Category 2	ethylbenzene

Aspiration hazard

Result	Name
ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1	xylene
ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1	ethylbenzene

Not available.

: Information on the likely routes of exposure

Potential acute health effects

Causes serious eye damage.

: Eye contact

May cause respiratory irritation. Exposure to decomposition products may cause a health hazard. Serious effects may be delayed following exposure.

: Inhalation

Causes skin irritation.

: Skin contact

Harmful if swallowed. Irritating to mouth, throat and stomach.

: Ingestion

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Adverse symptoms may include the following:

: Eye contact

pain
watering
redness

Adverse symptoms may include the following:

: Inhalation

respiratory tract irritation
coughing
headache
drowsiness/fatigue
dizziness/vertigo
muscle weakness
unconsciousness

Section 11. Toxicological information

Adverse symptoms may include the following: : **Skin contact**
 pain or irritation
 redness
 blistering may occur

Adverse symptoms may include the following: : **Ingestion**
 stomach pains

Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure

Short term exposure

Not available. : **Potential immediate effects**
 Not available. : **Potential delayed effects**

Long term exposure

Not available. : **Potential immediate effects**
 Not available. : **Potential delayed effects**

Potential chronic health effects

Not available.
 No known significant effects or critical hazards. : **General**
 No known significant effects or critical hazards. : **Carcinogenicity**
 No known significant effects or critical hazards. : **Mutagenicity**
 No known significant effects or critical hazards. : **Teratogenicity**
 No known significant effects or critical hazards. : **Developmental effects**
 No known significant effects or critical hazards. : **Fertility effects**

Numerical measures of toxicity

Acute toxicity estimates

ATE value	Route
1008.2 mg/kg	Oral
5736.1 mg/kg	Dermal
26073.3 ppm	Inhalation (gases)
132.9 mg/l	Inhalation (vapours)
12.89 mg/l	Inhalation (dusts and mists)

Section 12. Ecological information

Toxicity

Exposure	Species	Result	Product/ingredient name
48 hours	Daphnia - Daphnia similis	Acute EC50 0.042 mg/l Fresh water	dicopper oxide
96 hours	Algae - Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata - Exponential growth phase	Acute IC50 0.71 mg/l Fresh water	
96 hours	Fish - Danio rerio	Acute LC50 0.075 mg/l Fresh water	butan-1-ol
96 hours	Algae - Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata - Exponential growth phase	Chronic IC10 0.009 mg/l Fresh water	
48 hours	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	Acute EC50 1983 to 2072 mg/l Fresh water	butan-1-ol
96 hours	Fish - Pimephales promelas - Juvenile (Fledgling, Hatchling, Weanling)	Acute LC50 1910 mg/l Fresh water	

Section 12. Ecological information

96 hours	Algae - Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata	Acute EC50 3.6 mg/l Fresh water	ethylbenzene
48 hours	Daphnia - Daphnia magna - Neonate	Acute LC50 18.4 to 25.4 mg/l Fresh water	
96 hours	Fish - Menidia menidia	Acute LC50 5.1 to 5.7 mg/l Marine water	
96 hours	Fish - Pimephales promelas - Juvenile (Fledgling, Hatchling, Weanling)	Acute LC50 537000 to 557000 µg/l Fresh water	4-methylpentan-2-one
21 days	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	Chronic NOEC 78 mg/l Fresh water	
48 hours	Daphnia - Daphnia magna - Nauplii	Acute EC50 61.998 µg/l Fresh water	pyrithione zinc
72 hours	Algae - Naviculla pelliculosa	Acute IC50 0.003 mg/l	
96 hours	Fish - Pimephales Promelas	Acute LC50 0.0026 mg/l	

Persistence and degradability

Biodegradability	Photolysis	Aquatic half-life	Product/ingredient name
Readily	-	-	ethylbenzene

Bioaccumulative potential

Potential	BCF	LogP _{ow}	Product/ingredient name
low	8.1 to 25.9	3.16	xylene
low	-	0.88	butan-1-ol
low	15	3.15	ethylbenzene
low	-	1.31	4-methylpentan-2-one
low	11	0.9	pyrithione zinc

Mobility in soil

Not available.

: Soil/water partition coefficient (K_{oc})

No known significant effects or critical hazards.





: Other adverse effects

Section 13. Disposal considerations

The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapor from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

: Disposal methods

Section 14. Transport information

IATA	IMDG	UN	
UN1263	UN1263	UN1263	UN number
PAINT	PAINT. Marine pollutant (dicopper oxide)	PAINT	UN proper shipping name
3 	3  	3 	Transport hazard class(es)
II	II	II	Packing group
No.	Yes.	No.	Environmental hazards
The environmentally hazardous substance mark may appear if required by other transportation regulations.	The marine pollutant mark is not required when transported in sizes of ≤5 L or ≤5 kg.	-	Additional information

Not applicable.

: IMDG Code Segregation group

Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

: Special precautions for user

Not available.

: Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code

Section 15. Regulatory information

No known specific national and/or regional regulations applicable to this product (including its ingredients).

: Safety, health and environmental regulations specific for the product

Section 16. Other information

Justification

Justification	Classification
On basis of test data Calculation method Calculation method Calculation method Calculation method Calculation method Calculation method	Flam. Liq. 2, H225 Acute Tox. 4, H302 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Dam. 1, H318 STOT SE 3, H335 (Respiratory tract irritation) Aquatic Acute 1, H400 Aquatic Chronic 1, H410

History

17/10/2014.

: Date of printing

17/10/2014.

: Date of issue/Date of revision

09/09/2014.

: Date of previous issue

1.01

: Version

Section 16. Other information

ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate

BCF = Bioconcentration Factor

GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals

IATA = International Air Transport Association

IBC = Intermediate Bulk Container

IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods

LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient

MARPOL 73/78 = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution)

UN = United Nations

Not available.

: Key to abbreviations

: References

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version. 

Notice to reader

IMPORTANT NOTE: the information contained in this data sheet (as may be amended from time to time) is not intended to be exhaustive and is presented in good faith and believed to be correct as of the date on which it is prepared. It is the user's responsibility to verify that this data sheet is current prior to using the product to which it relates.

Persons using the information must make their own determinations as to the suitability of the relevant product for their purposes prior to use. Where those purposes are other than as specifically recommended in this safety data sheet, then the user uses the product at their own risk.

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