Conforms to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH), Annex II, as amended by Regulation (EU) No. 2015/830. - United Kingdom (UK)

SAFETY DATA SHEET

Interthane 990SG Telemagenta Part A

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/ undertaking

1.1 Product identifier

Product name

: Interthane 990SG Telemagenta Part A

Product code

: PMV32K

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Identified uses	
Professional application of coatings and inks	
Uses advised against Reason	
All Other Uses	

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

International Farg AB Holmedalen 3 Aspereds Industriomrade SE-424 22 Angered Sweden

Tel: +46 (0) 31 928500 Fax: +46 (0) 31 928530

e-mail address of person : sdsfellinguk@akzonobel.com responsible for this SDS National contact

National contact

1.4 Emergency telephone number

National advisory body/Poison Centre (For use only by licensed medical professionals.)Telephone number: +44 (0)844 892 0111Supplier: +46 8 33 12 31

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Product definition : Mixture

Classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]

Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Aquatic Chronic 3, H412

The product is classified as hazardous according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 as amended.

See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above.

See Section 11 for more detailed information on health effects and symptoms.

2.2 Label elements

Hazard pictograms



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SECTION 2: Hazards identification

: Warning
: Flammable liquid and vapour. Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
: Wear protective gloves. Wear eye or face protection. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Avoid release to the environment.
: IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water or shower.
: Keep cool.
: Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.
: Contains Fatty acids, tall-oil, compds. with oleylamine and Fatty acids, C18-unsatd., trimers, compds. with oleylamine. May produce an allergic reaction.
Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate.
: Not applicable.

2.3 Other hazards	
Other hazards which do	: None known.
not result in classification	

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.2 Mixt	ures
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: Mixture

Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom.REACH #: 01-2119455851-35 EC: 265-199-0 CAS: 64742-95-6 Index: 649-356-00-4≥10 - ≤15Flam. Liq. 3, H226 STOT SE 3, H335 STOT SE 3, H336 Asp. Tox. 1, H304 Aquatic Chronic 2, H411 EUH066P2-methoxy- 1-methylethyl acetateREACH #: 01-2119475791-29 EC: 203-603-9 CAS: 108-65-6 Index: 607-195-00-7≤5Flam. Liq. 3, H226-xyleneREACH #: 01-2119488216-32 EC: 215-535-7 CAS: 1330-20-7 Index: 601-022-00-9≤1.5Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Acute Tox. 4, H312 Acute Tox. 4, H312 Acute Tox. 4, H315 Eye Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Irrit. 2, H316 Eye Irrit. 2, H316 Eye Irrit. 2, H315 Asp. Tox. 1, H304CFatty acids, C18-unsatd., trimers,CAS: 147900-93-4≤0.3Acute Tox. 4, H322 Acute Tox. 4, H312 Acute Tox. 4, H312 Asp. Tox. 1, H304-	Product/ingredient name	Identifiers	% by weight	<u>Classification</u> Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP]	Nota (s)	Туре
1-methylethyl acetate 01-2119475791-29 EC: 203-603-9 CAS: 108-65-6 Index: 607-195-00-7 xylene REACH #: 01-2119488216-32 EC: 215-535-7 CAS: 1330-20-7 Index: 601-022-00-9 Fatty acids, C18-unsatd., trimers, CAS: 147900-93-4 ≤0.3 Acute Tox. 4, H332 Skin Sens. 1, H317		01-2119455851-35 EC: 265-199-0 CAS: 64742-95-6	≥10 - ≤15	STOT SÈ 3, H335 STOT SE 3, H336 Asp. Tox. 1, H304 Aquatic Chronic 2, H411	P	[1] [2]
Acute Tox. 4, H312 01-2119488216-32 EC: 215-535-7 CAS: 1330-20-7 Index: 601-022-00-9 Fatty acids, CAS: 147900-93-4 ≤0.3 Acute Tox. 4, H332 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 STOT SE 3, H335 Asp. Tox. 1, H304 C18-unsatd., trimers,		01-2119475791-29 EC: 203-603-9 CAS: 108-65-6	≤5	Flam. Liq. 3, H226	-	[2]
C18-unsatd., trimers, Skin Sens. 1, H317	5	01-2119488216-32 EC: 215-535-7 CAS: 1330-20-7	≤1.5	Acute Tox. 4, H312 Acute Tox. 4, H332 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 STOT SE 3, H335	С	[1] [2]
compds. with STOT RE 1, H372	218-unsatd., trimers,	CAS: 147900-93-4	≤0.3		-	[1]

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

oleylamine			Aquatic Chronic 2, H411		
Fatty acids, tall-oil, compds. with oleylamine	EC: 288-315-1 CAS: 85711-55-3	≤0.3	Eye Dam. 1, H318 Skin Sens. 1, H317 STOT RE 2, H373	-	[1]
			See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above.		

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There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment, are PBTs or vPvBs or have been assigned a workplace exposure limit and hence require reporting in this section.

Туре

[1] Substance classified with a health or environmental hazard

[2] Substance with a workplace exposure limit

[3] Substance meets the criteria for PBT according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, Annex XIII

[4] Substance meets the criteria for vPvB according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, Annex XIII

[5] Substance of equivalent concern

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

	Nota (s)
SECTION 4: F	st aid measures
4.1 Description of f	st aid measures
General	: In all cases of doubt, or when symptoms persist, seek medical attention. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious place in recovery

	position and seek medical advice.
Eye contact	 Remove contact lenses, irrigate copiously with clean, fresh water, holding the eyelids apart for at least 10 minutes and seek immediate medical advice.
Inhalation	: Remove to fresh air. Keep person warm and at rest. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel.
Skin contact	 Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognised skin cleanser. Do NOT use solvents or thinners.
Ingestion	 If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show the container or label. Keep person warm and at rest. Do NOT induce vomiting.
Protection of first-aiders	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Potential acute health effect	<u>ts</u>
Eye contact	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Inhalation	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Skin contact	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Ingestion	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Over-exposure signs/sympt	oms
Eye contact	: No specific data.
Inhalation	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: headache drowsiness/fatigue dizziness/vertigo muscle weakness unconsciousness
Skin contact	: No specific data.
Ingestion	: No specific data.

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SECTION 4: First aid measures		
4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed		
Notes to physician	 Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled. 	
Specific treatments	: No specific treatment.	
SECTION 5: Firefigh	ting measures	
5.1 Extinguishing media		
Suitable extinguishing media	: Use dry chemical, CO ₂ , water spray (fog) or foam.	
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: Do not use water jet.	
5.2 Special hazards arising f	rom the substance or mixture	
Hazards from the substance or mixture	: Flammable liquid and vapour. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. This material is harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.	
Hazardous thermal decomposition products	: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide carbon monoxide metal oxide/oxides	
5.3 Advice for firefighters		
Special protective actions for fire-fighters	: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.	
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode. Clothing for fire-fighters (including helmets, protective boots and gloves) conforming to European standard EN 469 will provide a basic level of protection for chemical incidents.	

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures For non-emergency . No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training

personnel	 No action shall be taken involving any personal risk of without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilt material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapour or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.
For emergency responders	: If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".
6.2 Environmental precautions	: Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities.
6.3 Methods and material for	containment and cleaning up
Small spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an

appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal

Contractor.Date of issue/Date of revision: 31/05/2017



SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

Large spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach the release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilt product.
6.4 Reference to other sections	: See Section 1 for emergency contact information. See Section 8 for information on appropriate personal protective equipment. See Section 13 for additional waste treatment information.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Protective measures	: Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Do not ingest. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Avoid breathing vapour or mist. Avoid release to the environment. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.
Advice on general occupational hygiene	: Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Eliminate all ignition sources. Vapours are heavier than air and may spread along floors. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabelled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

7.3 Specific end use(s) Recommendations

: Not available.

Industrial sector specific : Not available. solutions

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. Information is provided based on typical anticipated uses of the product. Additional measures might be required for bulk handling or other uses that could significantly increase worker exposure or environmental releases.

8.1 Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

Solvent naphtha (petroleum), I	light grom				
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom.		European Hydrocarbon Solvent Suppliers (CEFIC-HSPA) methodology (Europe). TWA: 100 mg/m³ 8 hours.			
		EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 12/2011). Absorbed through skin. STEL: 548 mg/m ³ 15 minutes. STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 274 mg/m ³ 8 hours. TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.			
xylene		EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 12/2011). Absorbed through skin. STEL: 441 mg/m ³ 15 minutes. STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 220 mg/m ³ 8 hours. TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.			
Recommended monitoring procedures	atmosphere or of the ventilatio protective equip the following: E the assessmen limit values and atmospheres - of exposure to o (Workplace atm for the measure	ontains ingredients with exposure limits, personal, workplace biological monitoring may be required to determine the effectiveness n or other control measures and/or the necessity to use respiratory oment. Reference should be made to monitoring standards, such as European Standard EN 689 (Workplace atmospheres - Guidance for t of exposure by inhalation to chemical agents for comparison with I measurement strategy) European Standard EN 14042 (Workplace Guide for the application and use of procedures for the assessment chemical and biological agents) European Standard EN 482 nospheres - General requirements for the performance of procedures ement of chemical agents) Reference to national guidance methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be			
DNELs/DMELs	required.				
No DNELs/DMELs available.					
PNECs No PNECs available					
3.2 Exposure controls					
Appropriate engineering controls	ventilation or o contaminants t controls also n	adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ther engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering eed to keep gas, vapour or dust concentrations below any lower s. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.			
Individual protection measur	es				
Hygiene measures	before eating, Appropriate teo Wash contami	Vash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, efore eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. oppropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing Vash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and afety showers are close to the workstation location.			
Eye/face protection	assessment in gases or dusts	ewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk ent indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, e assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: safety glasses with			
	side-shields.				

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SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

Hand protection	Use chemical resistant gloves classified under Standard EN 374: Protective glove against chemicals and micro-organisms. Recommended: Viton® or Nitrile gloves. When prolonged or frequently repeated contact may occur, a glove with a protection class of 6 (breakthrough time greater than 480 minutes according to EN 374) is recommended. When only brief contact is expected, a glove with a protection class of 2 or higher (breakthrough time greater than 30 minutes according to EN 374) is recommended. The user must check that the final choice of type of glove selected for handling this product is the most appropriate and take into account the particular conditions of use, as included in the user's risk assessment. NOTICE: The selection of a specific glove for a particular application and duration of use in a workplace should also take into account all relevant workplace factors such as, but not limited to: Other chemicals which may be handled, physical requirements (cut/puncture protection, dexterity, thermal protection), potential body reactions to glove materials, as well as the instructions/ specifications provided by the glove supplier. Barrier creams may help to protect the exposed areas of the skin but should not be applied once exposure has occurred.	a N ees n
Body protection	Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves. Refer to European Standard EN 1149 for further information on material and design requirements and test methods.	΄,
Other skin protection	Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.	
Respiratory protection	Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the produ and the safe working limits of the selected respirator.	
Environmental exposure controls	Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.	

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1 Information on basic physic	al and chemical properties
<u>Appearance</u>	
Physical state	: Liquid.
Colour	: Red.
Odour	: Solvent.
Odour threshold	: Not available.
рН	: Not applicable.
Melting point/freezing point	: Not available.
Initial boiling point and boiling range	 Lowest known value: 140 to 200°C (284 to 392°F)(Solvent naphtha (petroleum) light arom.).
Flash point	: Closed cup: 34°C
Evaporation rate	: Not available.
Flammability (solid, gas)	: Not available.
Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits	: Greatest known range: Lower: 1.4% Upper: 7.6% (Solvent naphtha (petroleum light arom.)
Vapour pressure	: Not available.
Vapour density	: Not available.
Relative density	: 1.43
Solubility(ies)	: Not available.

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SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/ water	:	Not available.
Auto-ignition temperature	:	Not available.
Decomposition temperature	:	Not available.
Viscosity	:	Kinematic (room temperature): 1056 mm ² /s
Explosive properties	:	Not available.
Oxidising properties	:	Not available.

9.2 Other information

No additional information.

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1 Reactivity	: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredien	ts.
10.2 Chemical stability	: The product is stable.	
10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.	
10.4 Conditions to avoid	: Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Do not pressurise, cut, we braze, solder, drill, grind or expose containers to heat or sources of ignition.	∍ld,
10.5 Incompatible materials	: Reactive or incompatible with the following materials: oxidizing materials	
10.6 Hazardous decomposition products	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.	

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1 Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom.	LD50 Oral	Rat	8400 mg/kg	-
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	5000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	8532 mg/kg	-
xylene	LD50 Oral	Rat	4300 mg/kg	-

Conclusion/Summary : Not available.

Acute toxicity estimates

Route	ATE value	
Dermal	68750 mg/kg	
Inhalation (vapours)	687.5 mg/l	

Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom.	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 100 microliters	-
Conclusion/Summary	: Not available.			·	
Sensitisation					
Conclusion/Summary	: Not available.				
Mutagenicity					

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SECTION 11: Toxicological information

Conclusion/Summary	:	Not available.
Carcinogenicity		
Conclusion/Summary	:	Not available.
Reproductive toxicity		
Conclusion/Summary	:	Not available.
Teratogenicity		
Conclusion/Summary	:	Not available.
Specific target organ toxici	tv / (

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Product/ingredient name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom.	Category 3	Not applicable.	Respiratory tract irritation and Narcotic effects
xylene	Category 3	Not applicable.	Respiratory tract irritation

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Product/ingredient name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
Fatty acids, C18-unsatd., trimers, compds. with oleylamine Fatty acids, tall-oil, compds. with oleylamine	• •		Not determined Not determined

Aspiration hazard

Product/ingredient name	Result
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom.	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
xylene	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

Information on likely routes : Not available.

of exposure

Potential acute health effects

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Eye contact	: No specific data.
Inhalation	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: headache drowsiness/fatigue dizziness/vertigo muscle weakness unconsciousness
Skin contact	: No specific data.
Ingestion	: No specific data.

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Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

<u>Short term exposure</u>	
Potential immediate effects	: Not available.
Potential delayed effects Long term exposure	: Not available.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

Potential immediate effects	: Not available.
Potential delayed effects	: Not available.
Potential chronic health eff	<u>ects</u>
Not available.	
Conclusion/Summary	: Not available.
General	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Carcinogenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Mutagenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Teratogenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Developmental effects	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Fertility effects	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Other information

: Not available.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1 Toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom.	Acute EC50 6.14 mg/m ³	Daphnia	48 hours
0	Acute LC50 9.22 mg/m ³	Fish - Mykiss	96 hours
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	Acute LC50 134 mg/l Fresh water	Fish	96 hours
xylene	Acute LC50 8500 µg/l Marine water	Crustaceans - Palaemonetes pugio	48 hours
	Acute LC50 13400 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas	96 hours

Conclusion/Summary

: Not available.

12.2 Persistence and degradability

Conclusion/Summary : Not available.

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	1.2	-	low
xylene	3.12	8.1 to 25.9	low

12.4 Mobility in soil	
Soil/water partition coefficient (Koc)	: Not available.
Mobility	: Not available.

12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

- PBT: Not applicable.vPvB: Not applicable.
- **12.6 Other adverse effects** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

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10/14



X.International.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

13.1 Waste treatment methods

<u>Product</u>	
Methods of disposal	 The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction.
Hazardous waste	: The classification of the product may meet the criteria for a hazardous waste.

European waste catalogue (EWC)

Code number Waste designation	
EWC 08 01 11*	waste paint and varnish containing organic solvents or other hazardous substances
Packaging	•
Methods of disposal	 Dispose of containers contaminated by the product in accordance with local or national legal provisions. This material and its container must be disposed of as hazardous waste. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.
Special precautions	This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapour from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

SECTION 14: Transport information

	ADR/RID	IMDG	IATA
14.1 UN number	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263
14.2 UN proper shipping name	PAINT	PAINT	PAINT
14.3 Transport 3 hazard class(es) 3		3	3
14.4 Packing group			111
14.5 Environmental hazards	No.	No.	No.
Additional informationSpecial provisions 640 (E)Tunnel code (D/E)		-	-

IMDG Code Segregation : group

SECTION 14: Transport information

14.6 Special precautions for	:	Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are
user		upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in
		the event of an accident or spillage.

14.7 Transport in bulk	:	Not available.
according to Annex II of		
Marpol and the IBC Code		

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

EU Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)

Annex XIV - List of substan	nces subject to authorisation
<u>Annex XIV</u>	
Substances of very high	<u>concern</u>
None of the components a	e listed.
Annex XVII - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles	: Not applicable.
Other EU regulations	
Europe inventory	: Not determined.
Special packaging requirem	<u>ients</u>
Containers to be fitted with child-resistant fastenings	: Not applicable.
Tactile warning of danger	: Not applicable.
Ozone depleting substanc	<u>es (1005/2009/EU)</u>
Not listed.	
Prior Informed Consent (P Not listed.	<u>IC) (649/2012/EU)</u>
National regulations	
References	: Conforms to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH), Annex II and Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 (CLP)
15.2 Chemical safety assessment	: No Chemical Safety Assessment has been carried out.
SECTION 16: Other i	nformation
Indicates information that h	as changed from previously issued version.

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Abbreviations and	: ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate
acronyms	CLP = Classification, Labelling and Packaging Regulation [Regulation (EC) No.
	1272/2008] DMEL = Derived Minimal Effect Level
	DMEL = Derived Minimal Effect Level
	DNEL = Derived No Effect Level
	EUH statement = CLP-specific Hazard statement
	PBT = Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic
	PNEC = Predicted No Effect Concentration
	RRN = REACH Registration Number
	vPvB = Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative

Procedure used to derive the classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]



SECTION 16: Other information

X.International.

Classi	tion Justification
Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Aquatic Chronic 3, H412	On basis of test data Calculation method
Full text of abbreviated H statements	H226Flammable liquid and vapour.H304May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.H312Harmful in contact with skin.H315Causes skin irritation.H317May cause an allergic skin reaction.H318Causes serious eye damage.H319Causes serious eye irritation.H332Harmful if inhaled.H336May cause drowsiness or dizziness.H372Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.H373May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.H411Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.H412Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
Full text of classifications [CLP/GHS]	Acute Tox. 4, H312ACUTE TOXICITY (dermal) - Category 4Acute Tox. 4, H332ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation) - Category 4Aquatic Chronic 2, H411LONG-TERM AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 2Aquatic Chronic 3, H412LONG-TERM AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 3Asp. Tox. 1, H304Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.Eye Dam. 1, H318SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/ EYE IRRITATION - Category 1Eye Irrit. 2, H319SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/ EYE IRRITATION - Category 2Flam. Liq. 3, H226FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3Skin Irrit. 2, H315SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2Stort RE 1, H372SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATEDEXPOSURE) - Category 1STOT RE 2, H373STOT SE 3, H335SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLESTOT SE 3, H336SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLEEXPOSURE) (Narcotic effects) - Category 3
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Version	3

Notice to reader

IMPORTANT NOTE: the information contained in this data sheet (as may be amended from time to time) is not intended to be exhaustive and is presented in good faith and believed to be correct as of the date on which it is prepared. It is the user's responsibility to verify that this data sheet is current prior to using the product to which it relates.

Persons using the information must make their own determinations as to the suitability of the relevant product for their purposes prior to use. Where those purposes are other than as specifically recommended in this safety data sheet, then the user uses the product at their own risk.

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SECTION 16: Other information

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